

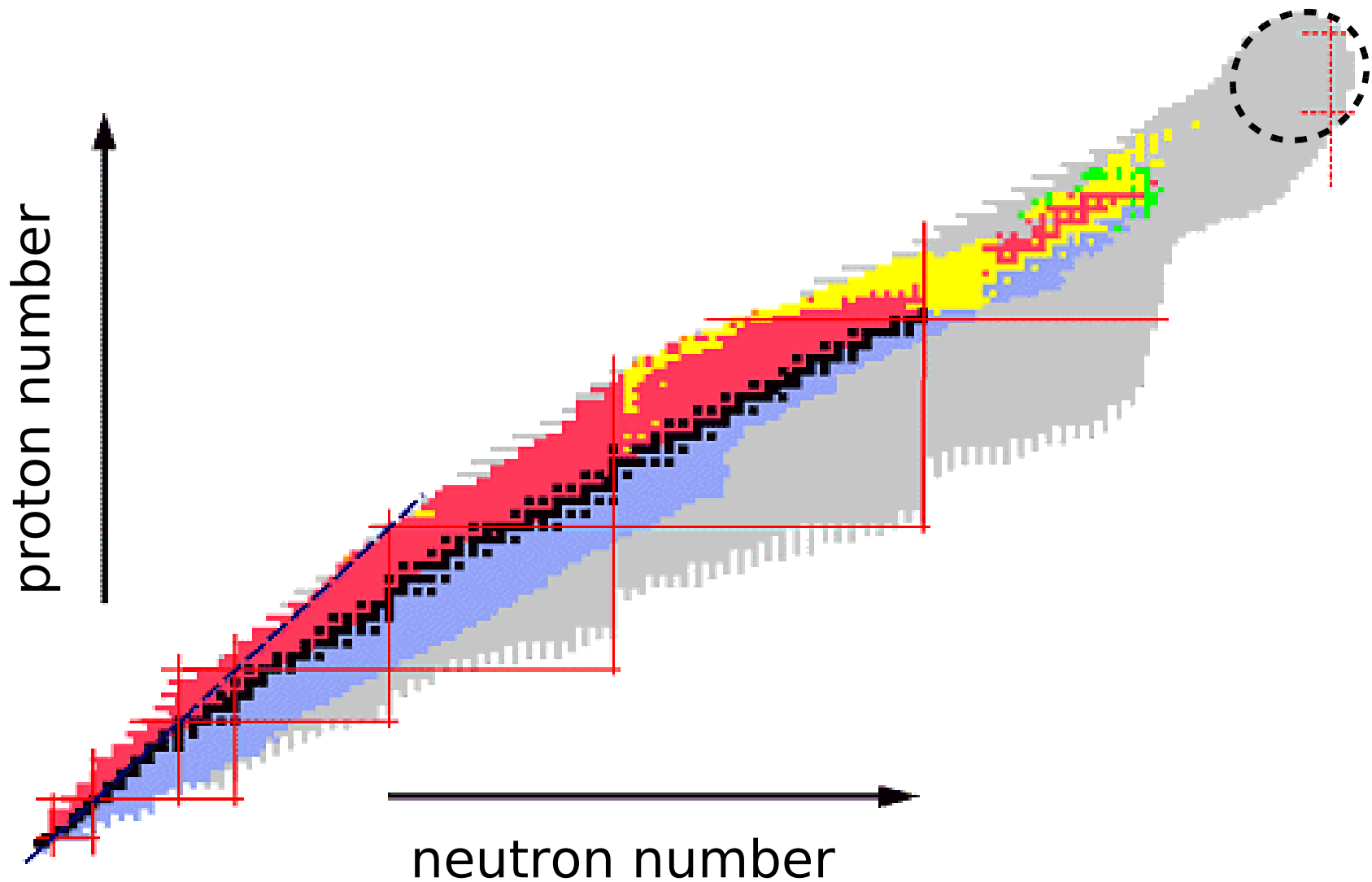
Structure Assignment Methods for K-isomers in $N=150$ Nuclei

Edward Parr



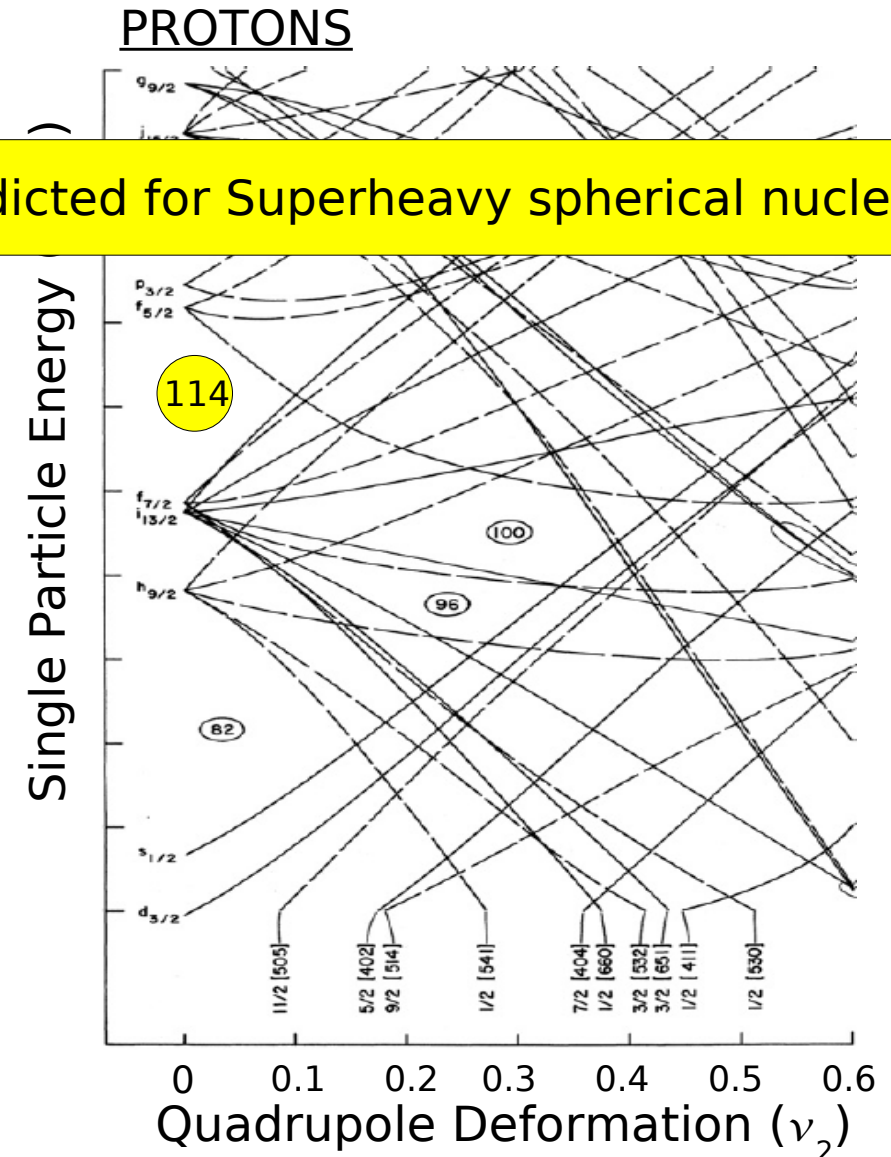
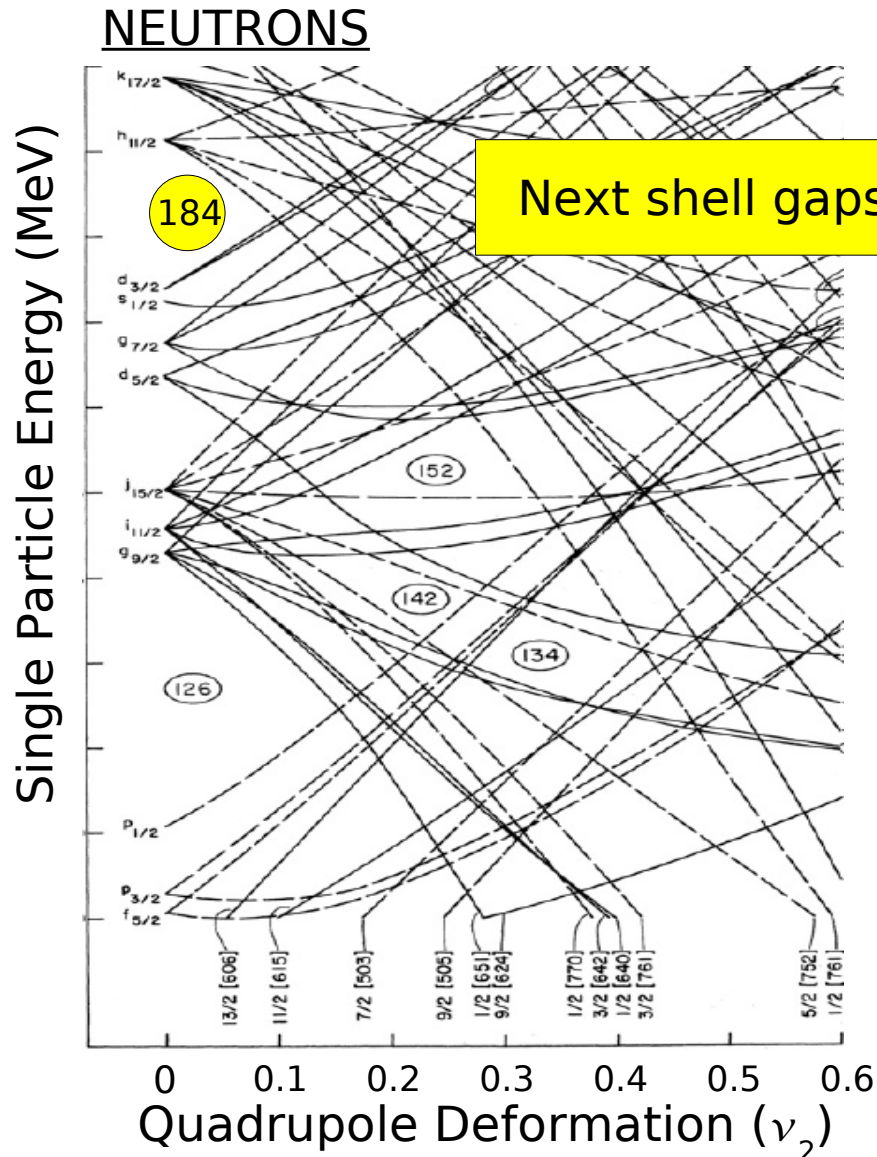
UNIVERSITY OF
LIVERPOOL

Motivation in Superheavies



- Island of increased stability has long been predicted on nuclear landscape

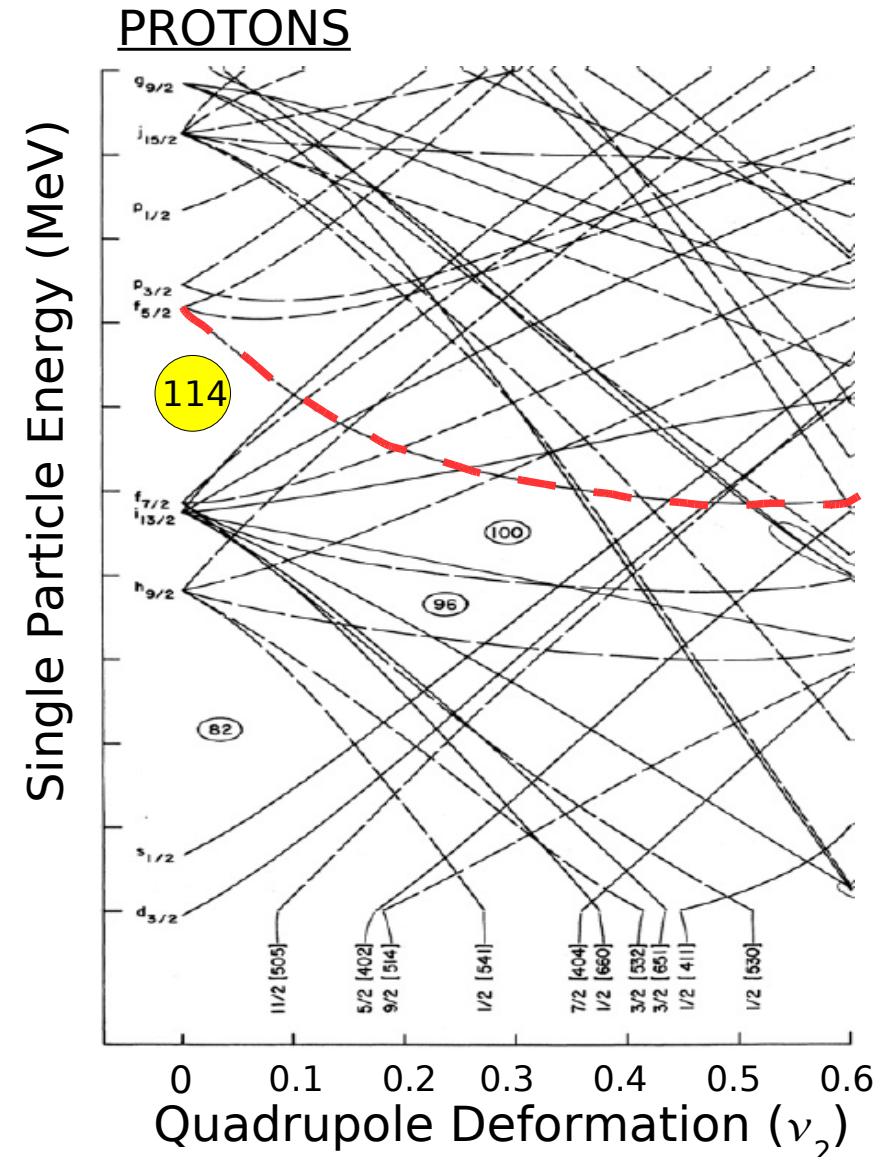
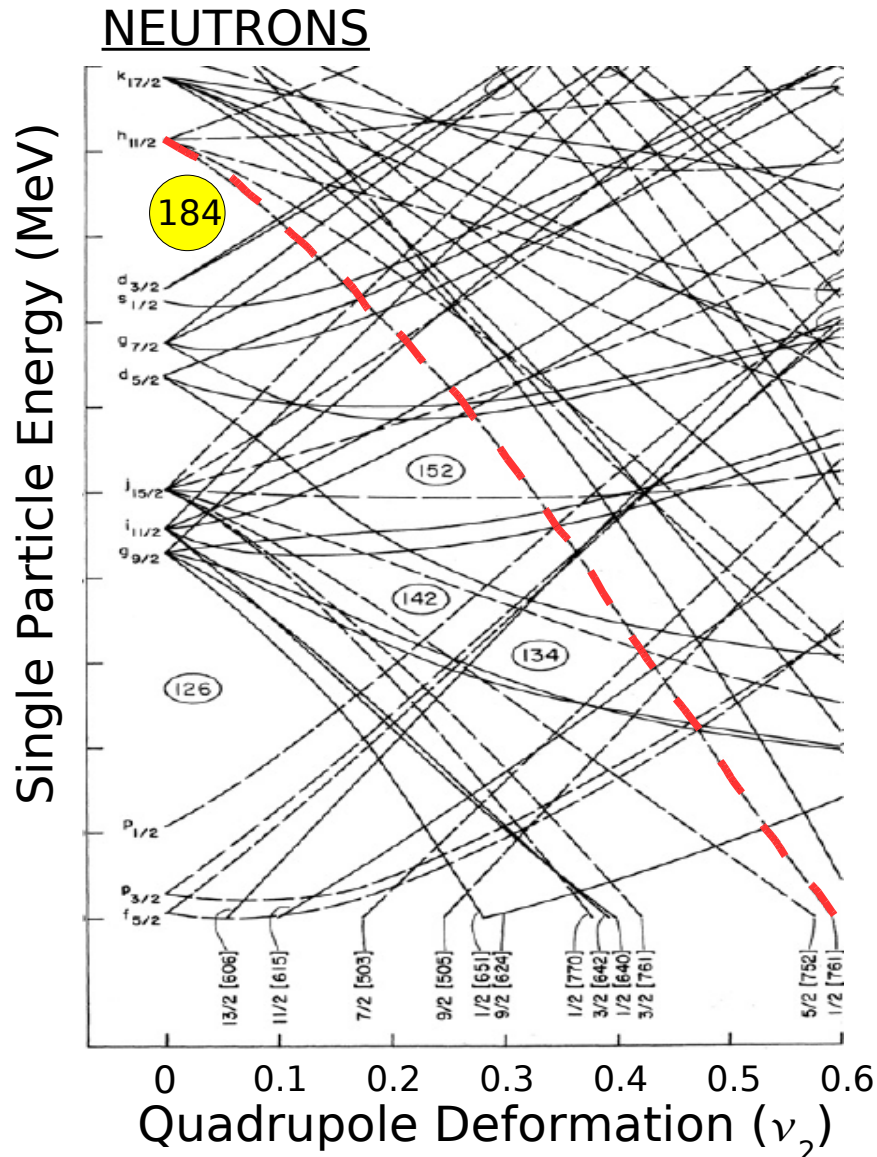
Motivation in Superheavies



Next shell gaps predicted for Superheavy spherical nuclei

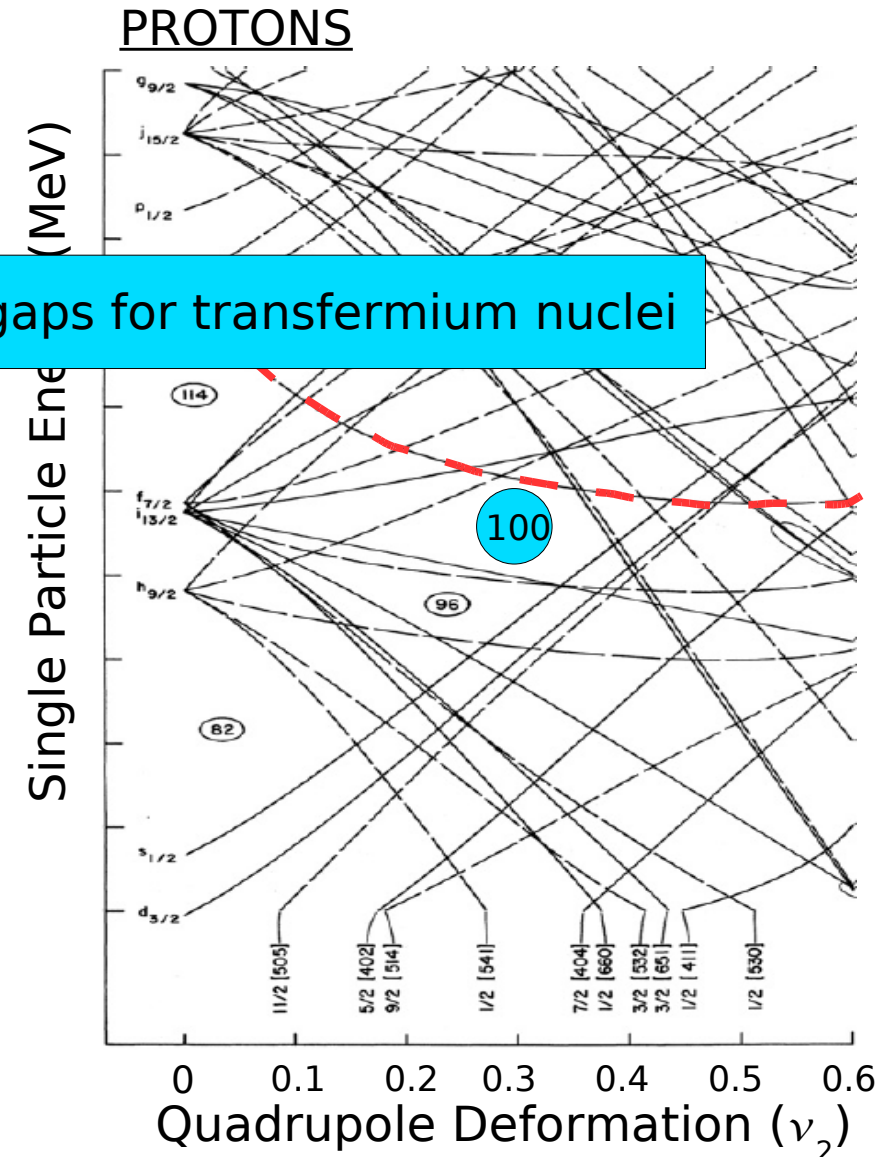
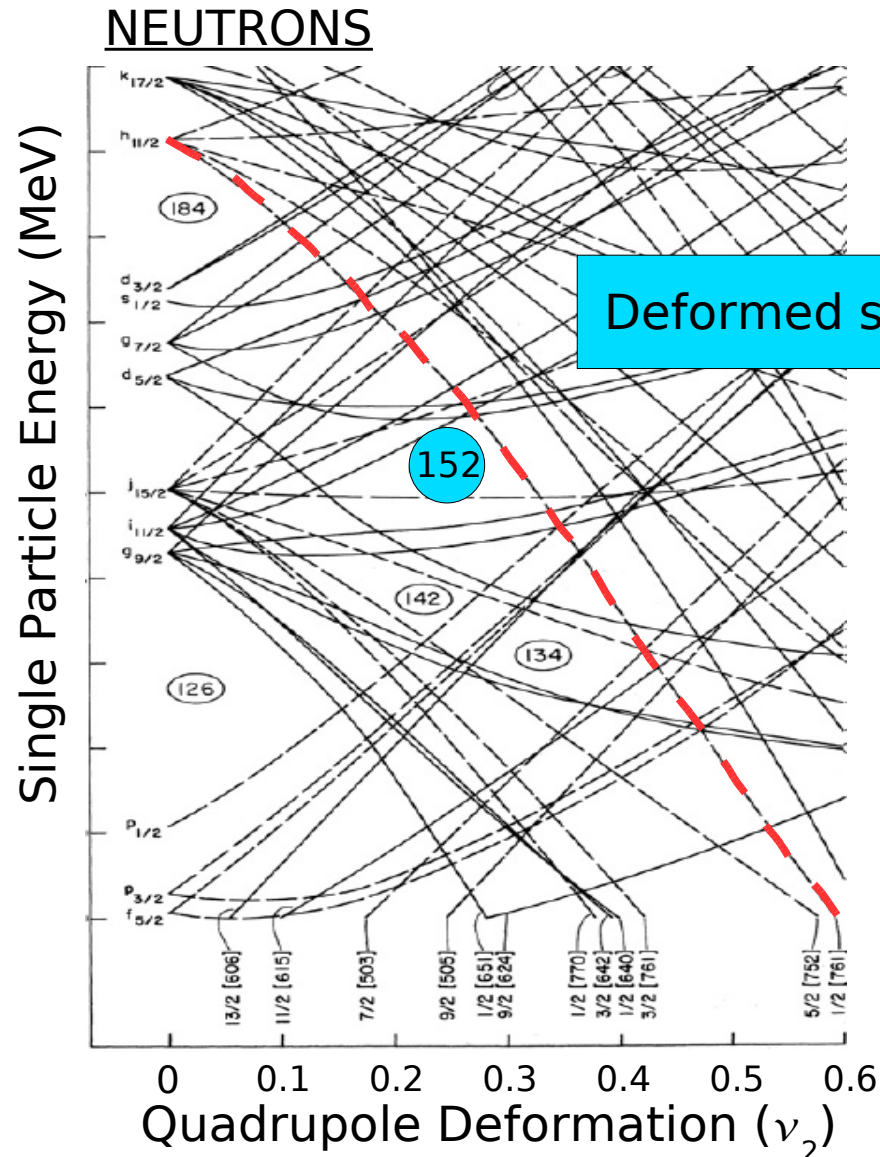
- Cross section to produce these nuclei is too low

