Absolute E3 and M2 transition probabilities for electromagnetic decay $K^{\pi}=8$ isometic state in ^{132}Ce

Research group:

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Collaboration:

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- 4) Nuclear Physics Division, IEP, University of Warsaw, Poland
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Motivation

The problem of the K selection rule violation for electromagnetic transitions in nuclei is not yet well understood.

Measurement of absolute values of the transition probability which deexcite an isomeric state can help to clarify the underlying mechanism.

The nuclei from the mass area around A=130, exhibiting large triaxiality (γ around $20^{\circ} \div 30^{\circ}$), constitute an excellent testing ground to study this phenomenon.

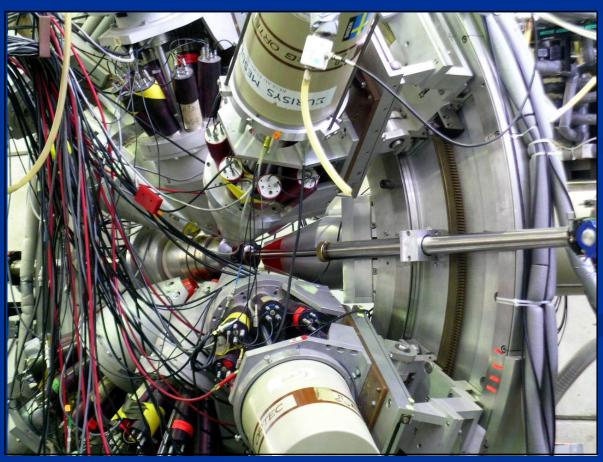
The $I^{\pi} = K^{\pi} = 8$ isomeric state in the even-even ¹³²Ce nucleus (N=74) has be studied.

The experimental set-up

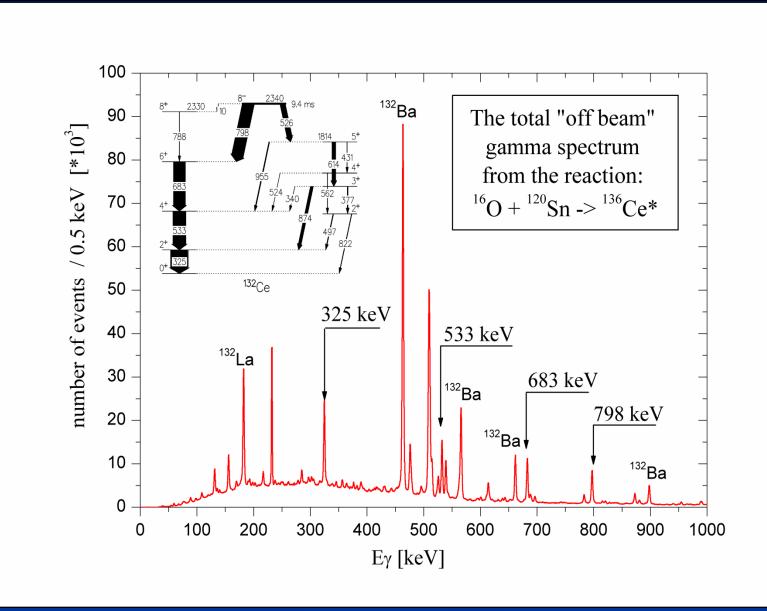
Simultaneous coincidence measurement of $\gamma-\gamma$ and $\gamma-e$ allow determining internal conversion coefficients and, in consequence, transition multipolarities.



