

bins calculates scattering states for a specified core and valence particle system moving a chosen potential. The program then forms a continuum bin by integration over a specified energy range using a choice of one of the two available weight functions. The bin wave function is output in two formats, as was done in bound, (bin.xxx with (r,u(r)) and bind.xxx with u(r)/r) together with the phase shift over the range of the bin energies (to phases.xxx).

data input looks like:

```
-----  
xxx  
10.0    1.0  
2  0.0  2.0  
40.     0.0  
1.25    0.7  
1001    0.1  
1.0  2.0  60  
1  
-----
```

Inputs are: (the valence particle is assumed neutral)

```
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* trailer for files with bin wave function (bin.xxx and  
  bind.xxx) and for phases file (phases.xxx)  
* core and fragment masses  
* orbital, spin and total angular momenta  
* Woods-Saxon potential depths (cent and ls)  
* Woods-Saxon potential radius and diffuseness  
* number of radial integration steps and step length  
* minimum and maximum relative energy and # k points  
* weight function g(k) in bin state construction  
    1 = unity          2 = sin(delta)  
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```