Motivation in Superheavies



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Motivation in Superheavies



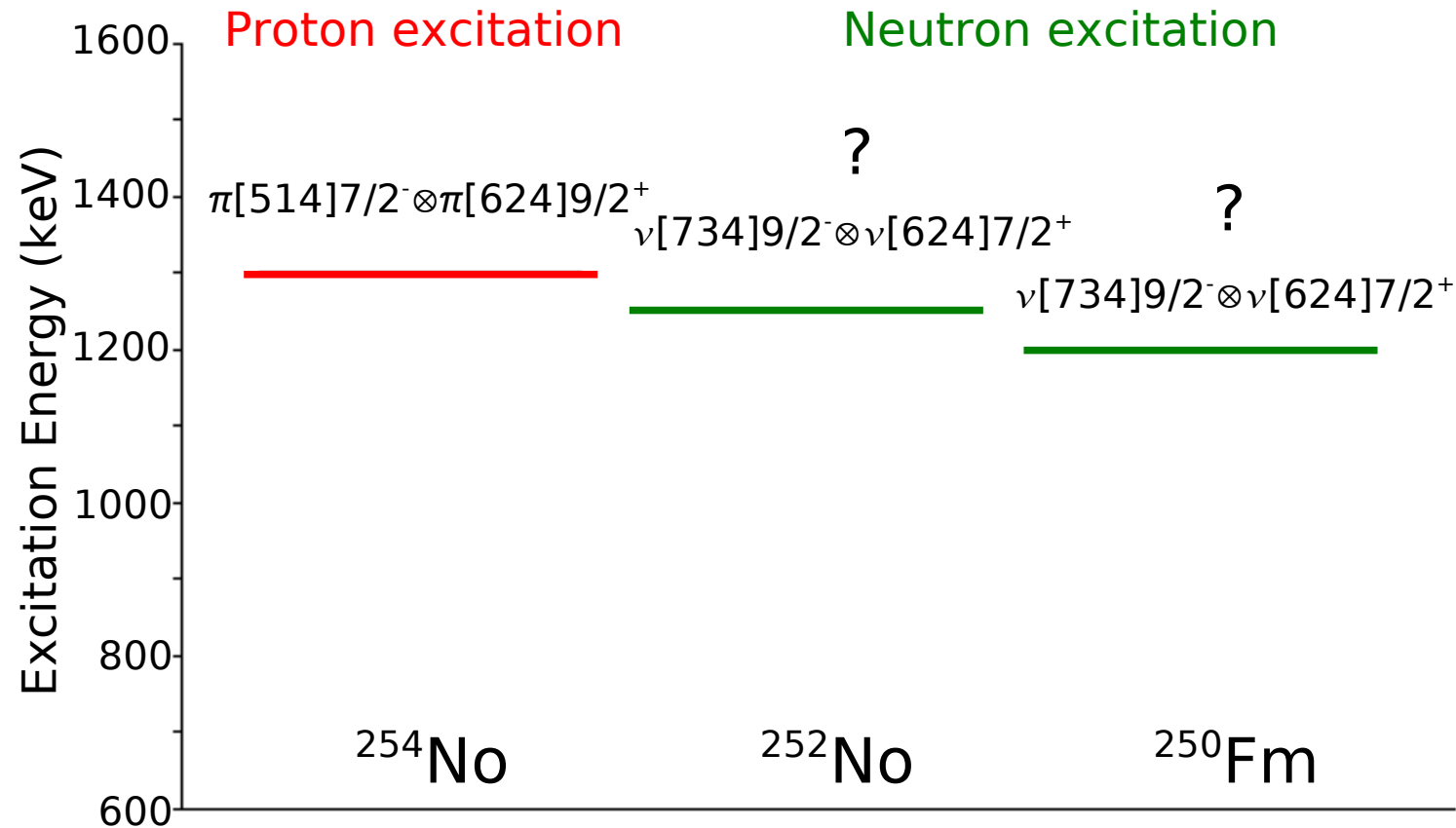
- Cross sections of $nb \rightarrow \mu b$, production is experimentally viable

K-Isomer particle states



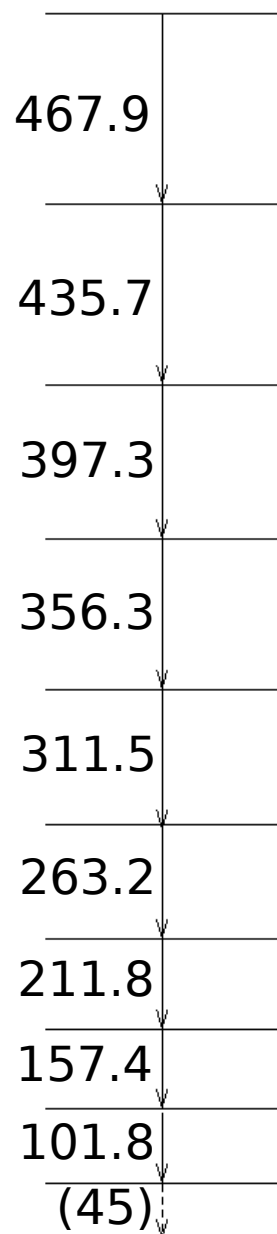
- Theoretical results of energy levels in this region conflict

K-Isomer particle states

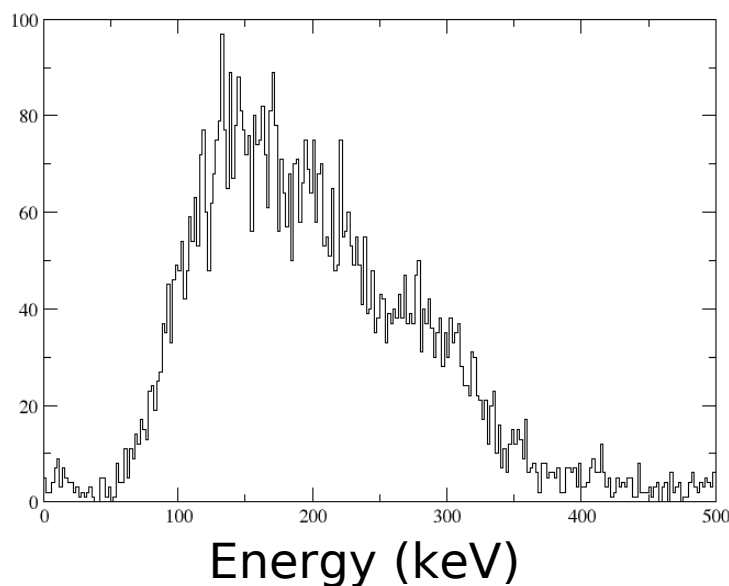
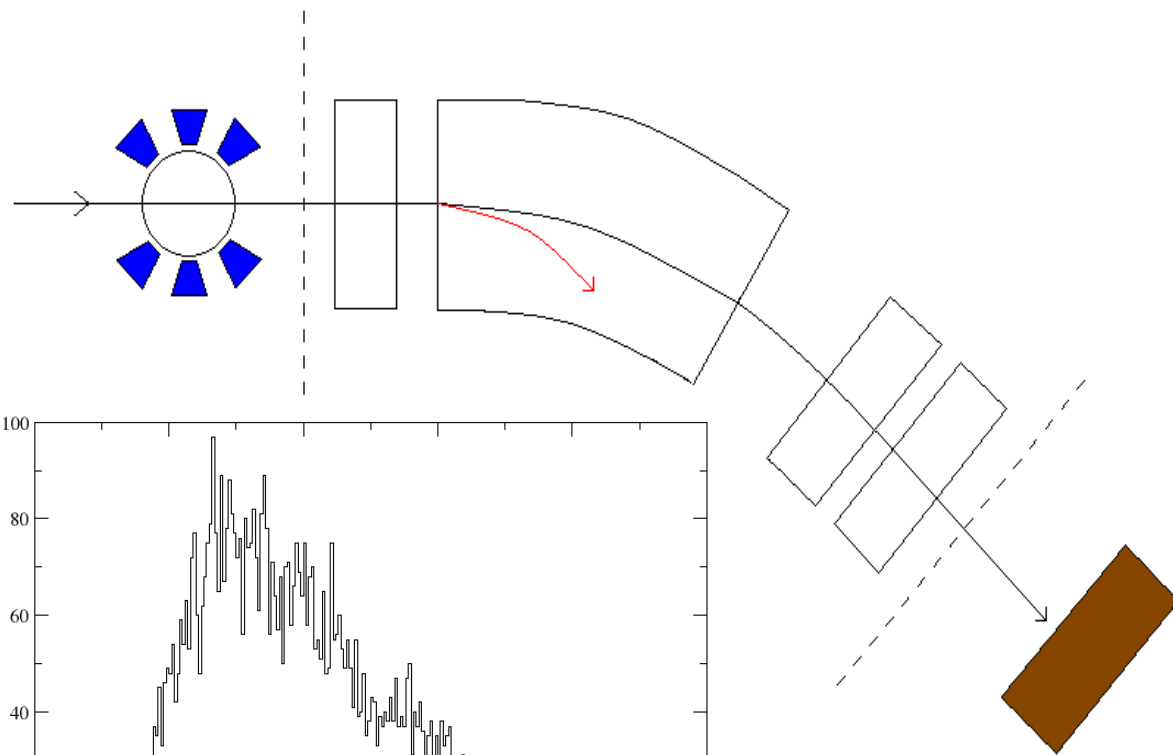


- Theoretical results of energy levels in this region conflict
- Study K-isomer structures to infer single particle excitations into these levels

Recoil-Decay Tagging Events

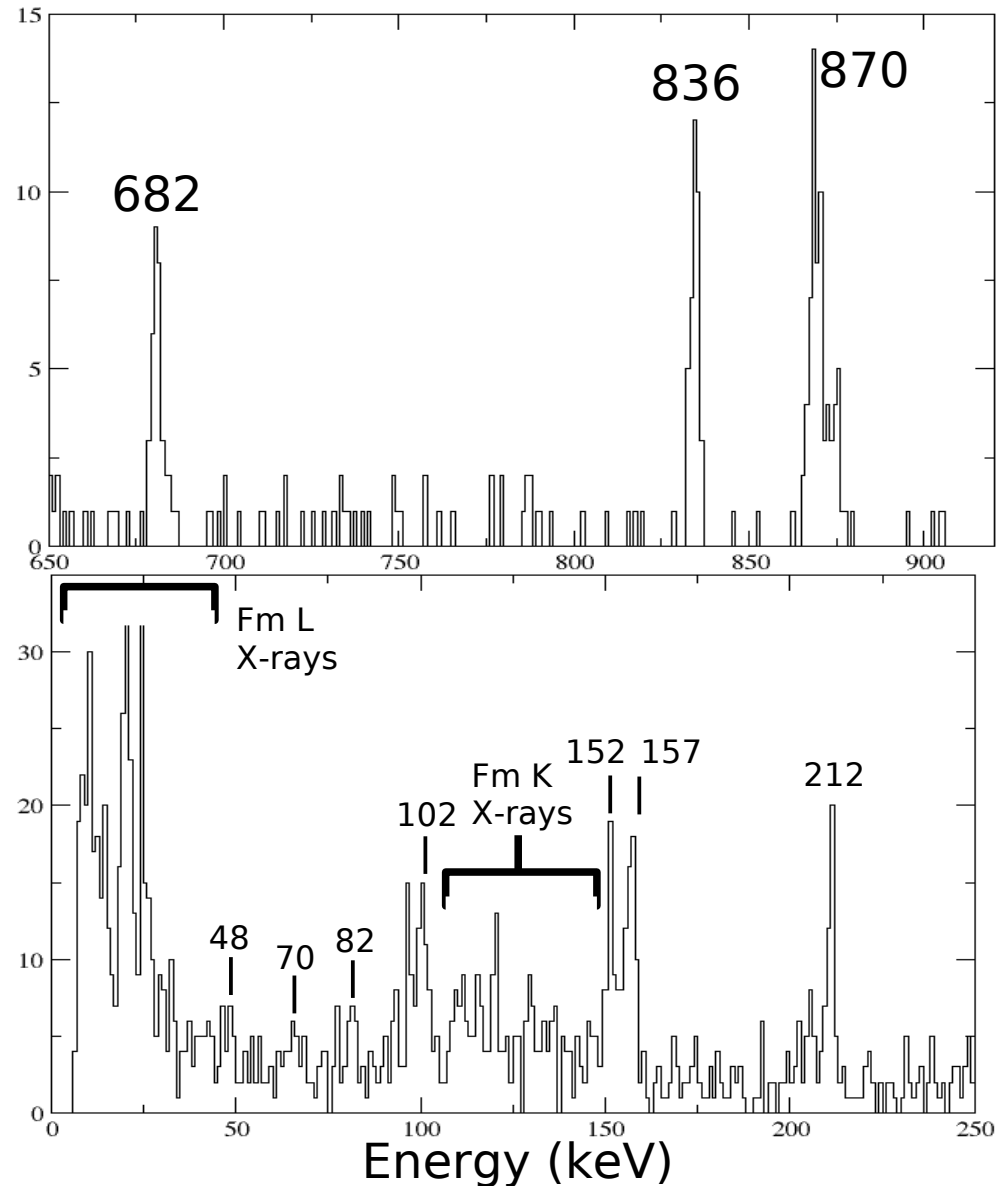
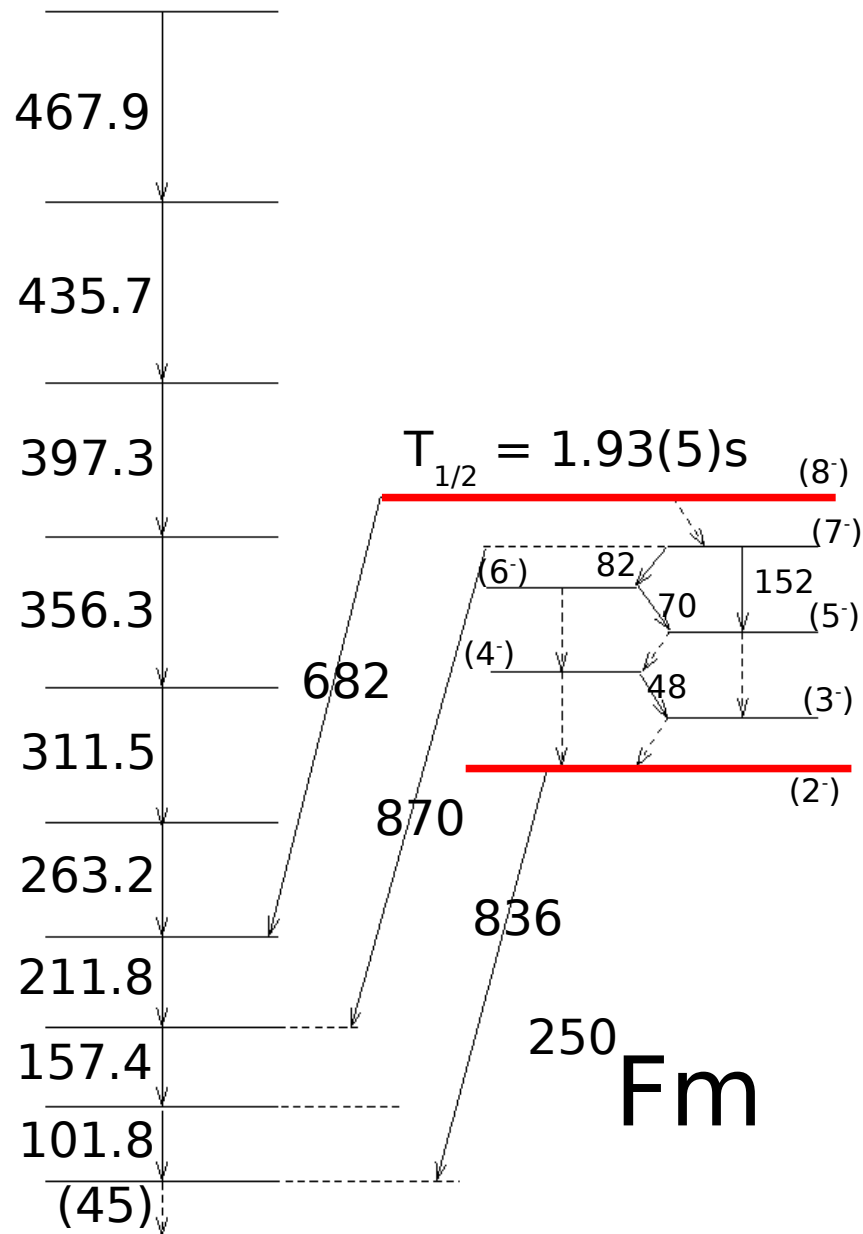


^{250}Fm



- Isomeric events decay in focal plane
- Lower order transitions are highly converted

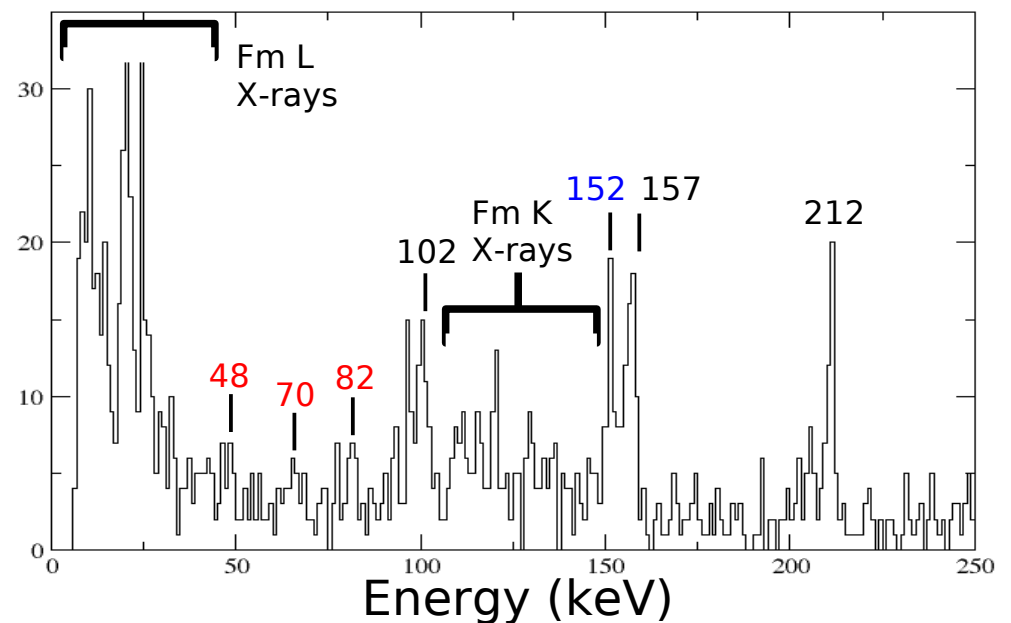
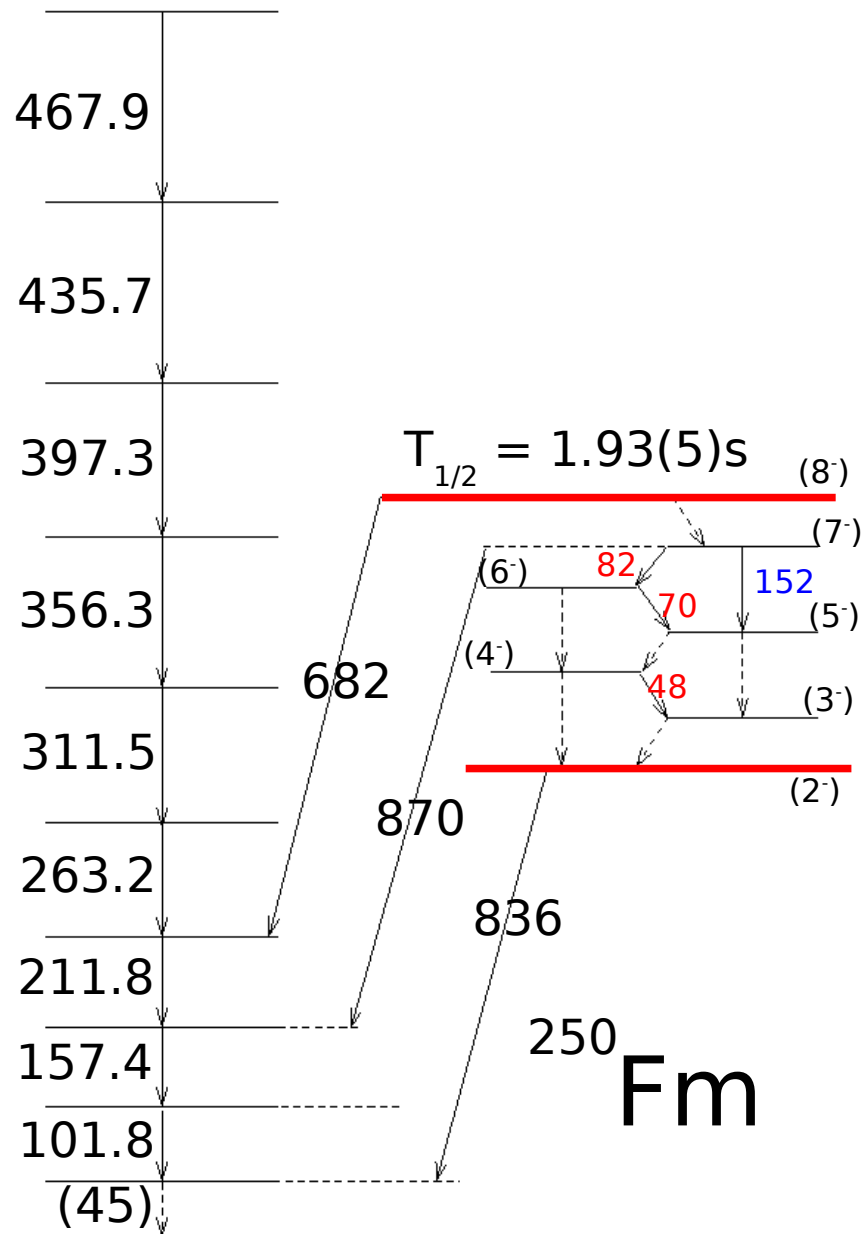
Recoil-Decay Tagging Events