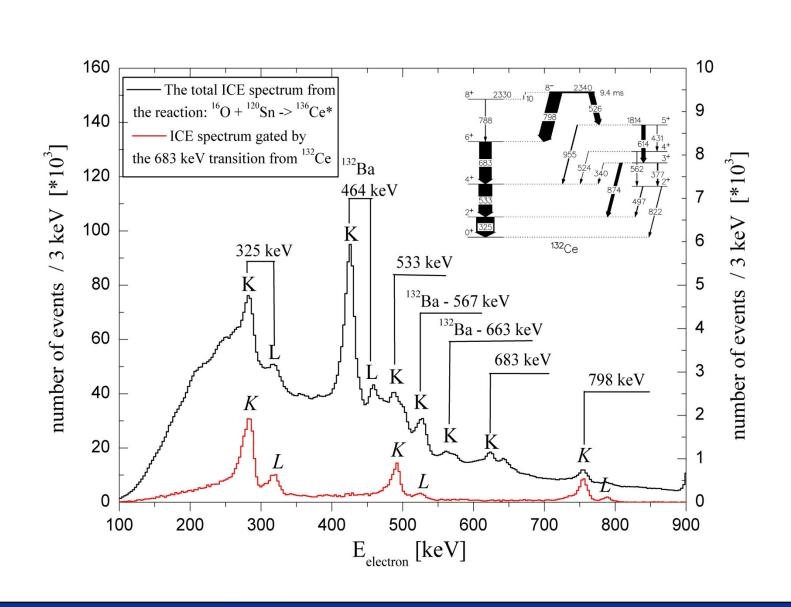




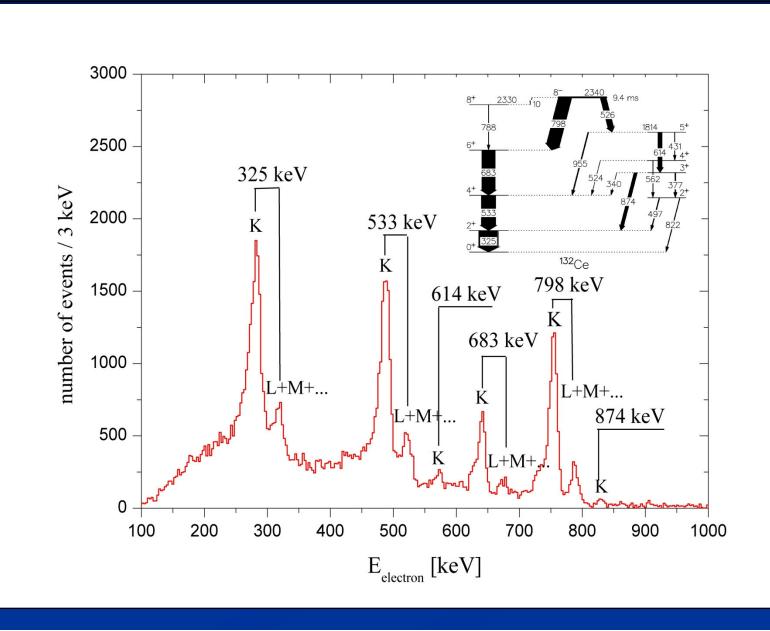
Observed spectra



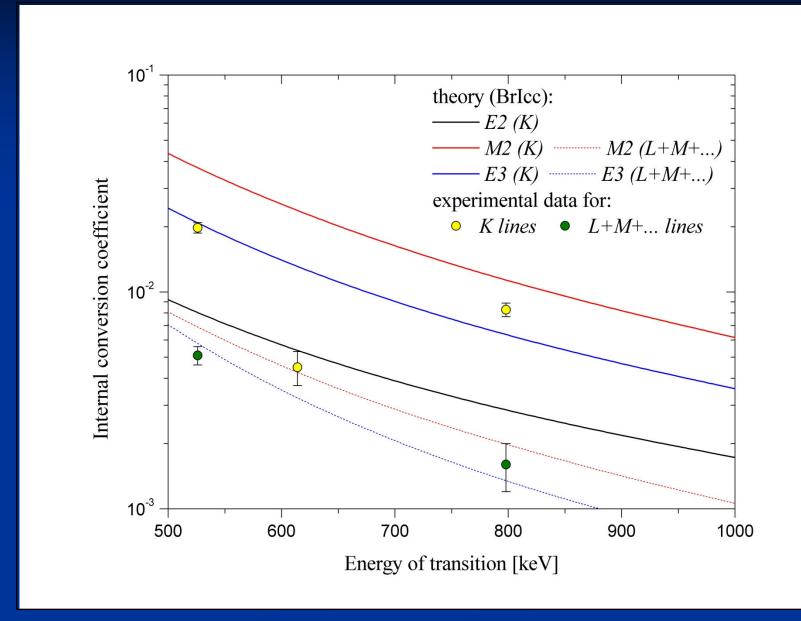
Observed spectra



Observed spectra

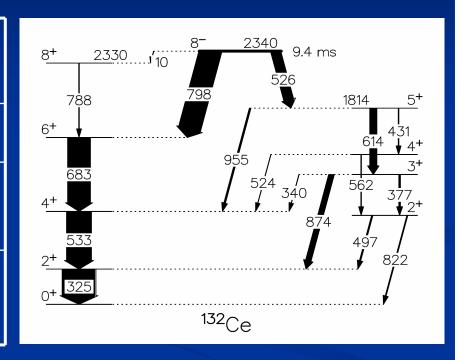


Results of the measurement for ¹³²Ce



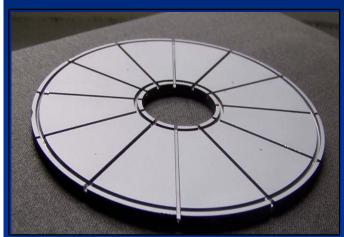
Results of the measurement for ¹³²Ce

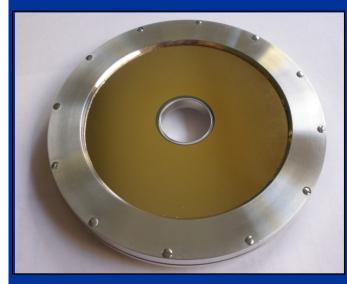
transition energy [keV]	526	798
intensity ${ m I}_{\gamma}$	30	68
multipolarity - λ	E3	65(9) % E3 35(9) % M2
reduced hindrance factor f _v	6.7(3)	5.2(2) – E3 14.9(7) – M2