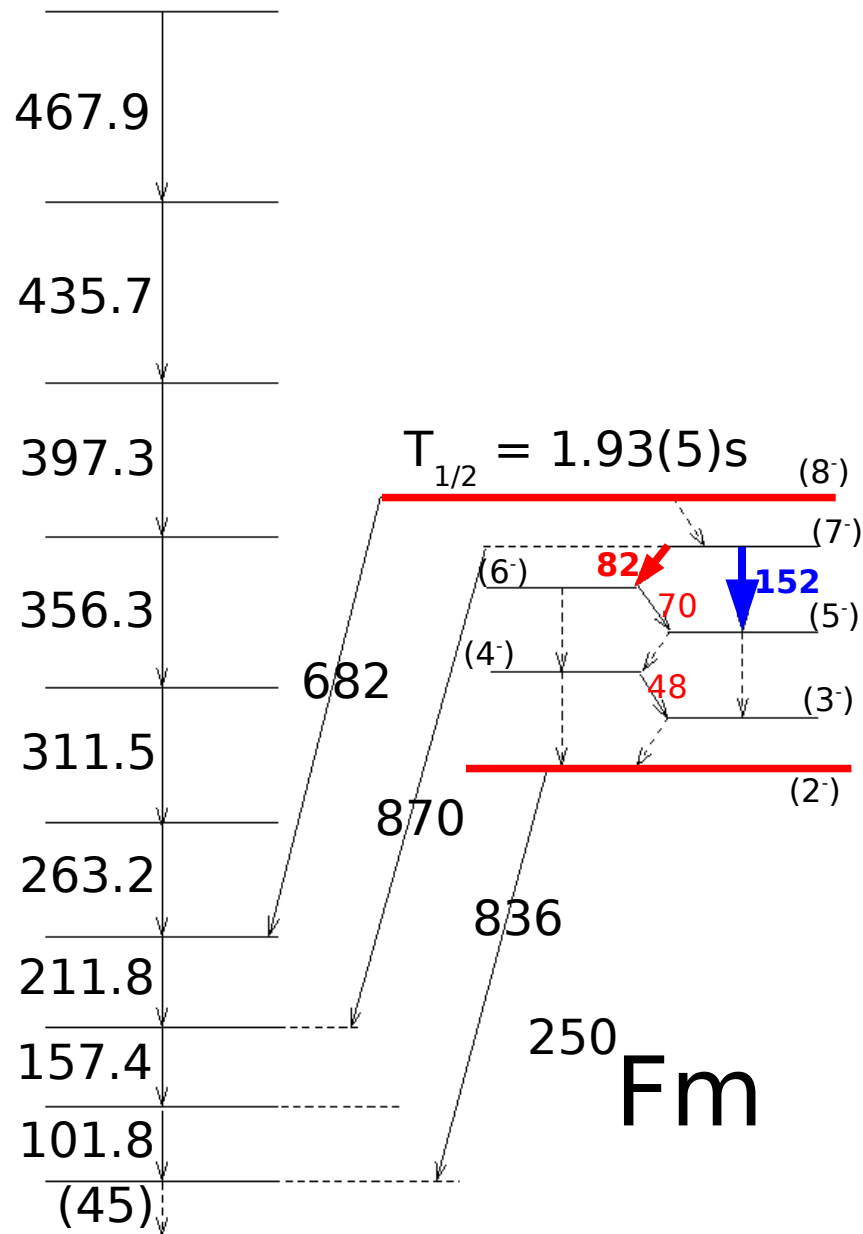
•Focal plane spectra give transitions from decaying isomeric state

Conventional Isomeric Assignment

- $R = I(\Delta I=1)/(\Delta I=2) \propto (g_K - g_R)^2$

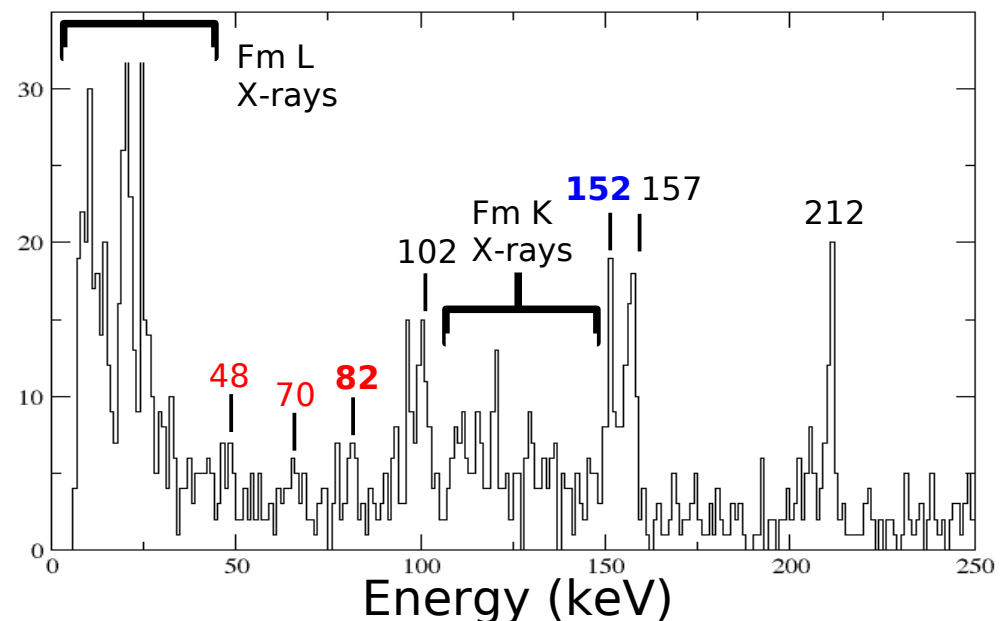


Conventional Isomeric Assignment

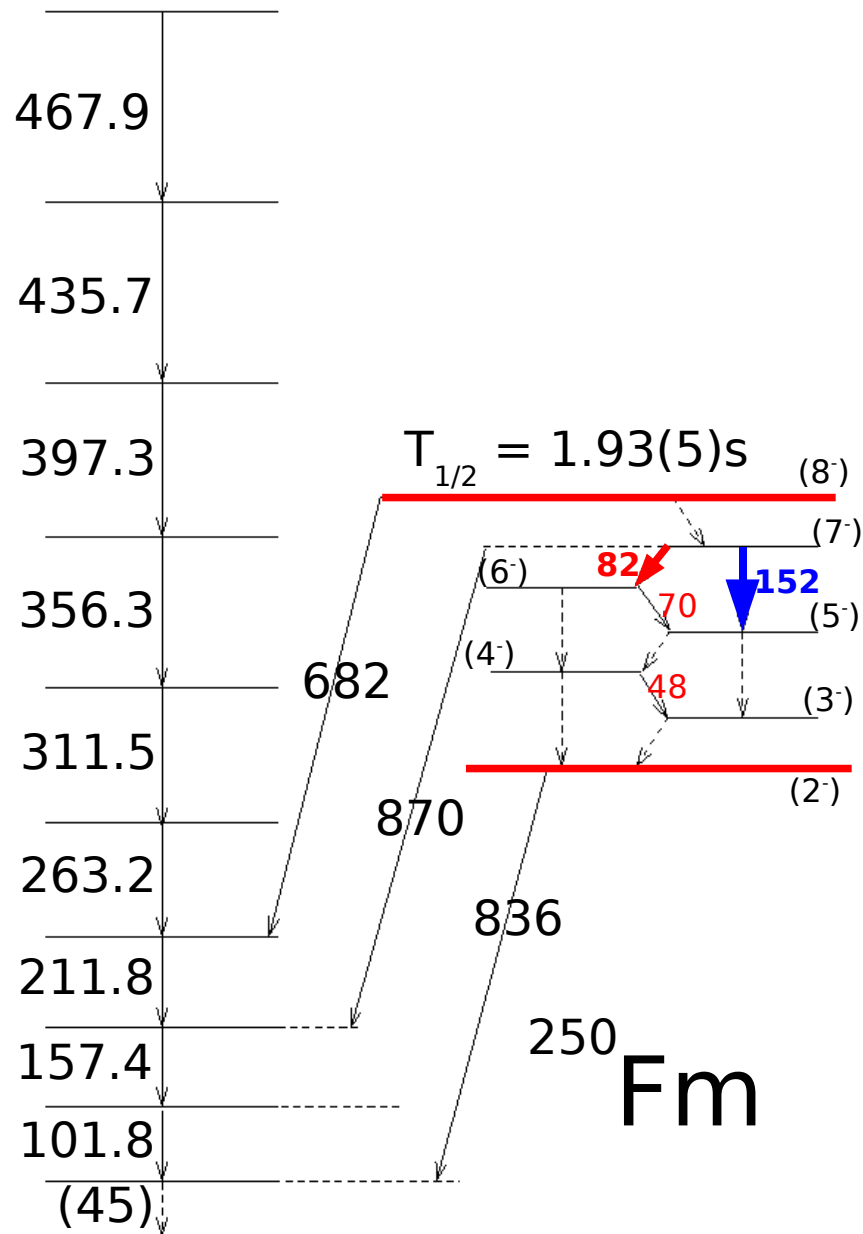


- $R = I(\Delta I=1)/(\Delta I=2) \propto (g_K - g_R)^2$

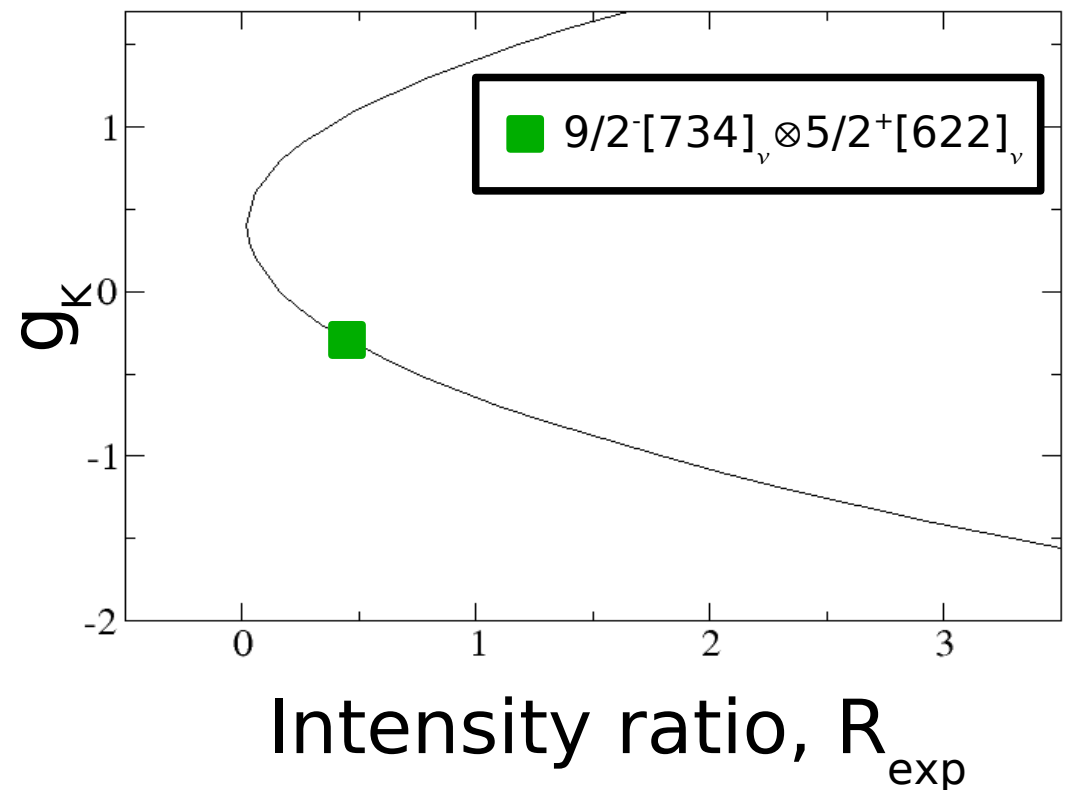
- $R_{\text{exp}}(I^\pi = 7^-) = \underline{0.25}^{+0.29}_{-0.16}$



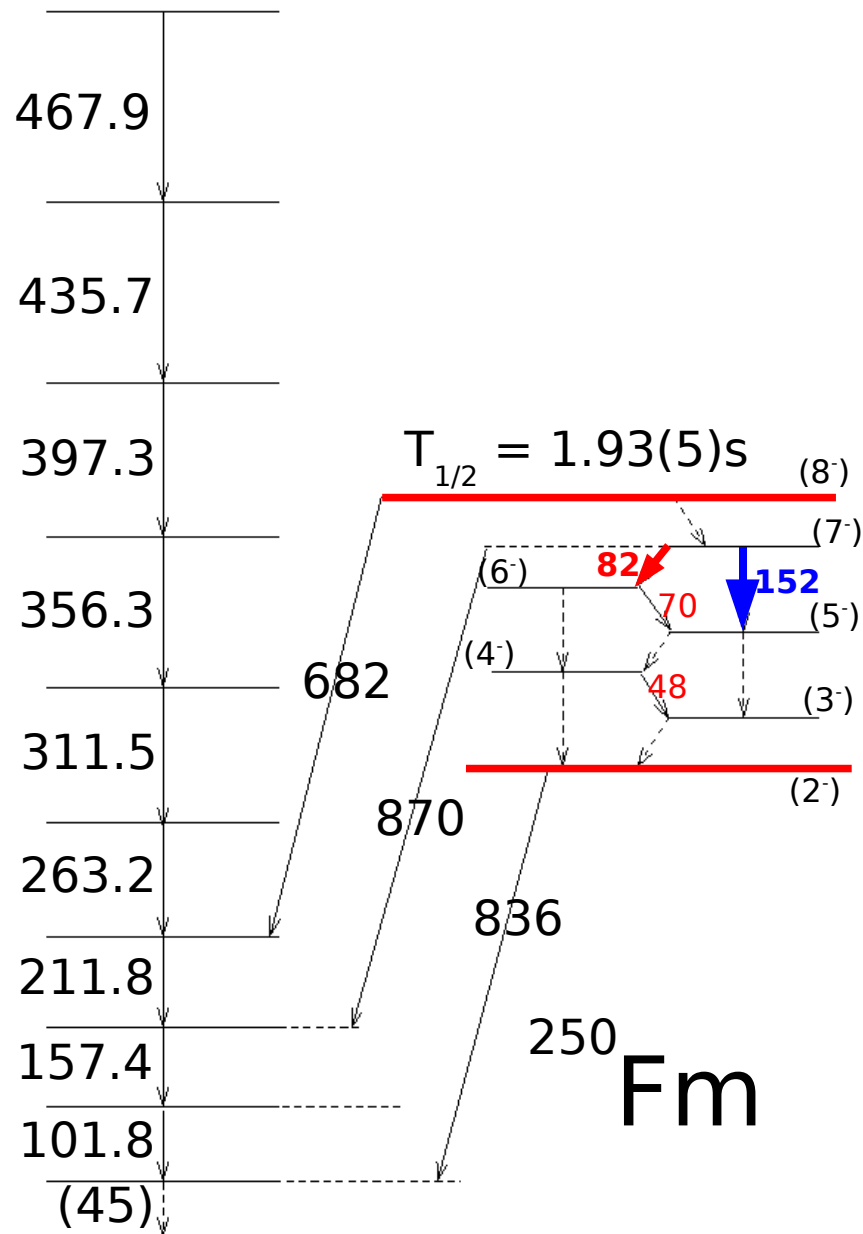
Conventional Isomeric Assignment



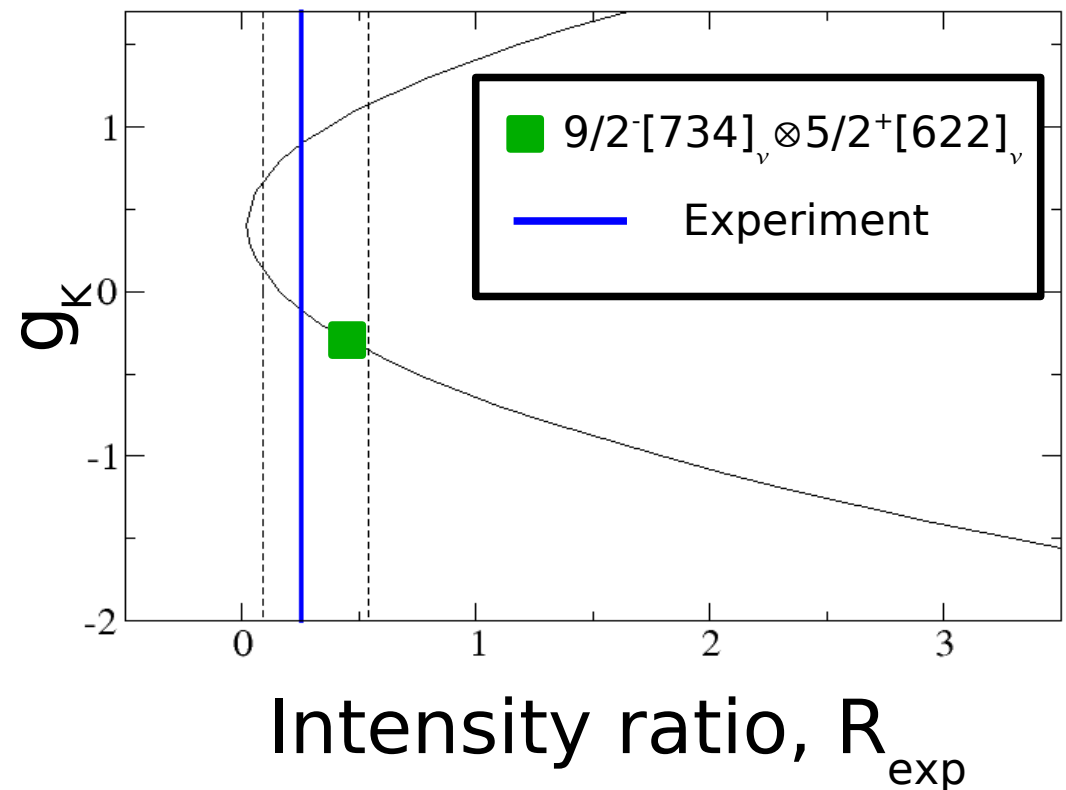
- Find R as function of g_K factor



Conventional Isomeric Assignment

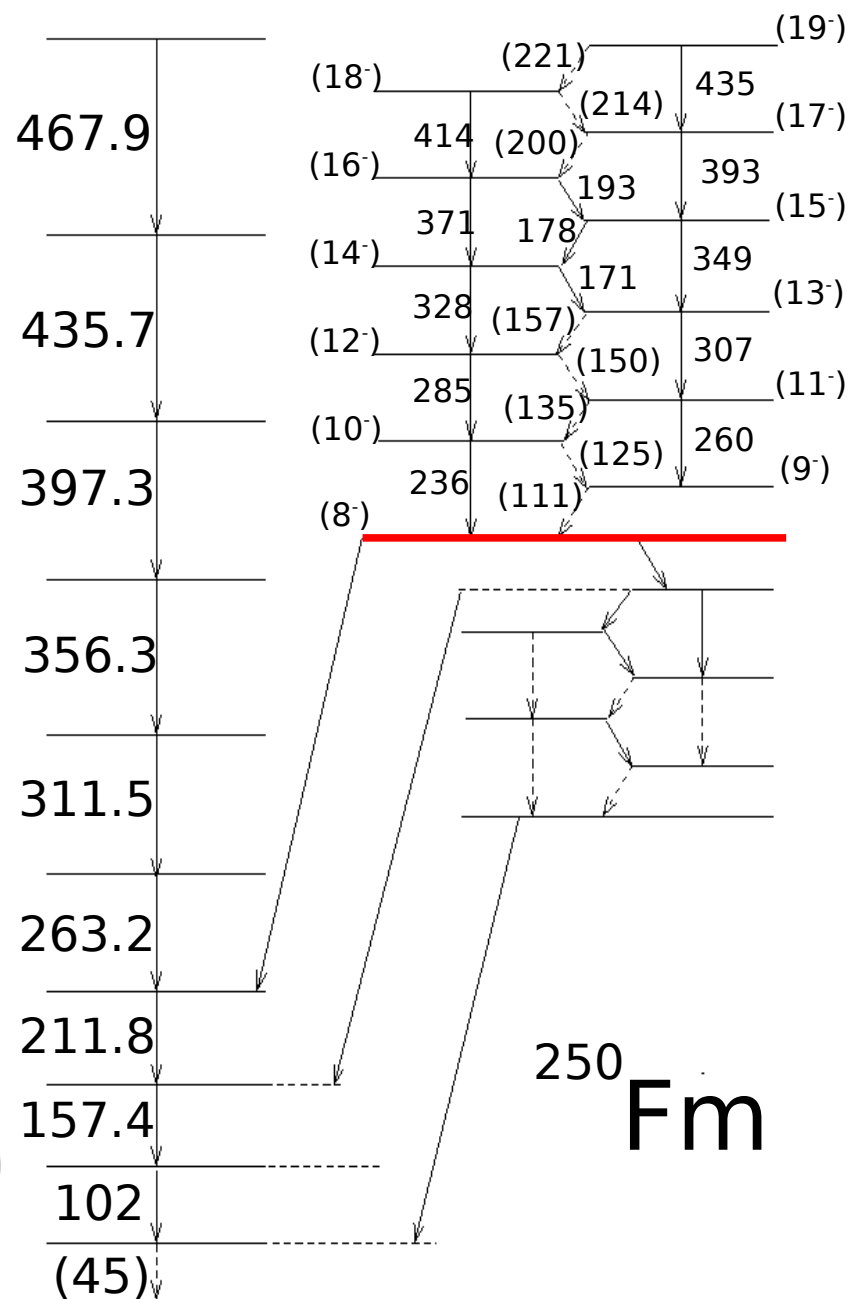
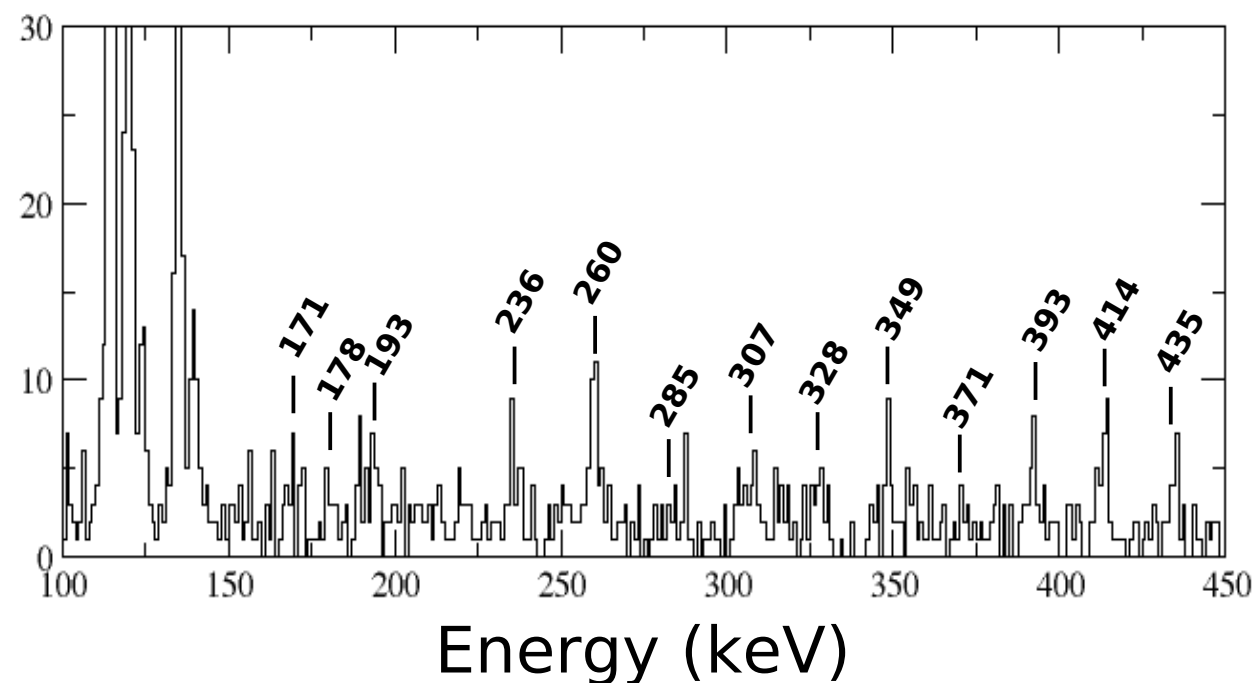


- Find R as function of g_K factor
- Compare R_{exp} to assign structure



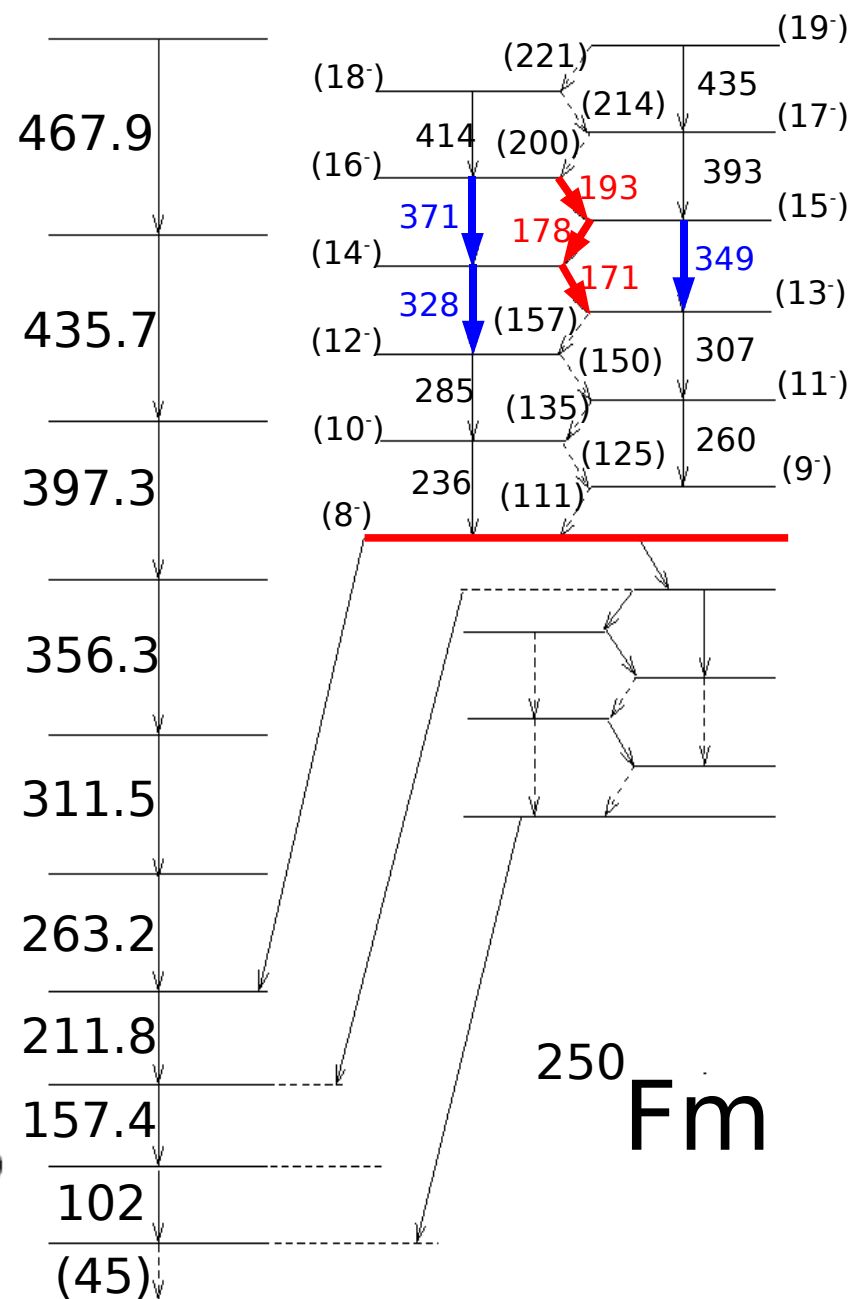
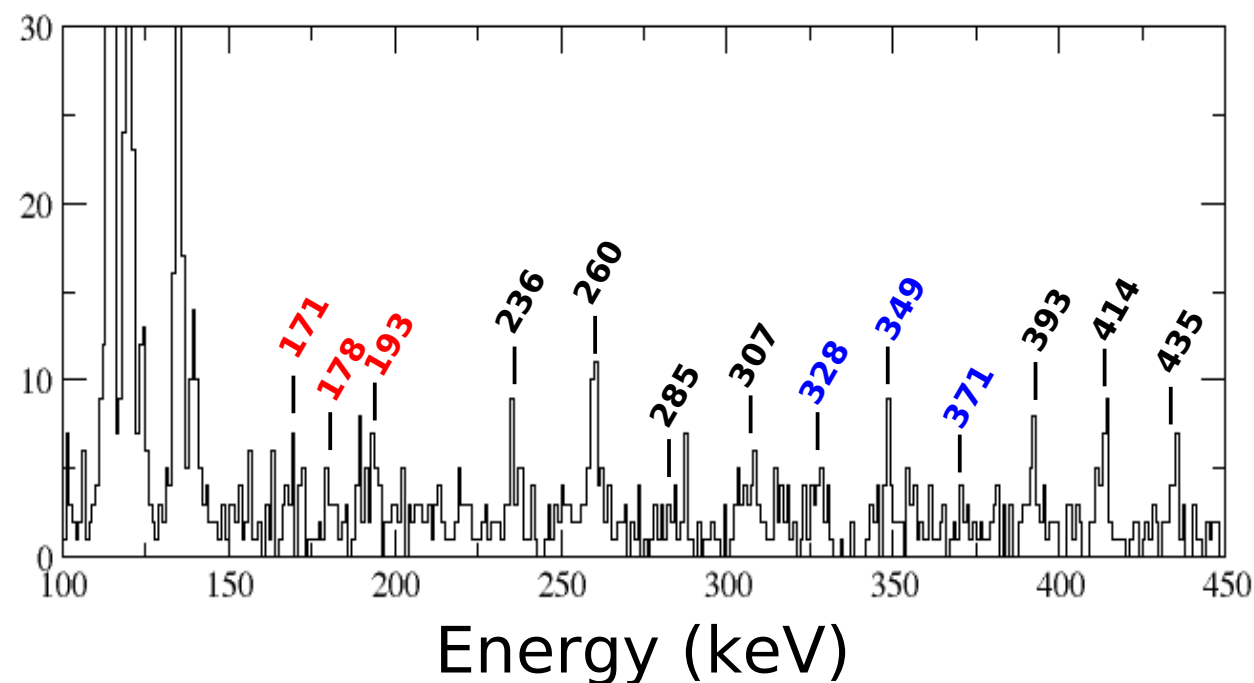
Assignment Problems

- Apply to inbeam ^{250}Fm data

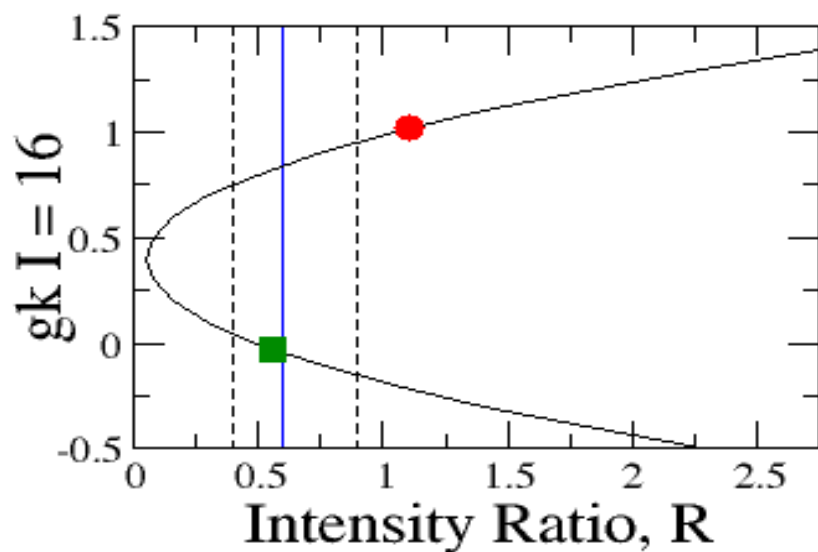
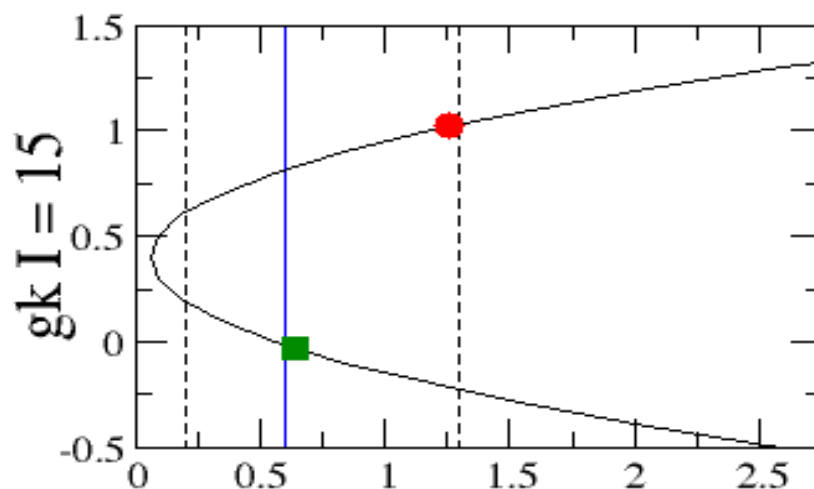
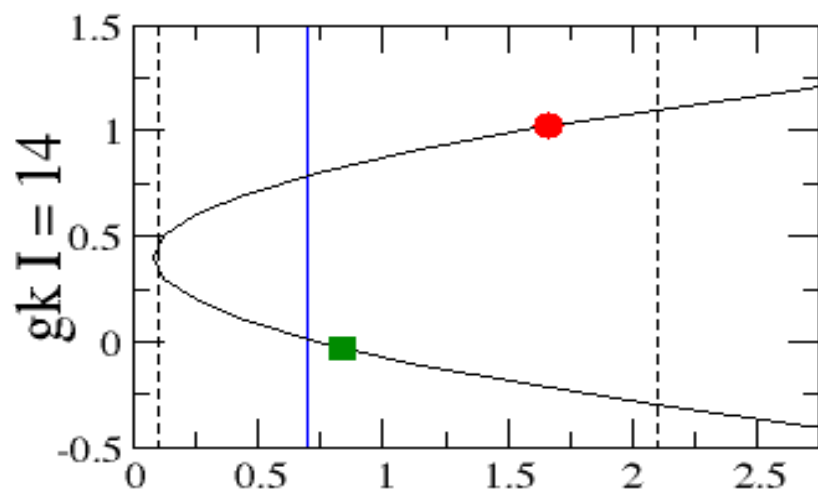


Assignment Problems

- Apply to inbeam ^{250}Fm data
- 3 R_{exp} values from $I^\pi = 14^-, 15^-$ and 16^-



Assignment Problems

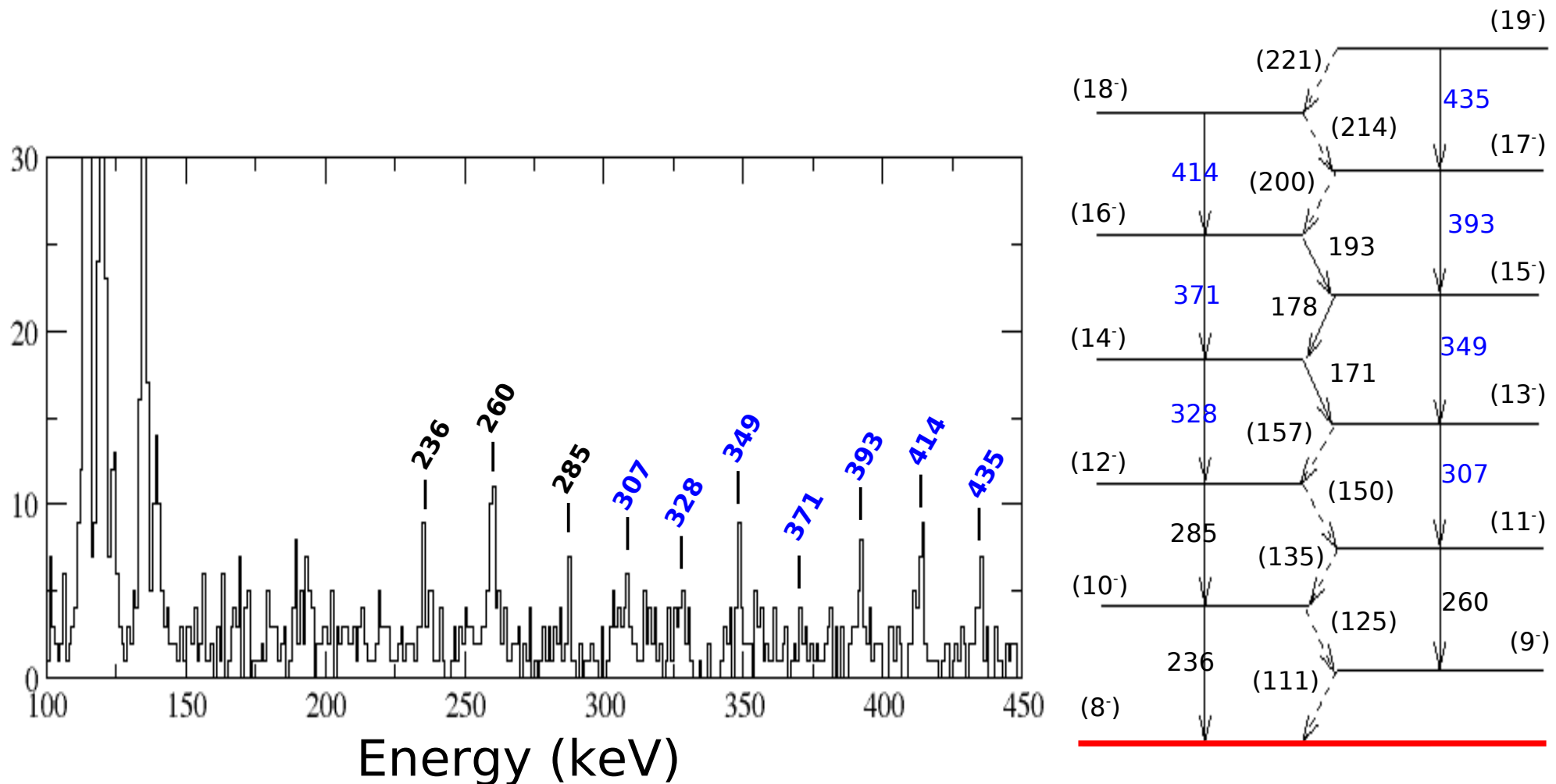


■ $7/2^- [624]_v \otimes 9/2^+ [734]_v$
● $9/2^- [624]_\pi \otimes 7/2^+ [514]_\pi$

- Two possible structures and statistics too low to distinguish

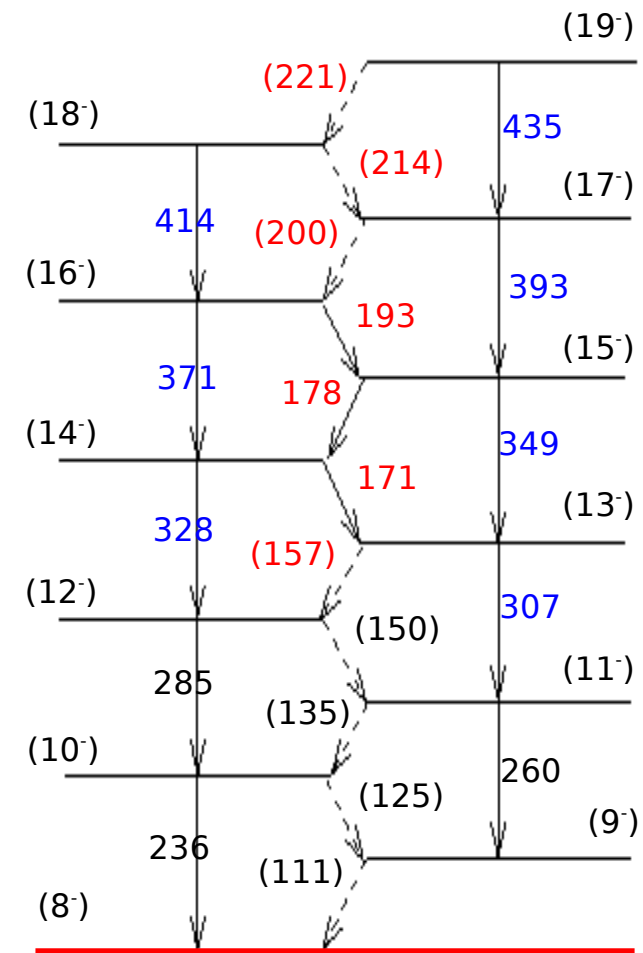
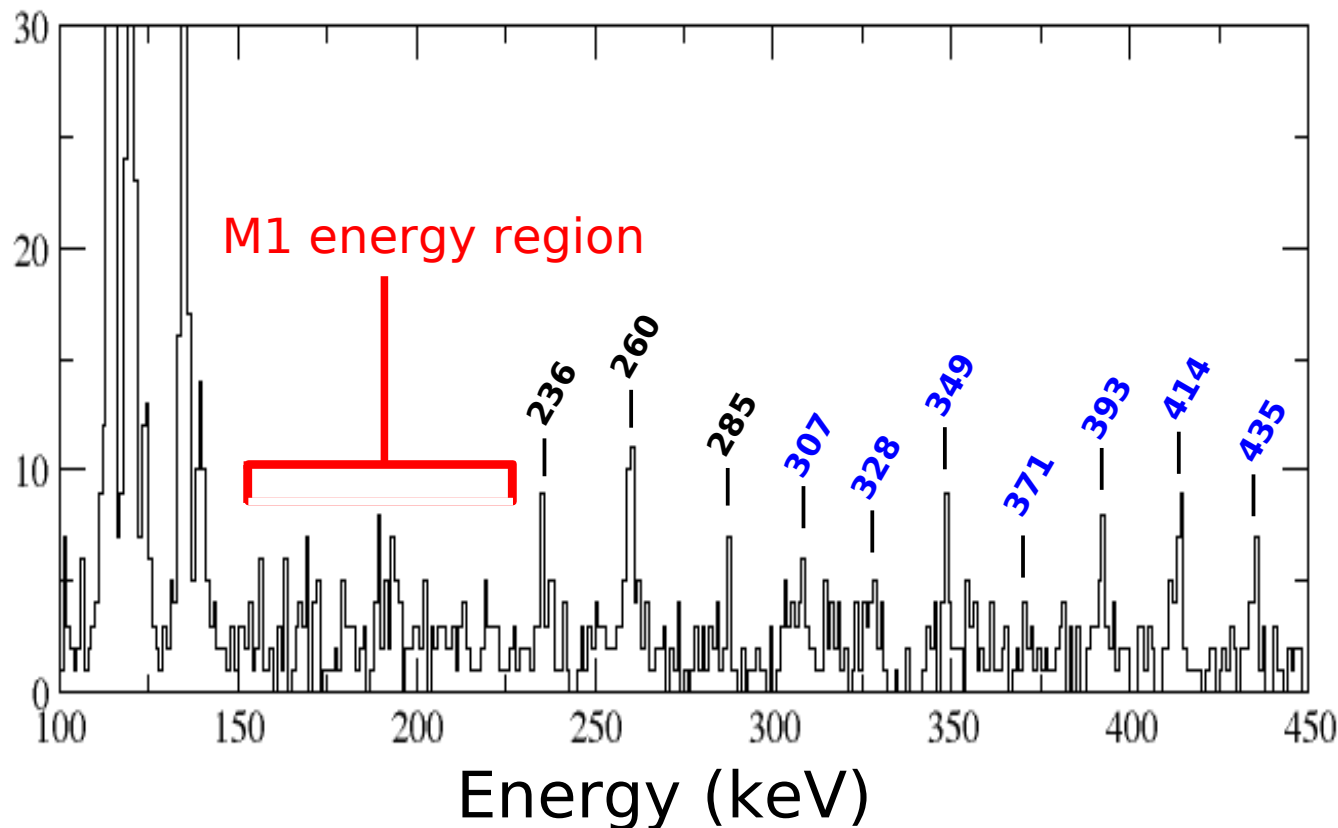
Proposed Assignment Method