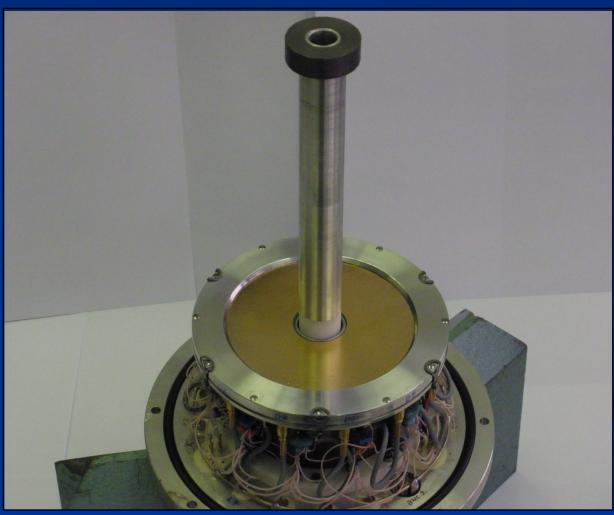


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Upgrading the internal conversion electron spectrometer





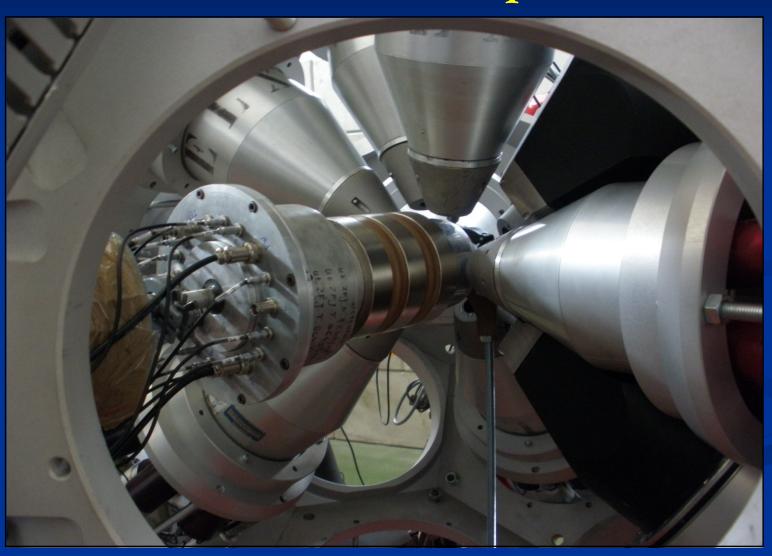


The unique experimental set-up the EAGLE + the ICE spectrometer



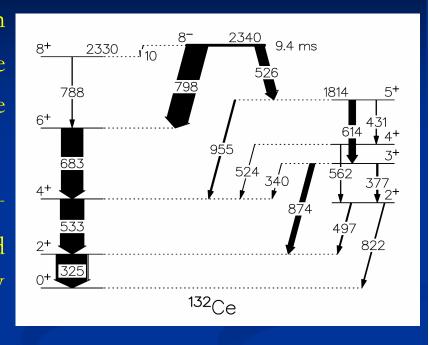
The EAGLE collaboration will receive 20 HPGe ACS from Gammapool (2011-2013).

The unique experimental set-up the EAGLE + the ICE spectrometer



Summary

- Absolute B(E3) and B(M2) transition probabilities for the γ -rays depopulating the $I^{\pi}=K^{\pi}=8^{-}$ isomeric state in 132 Ce were determined;
- Assignment of 5⁺ for level 1814 keV and 8⁻ for the $I^{\pi}=K^{\pi}=8^{-}$ isomeric state were confirmed by the pure E3 character of the 526 keV transition and E2 of the 614 keV;
- Our results can be helpful for the verification of various model predictions concerning the K-composition of the wave functions of the studied states.



Welcome to cooperate with us in study $I^{\pi} = K^{\pi} = 8^{-}$ isomers in nuclei for N=74!!

Thank you for your attention!