- Find intensities of 7 E2 peaks



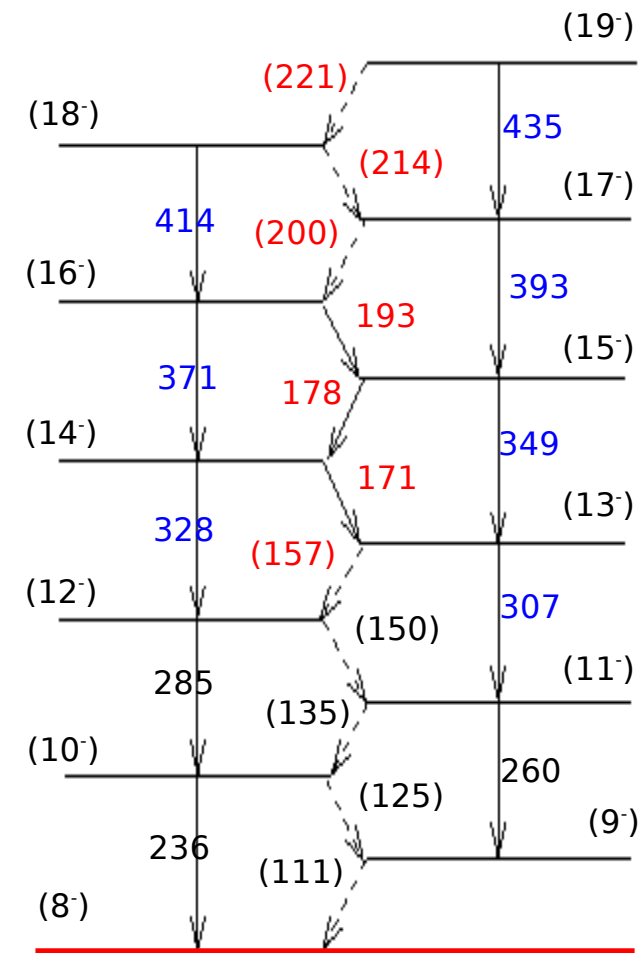
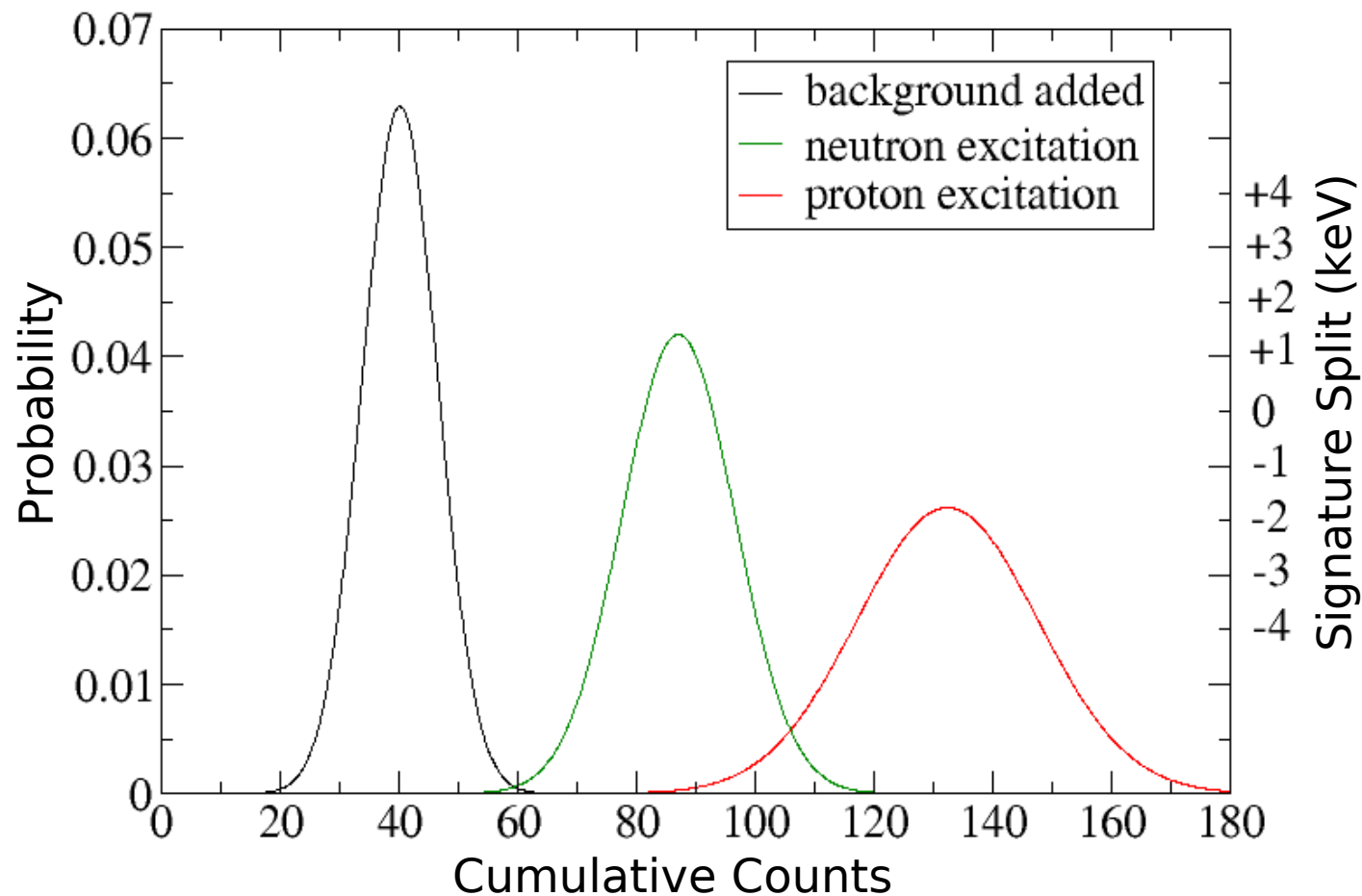
Proposed Assignment Method

- Find intensities of 7 E2 peaks
- Assuming either possible isomer structure find expected number of total counts over M1 energies



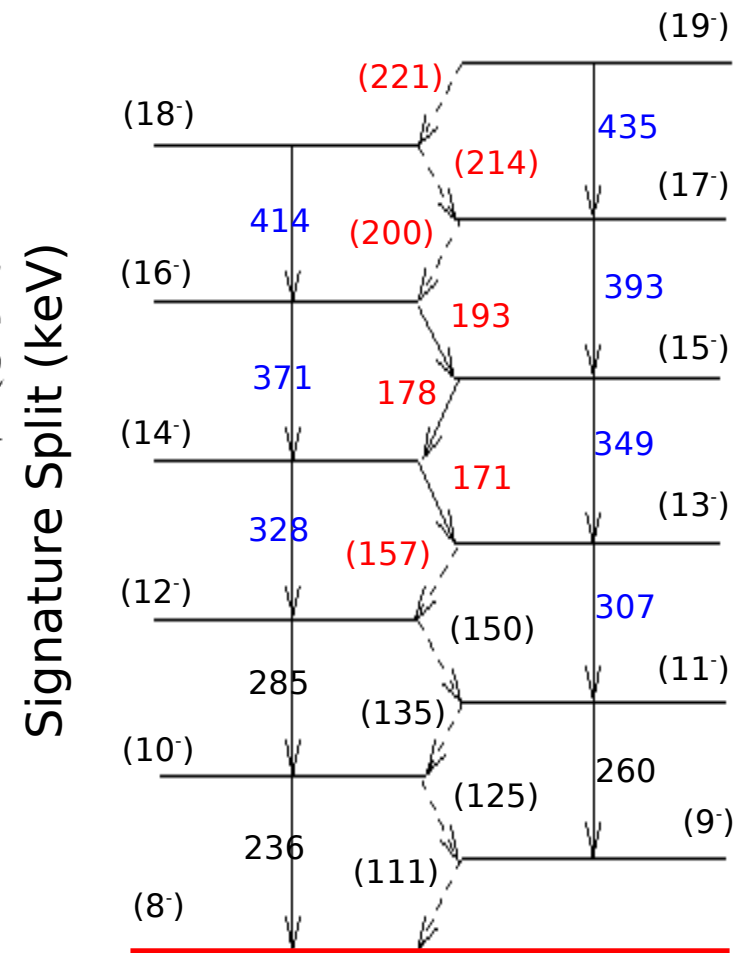
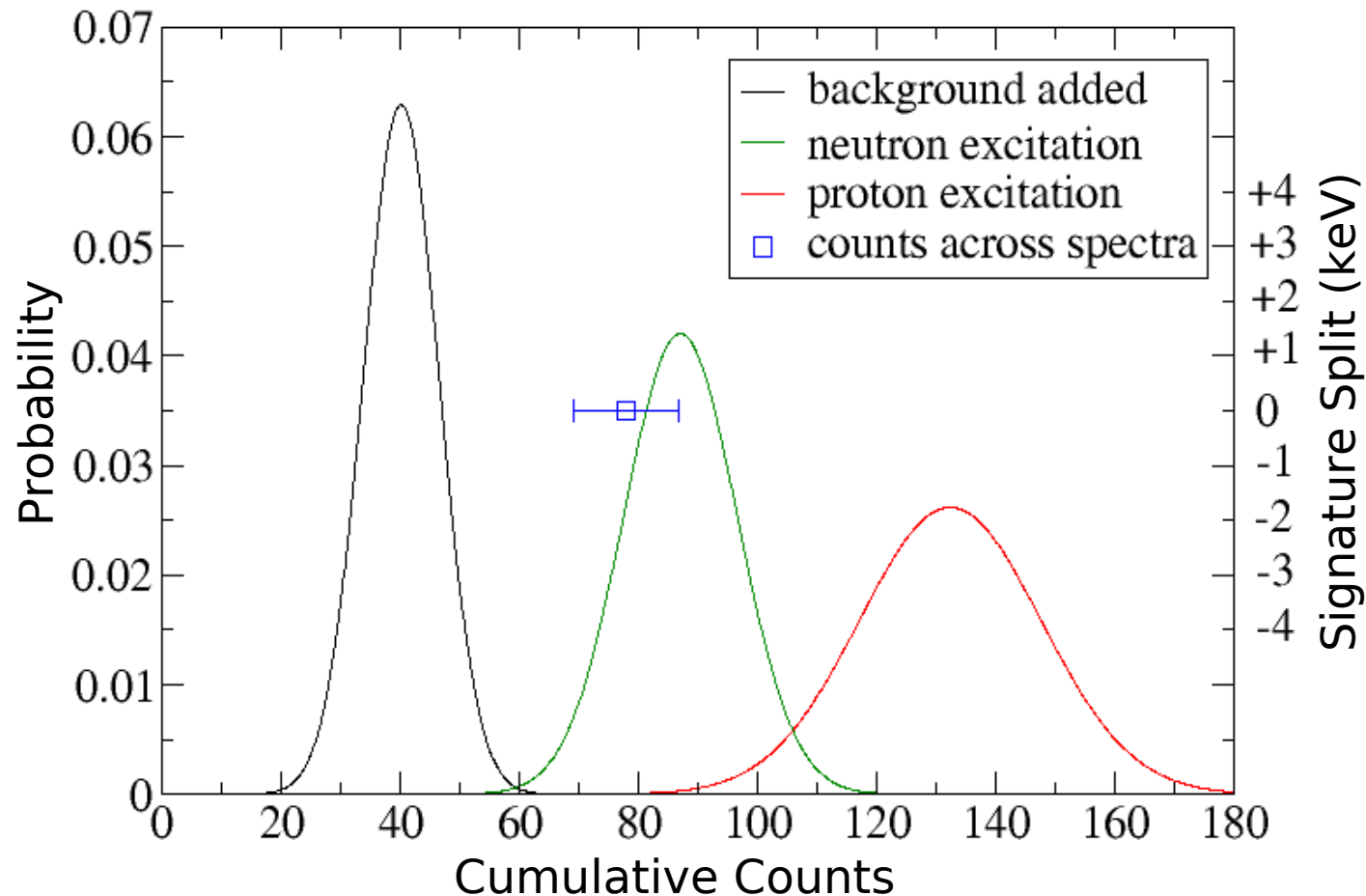
Proposed Assignment Method

- Gives probability distribution for counts across 7 peak ranges



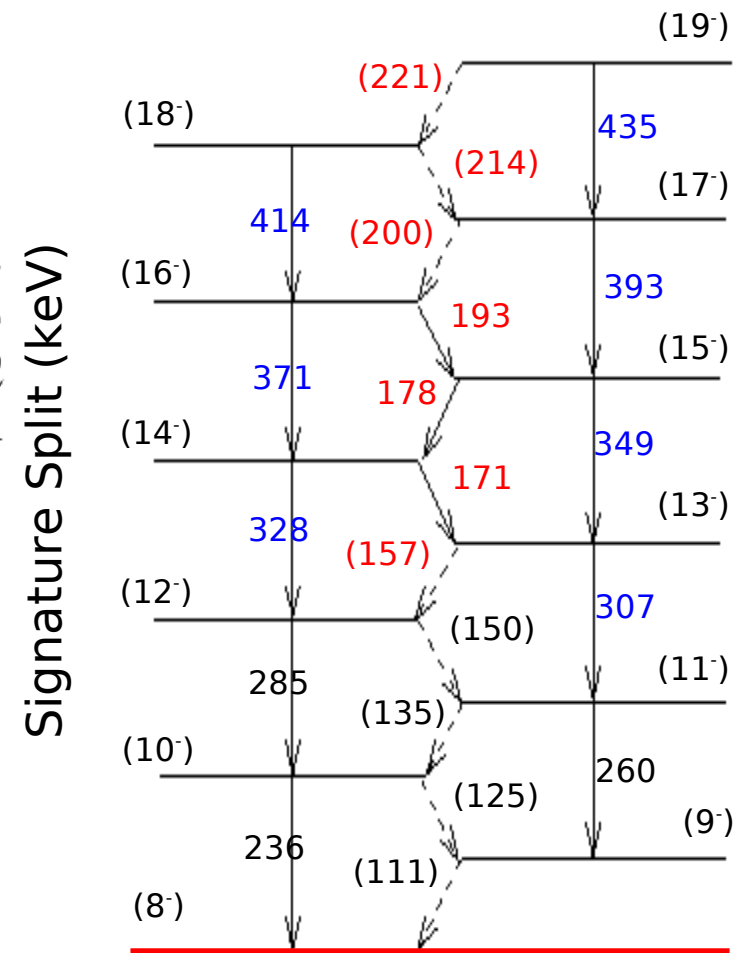
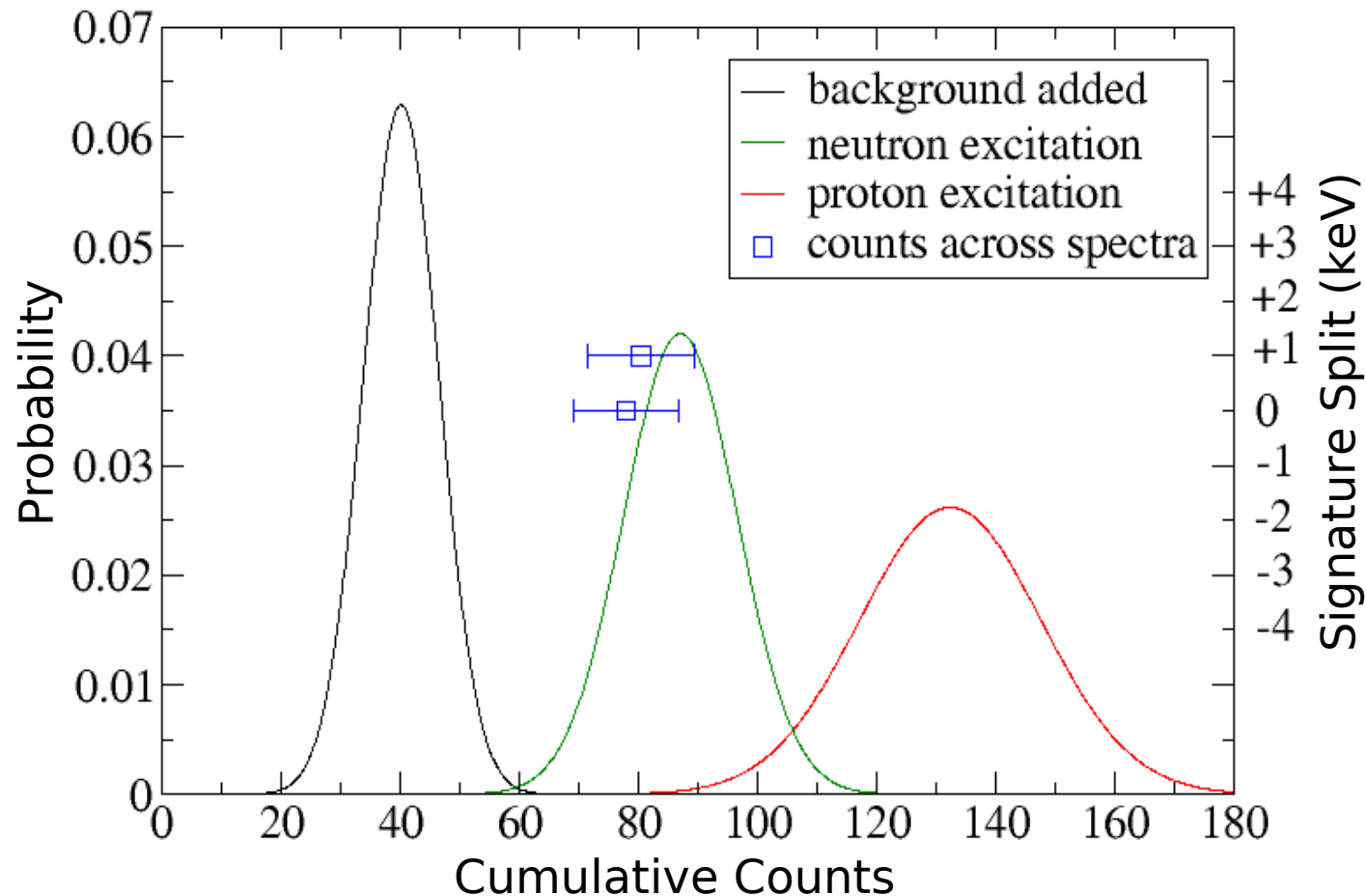
Proposed Assignment Method

- Gives probability distribution for counts across 7 peak ranges
- Add a signature splitting to ranges and find experimental number of counts



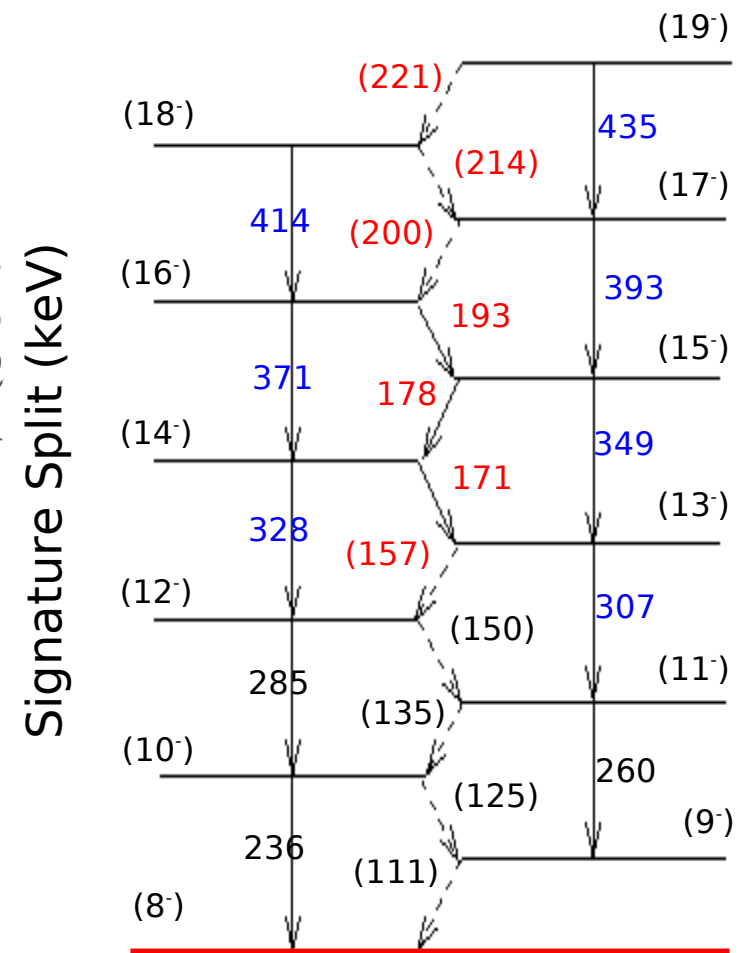
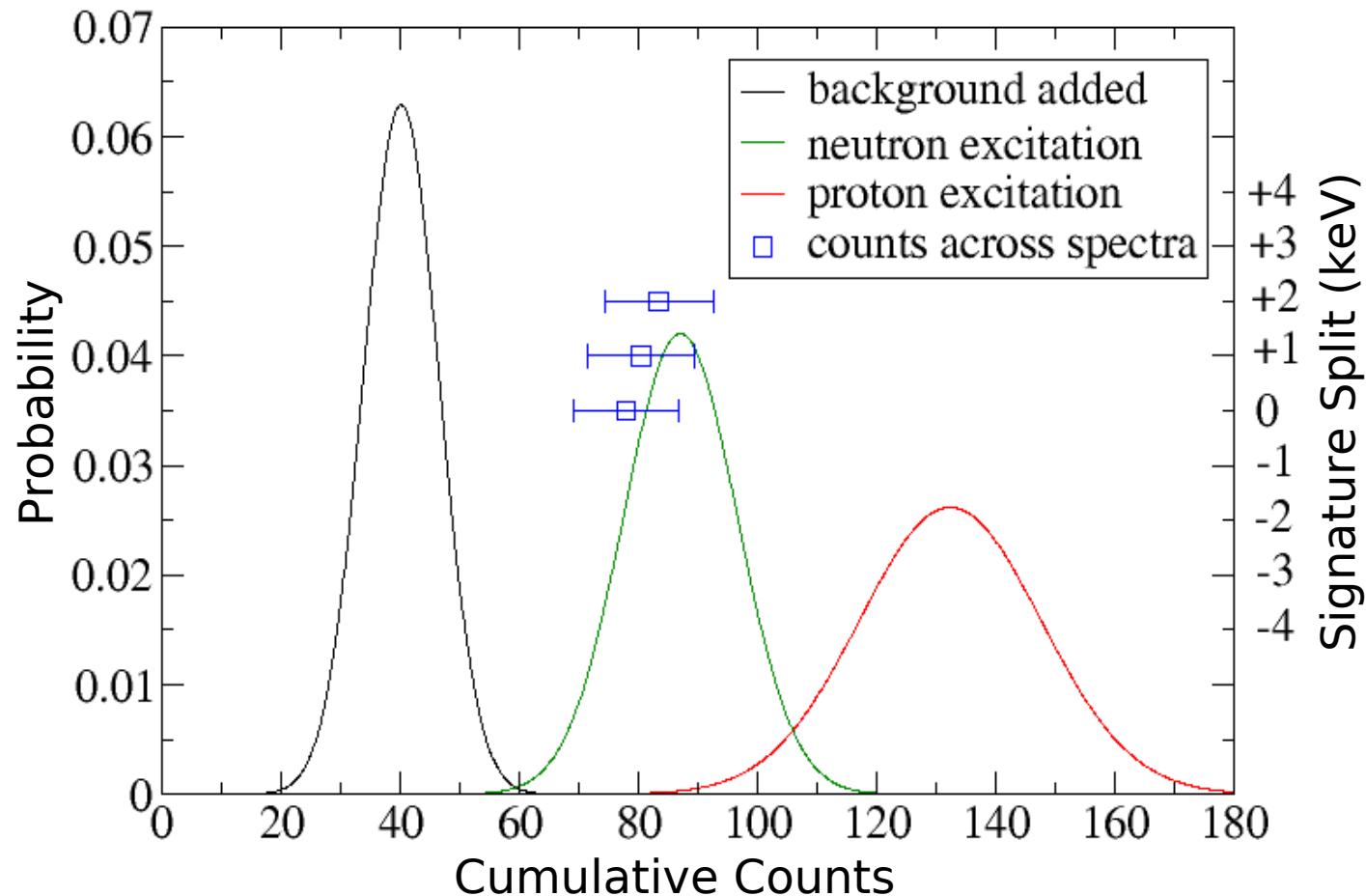
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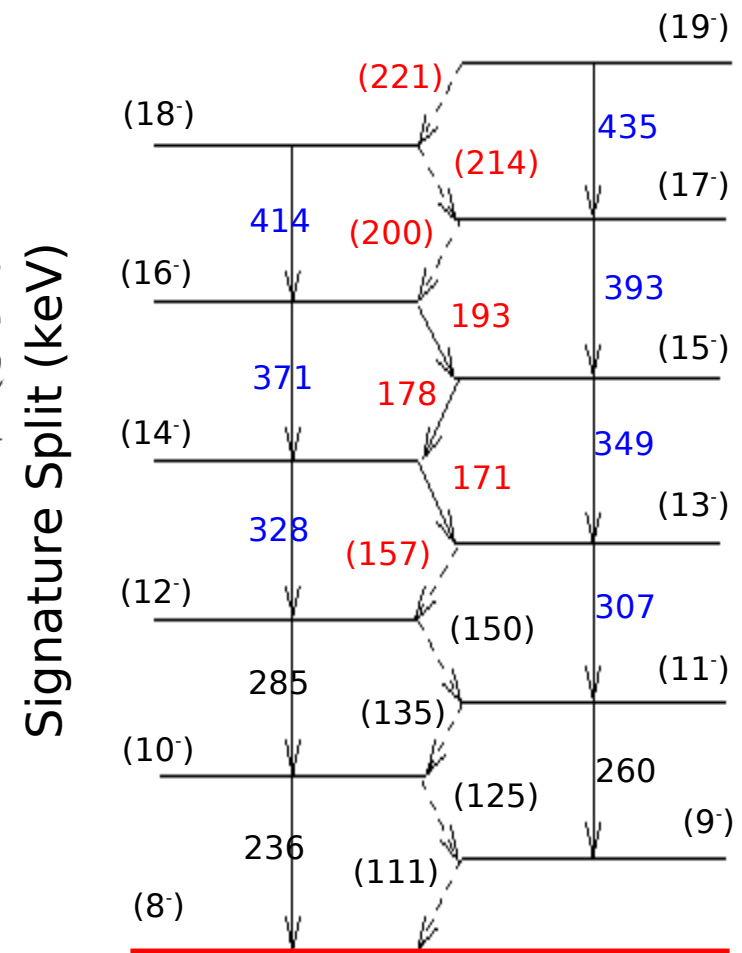
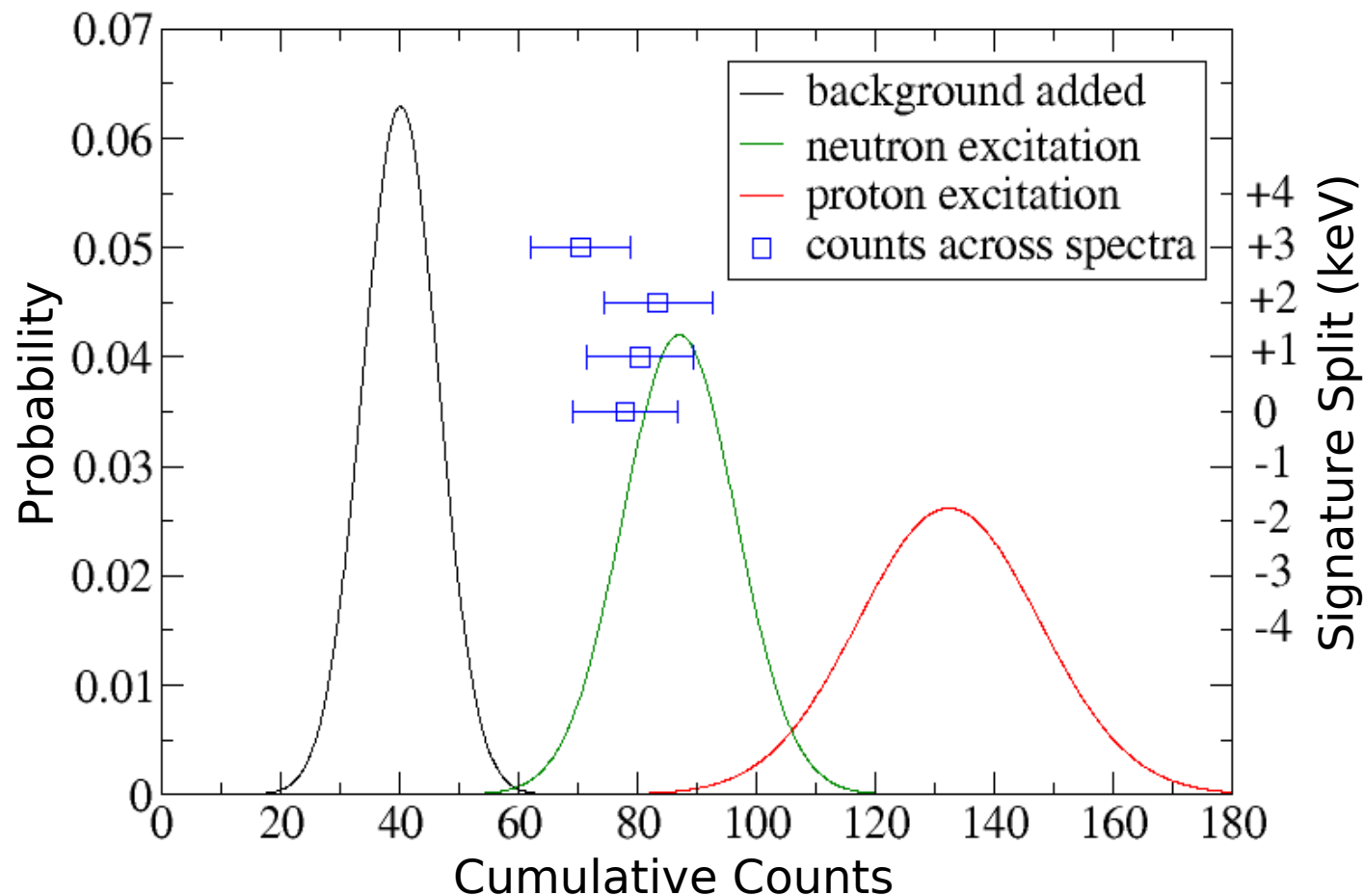
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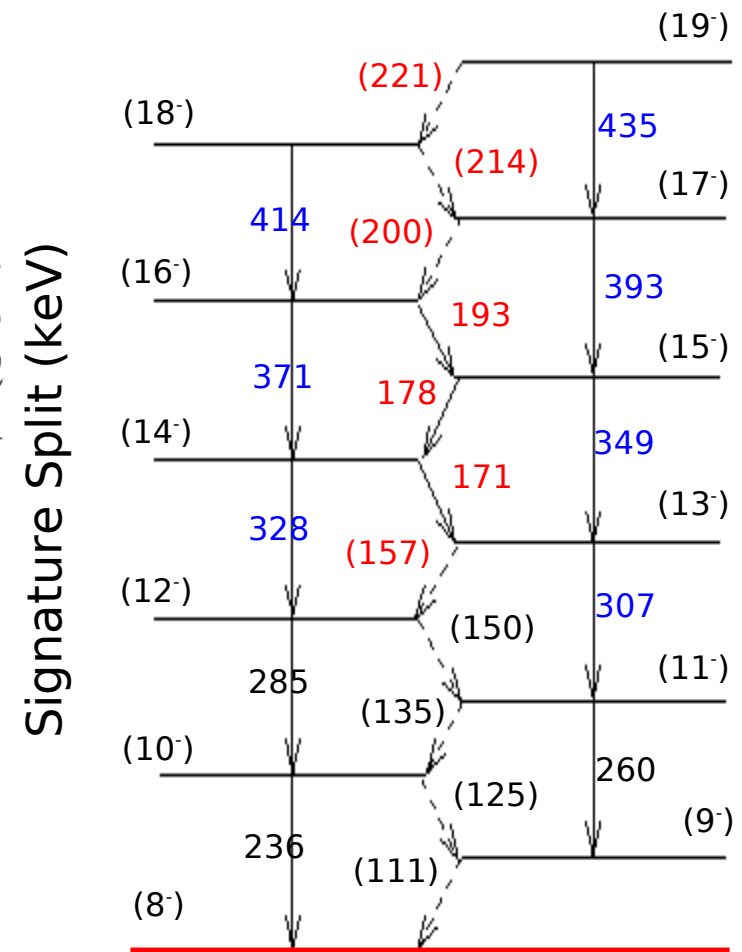
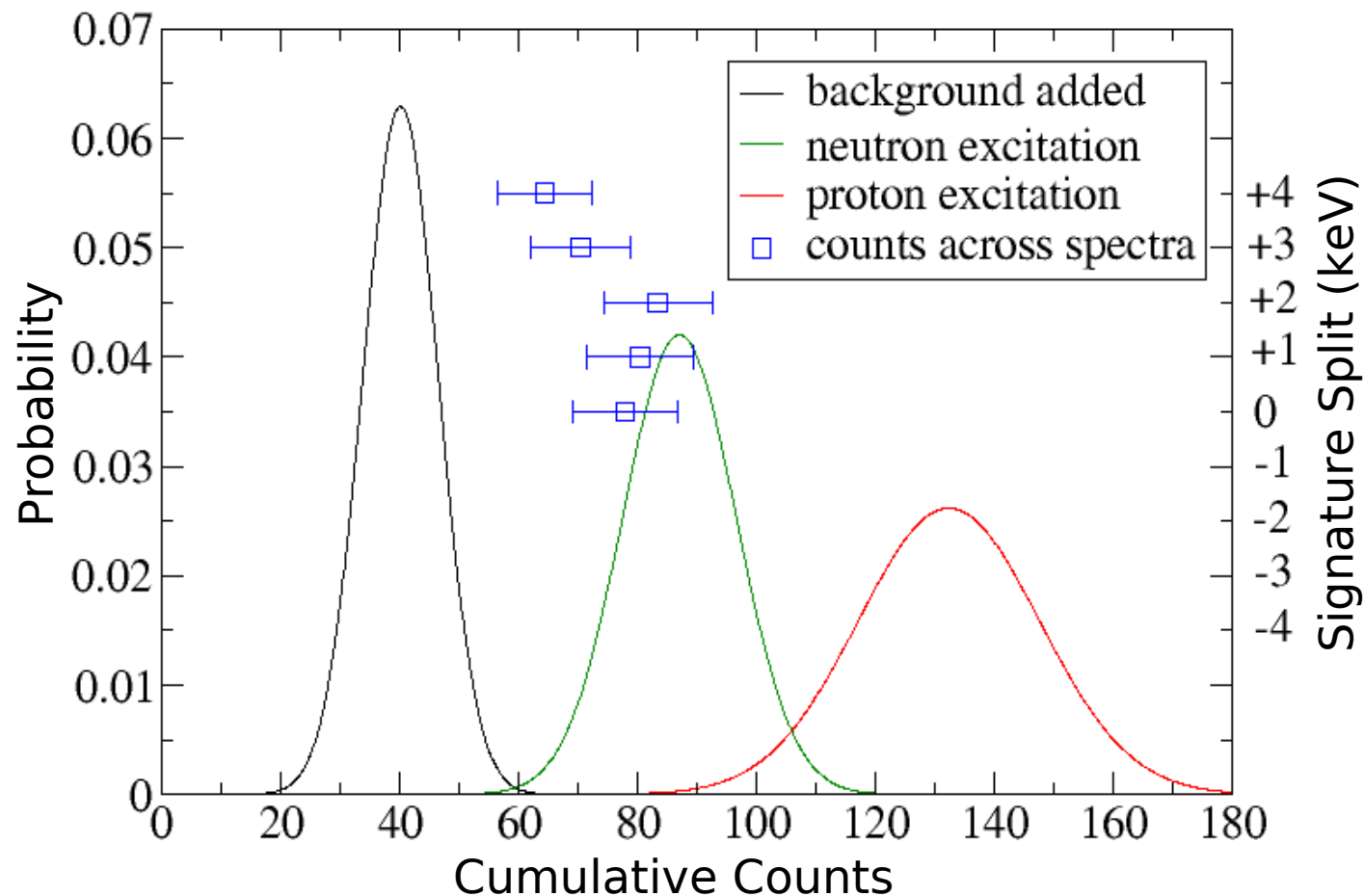
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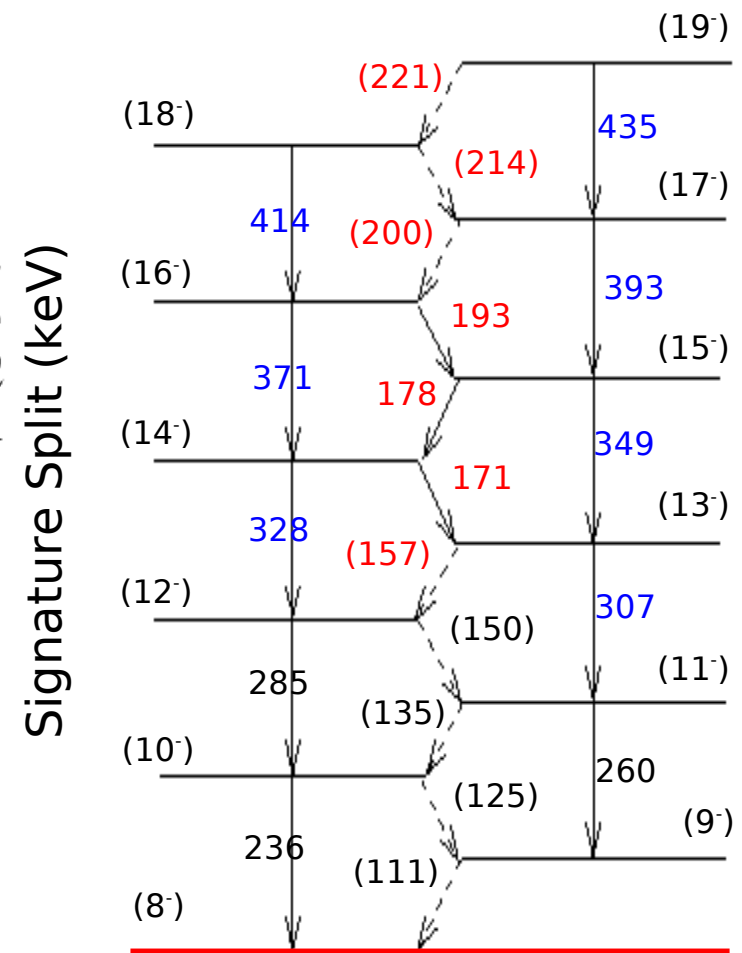
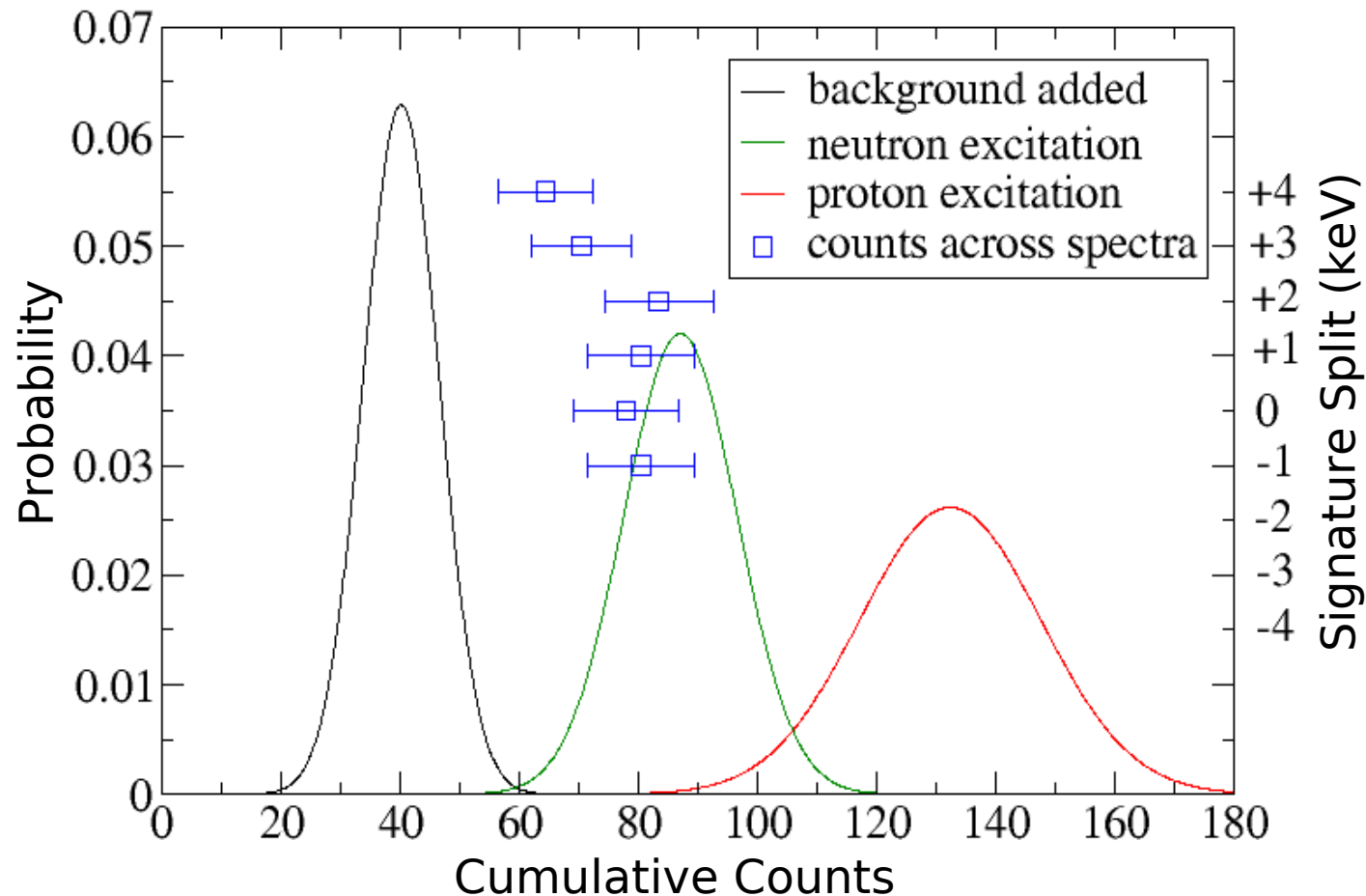
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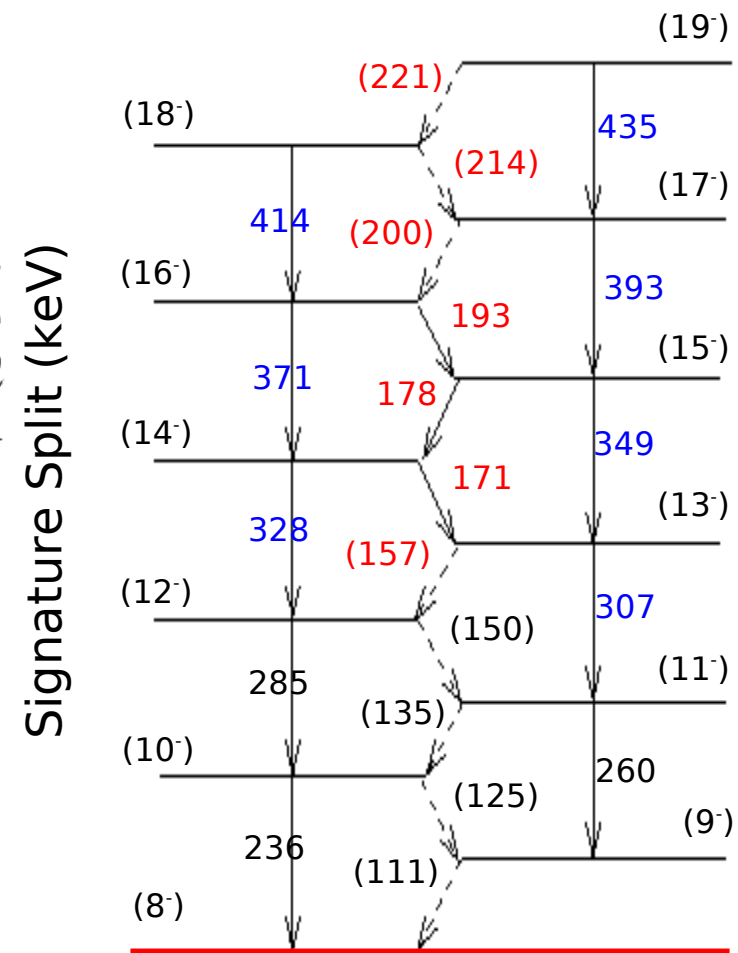
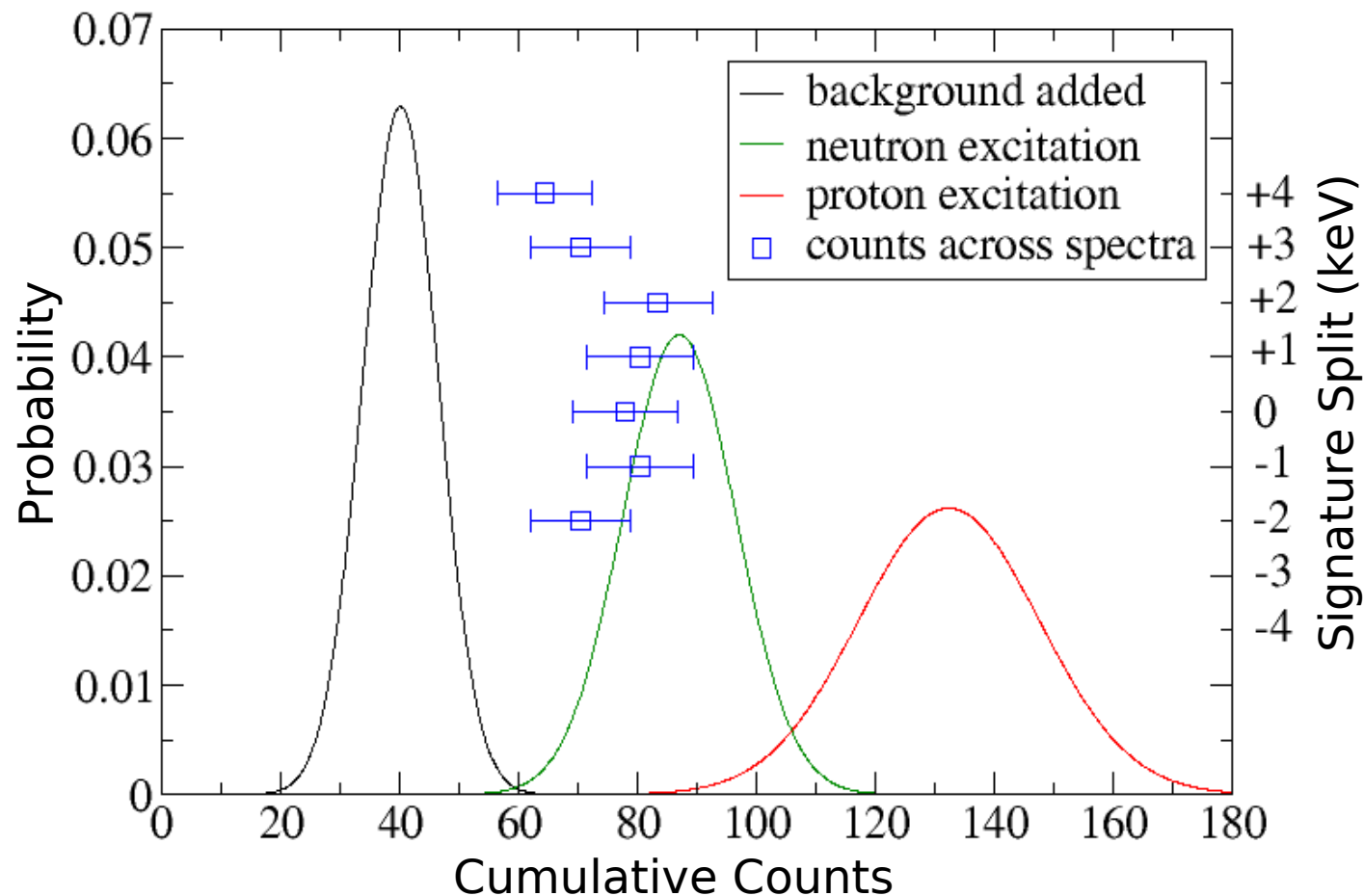
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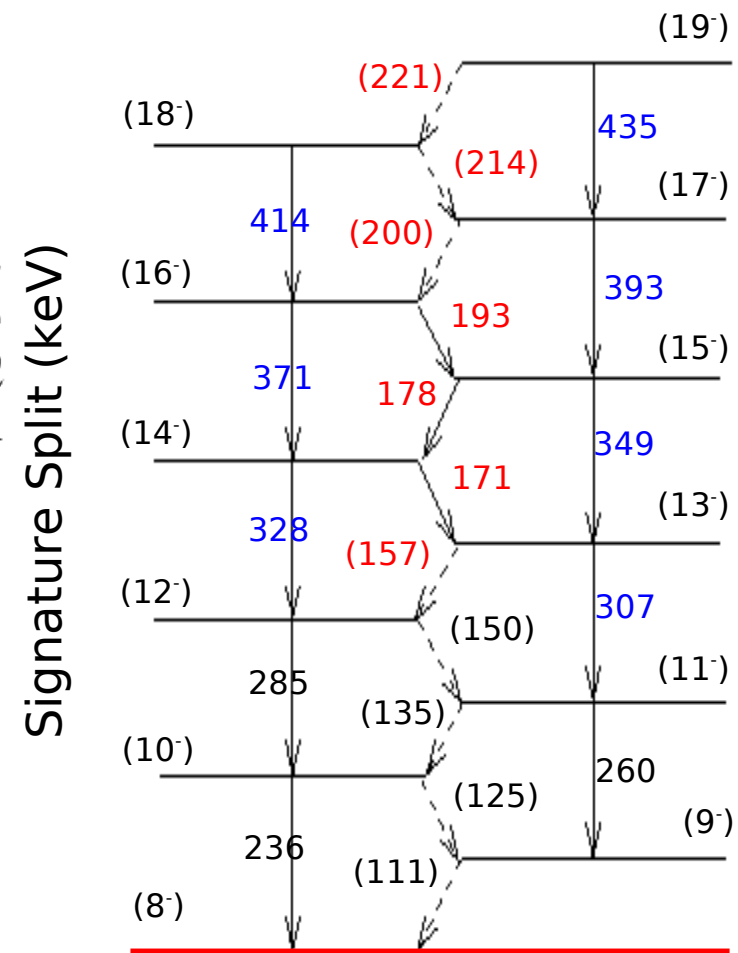
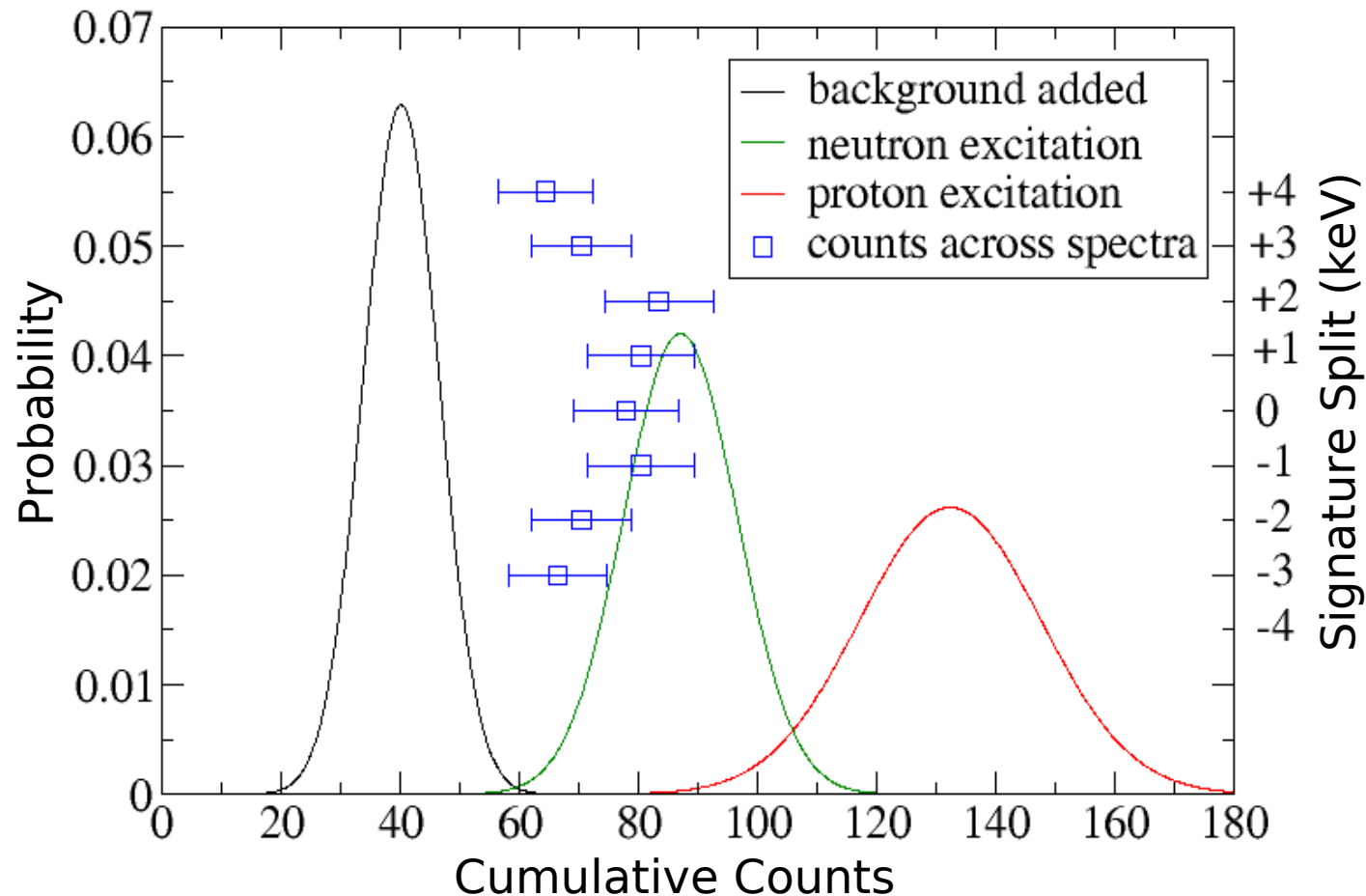
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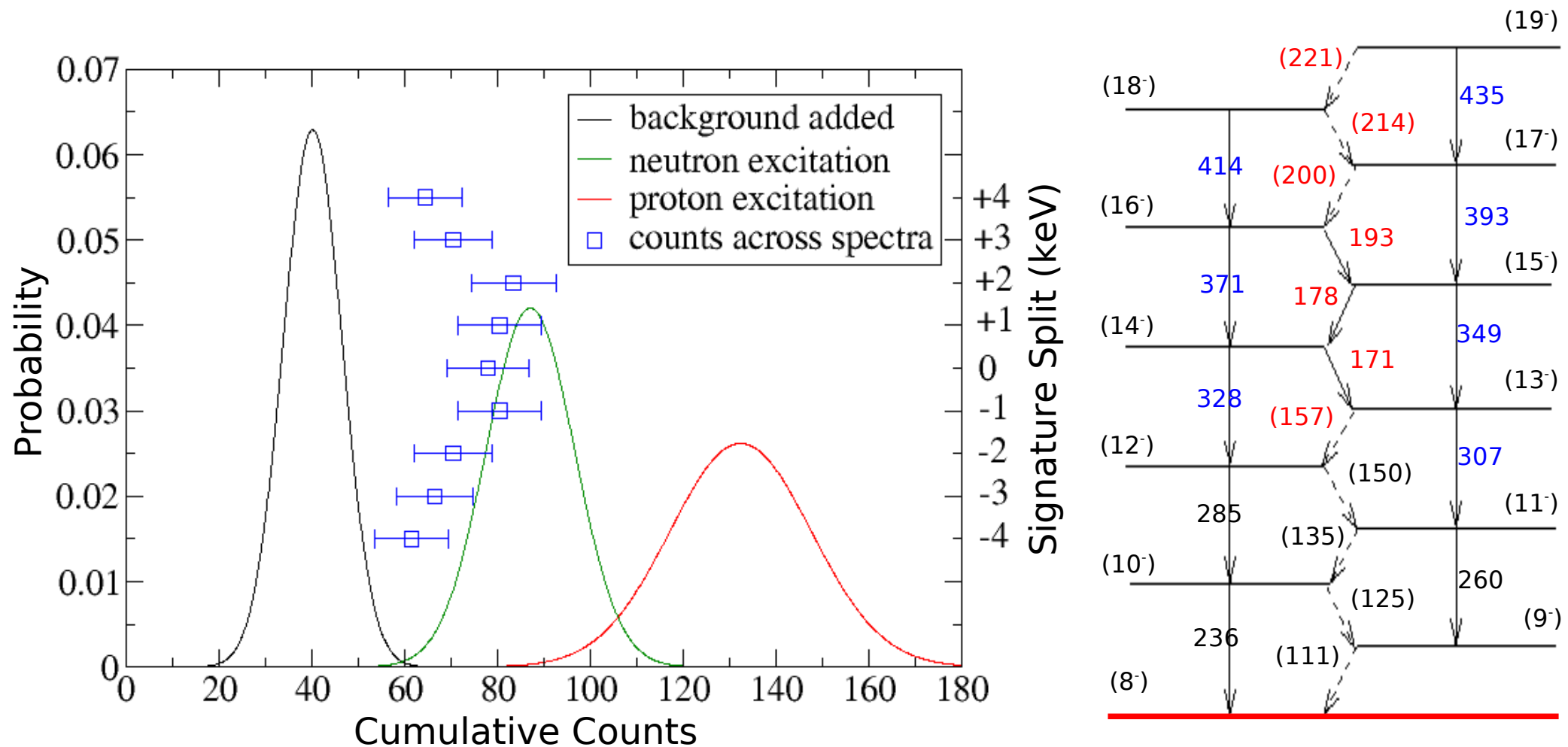
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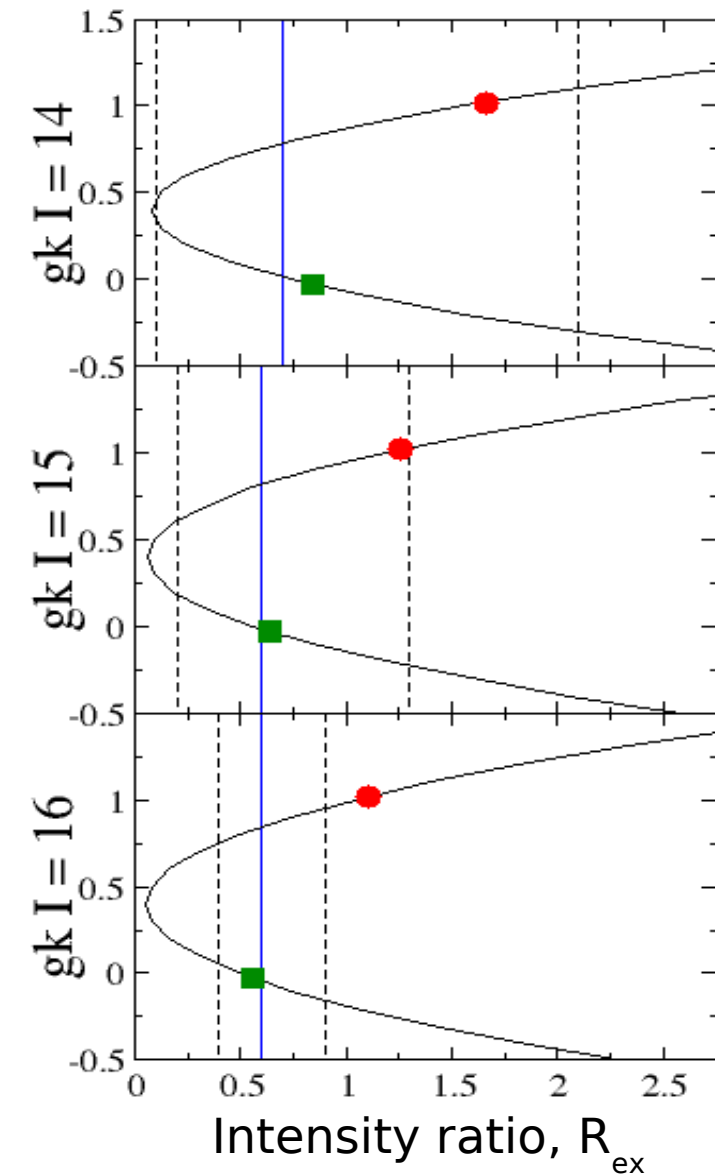
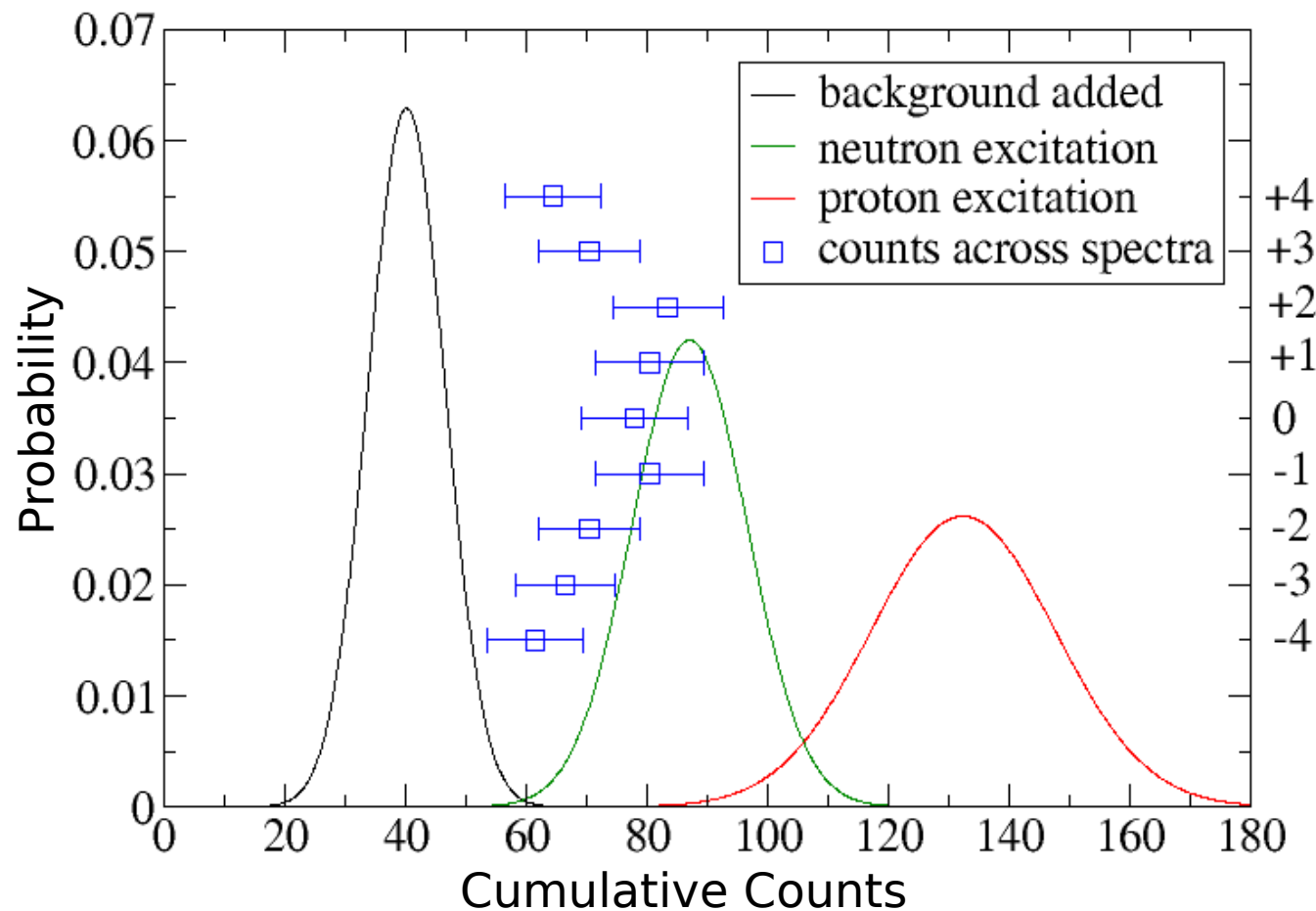
Proposed Assignment Method

- Good agreement with predicted neutron state



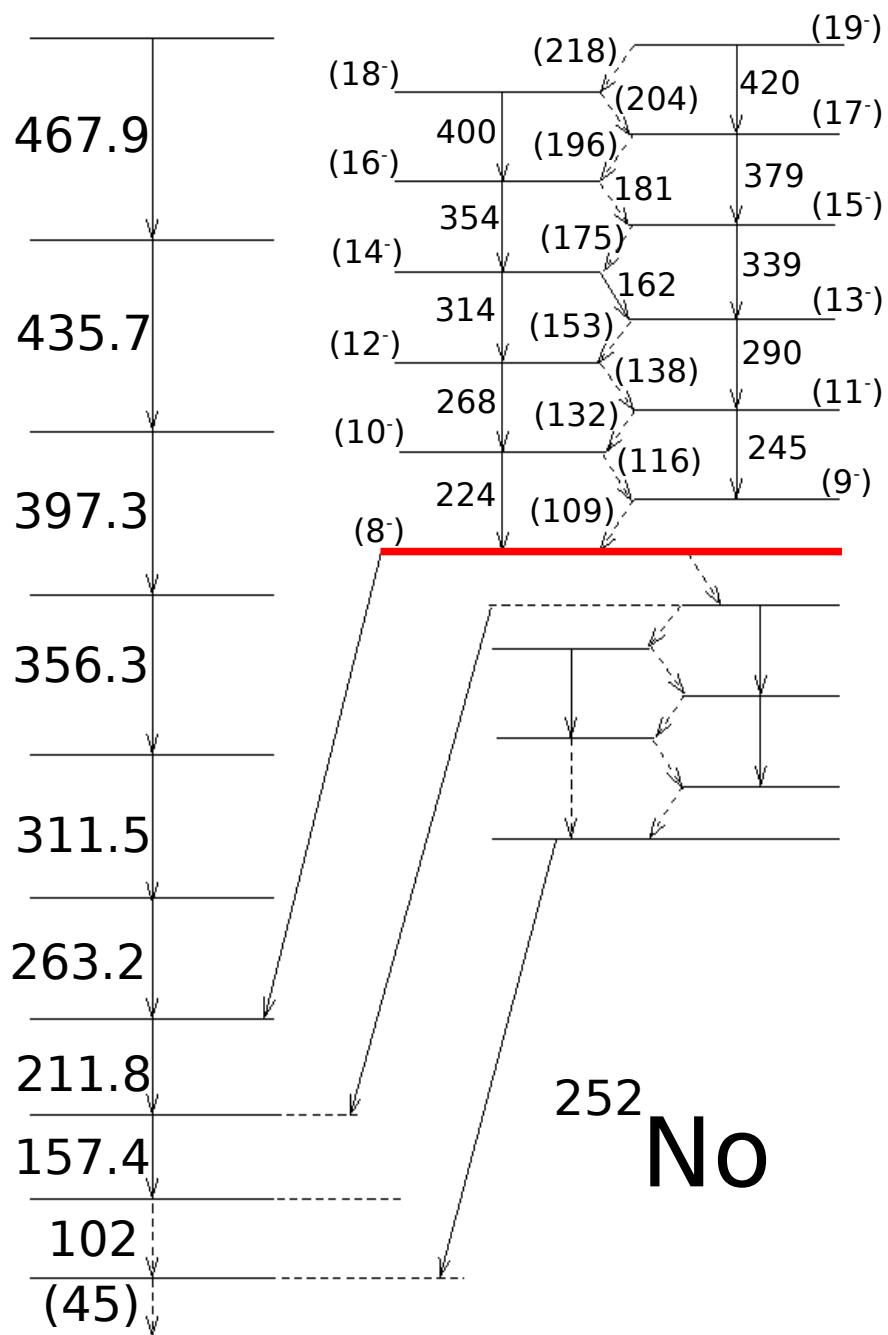
Proposed Assignment Method

- Good agreement with predicted neutron state
- Compare with individual transition g_k results

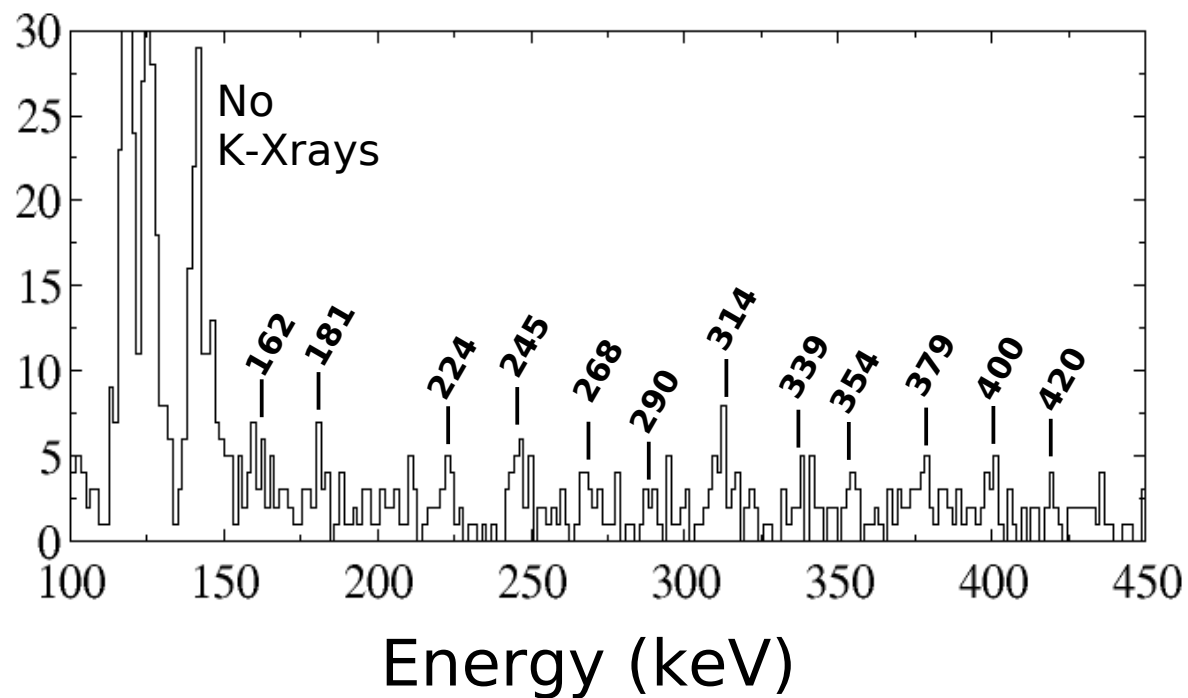


Applied to ^{252}No 8⁻ K-Isomer

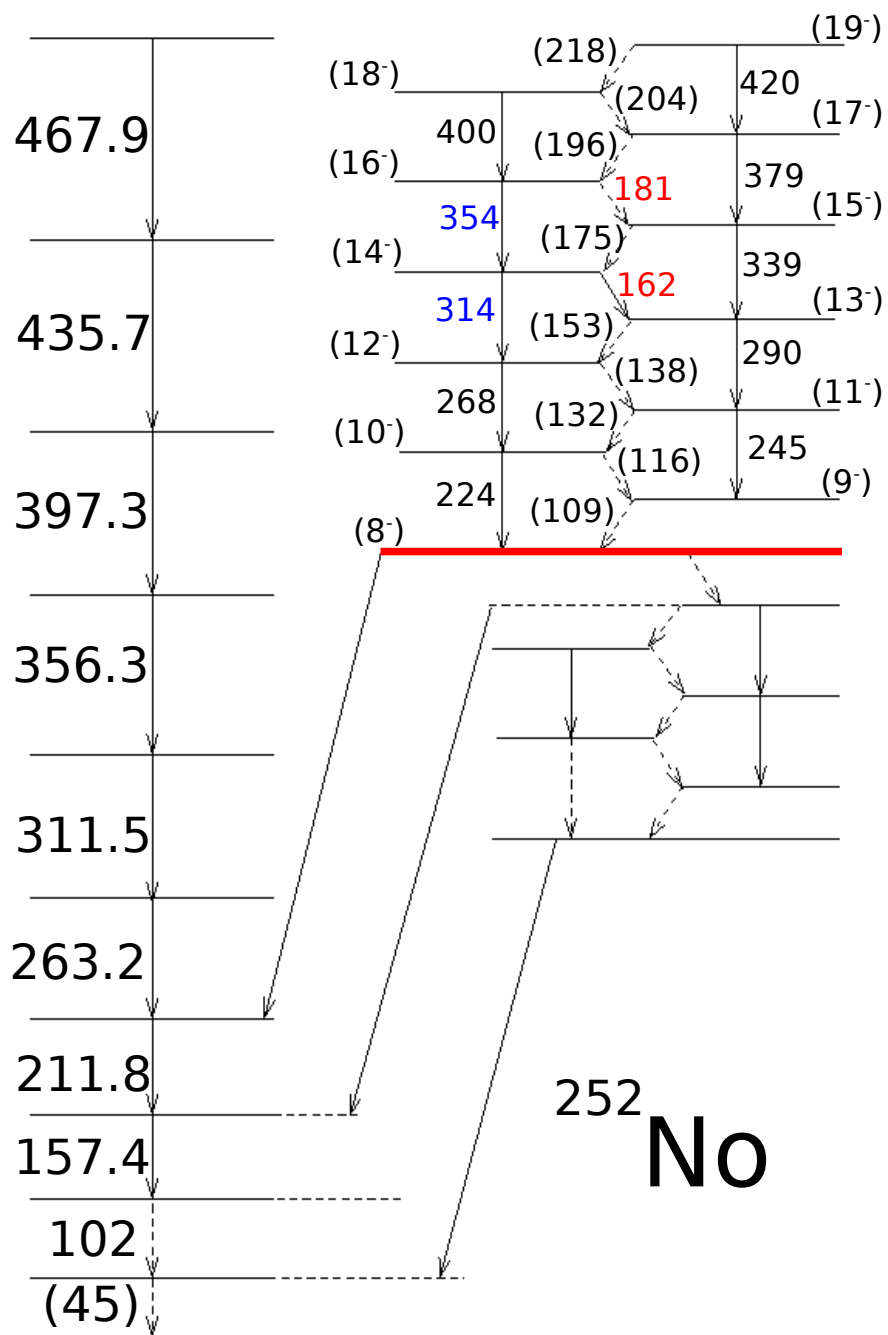
- Apply to inbeam ^{252}No data



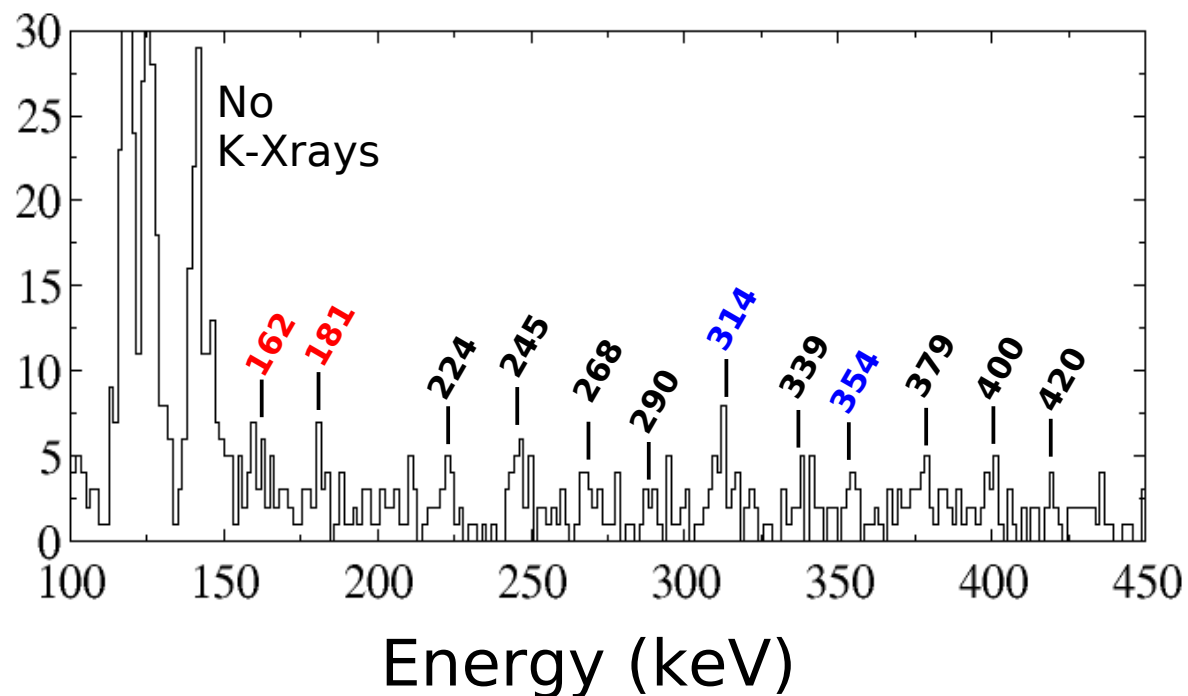
^{252}No



Applied to ^{252}No 8⁻ K-Isomer

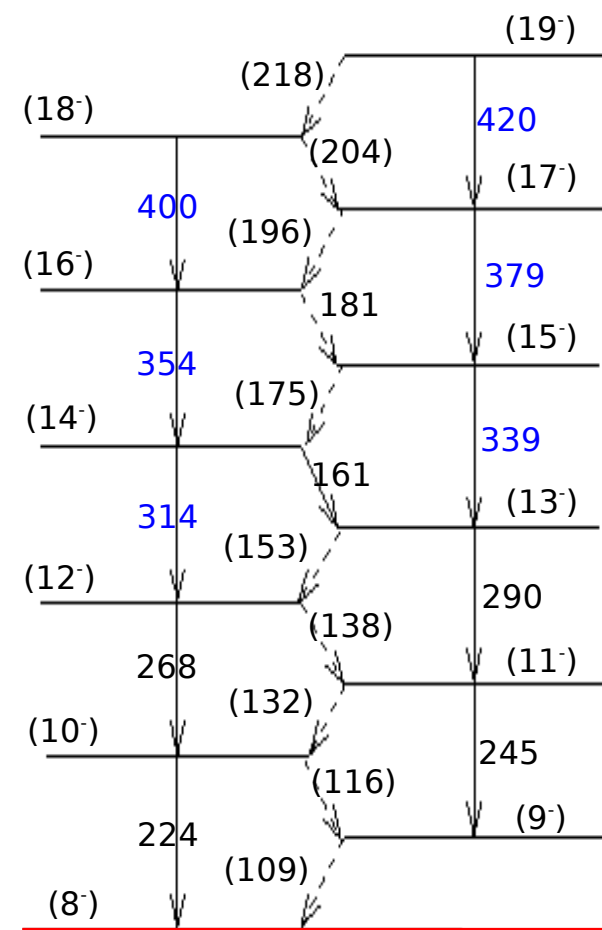
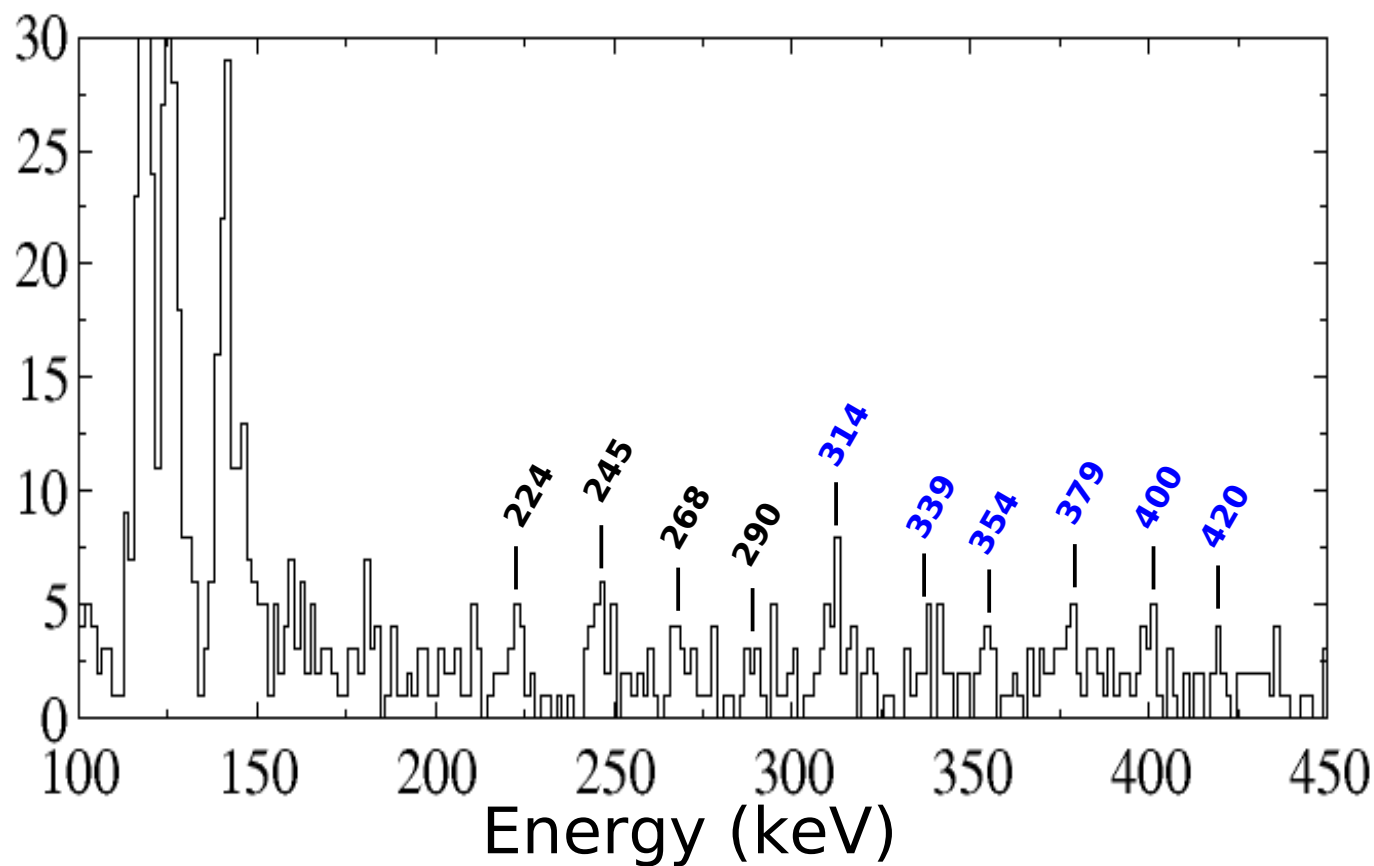


- Apply to inbeam ^{252}No data
- R_{exp} values and upper limits are inconclusive



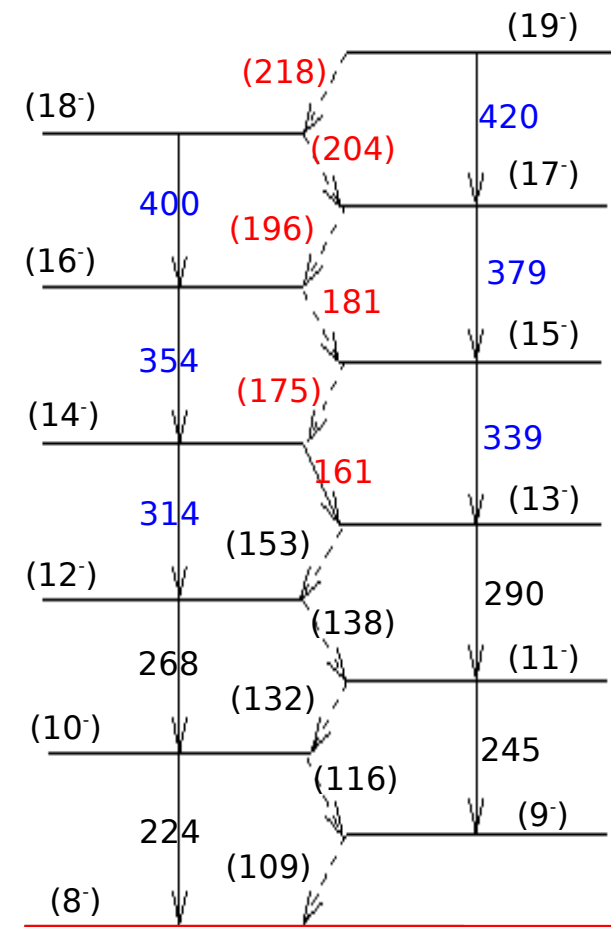
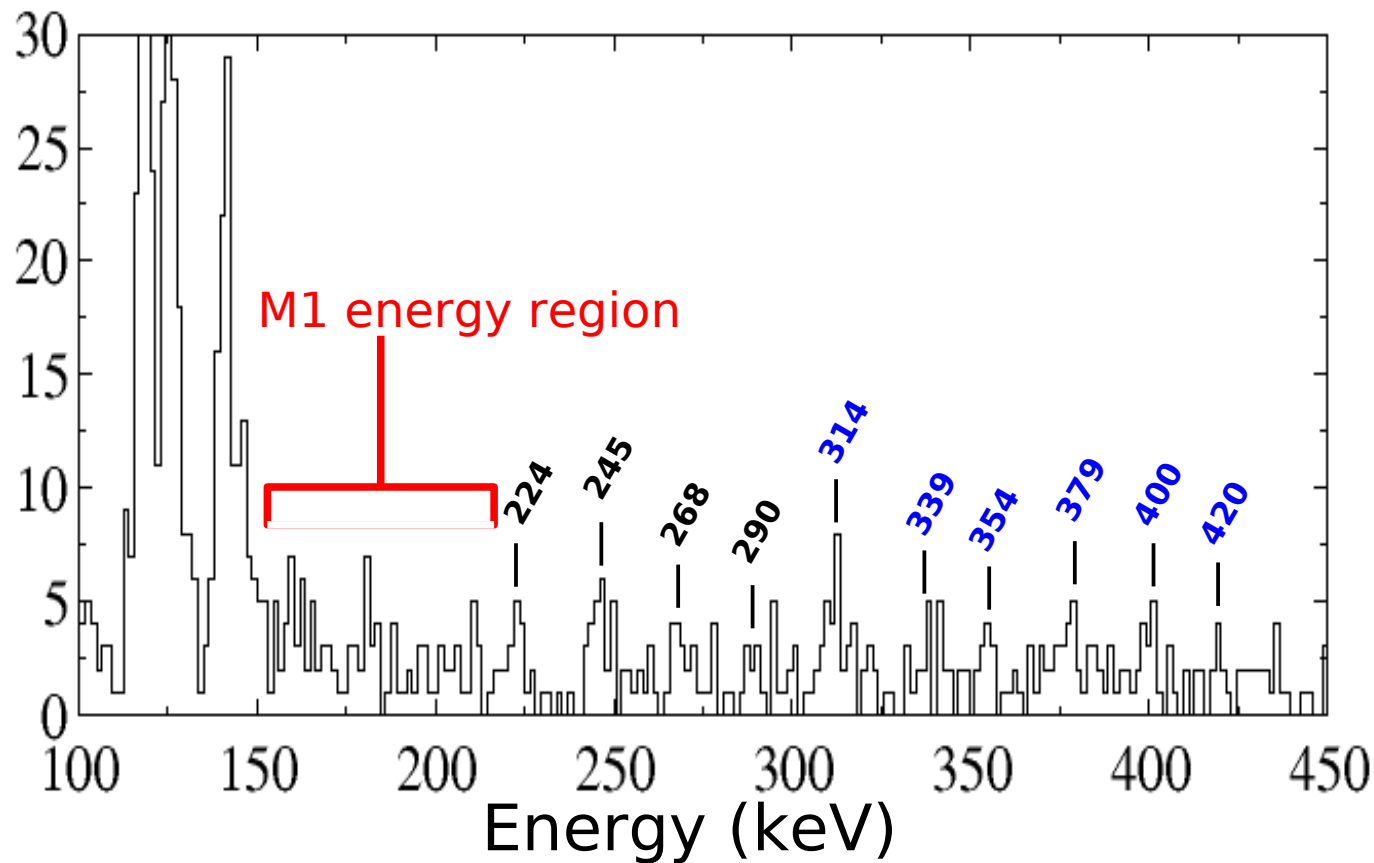
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- Take intensities of 6 E2 peaks



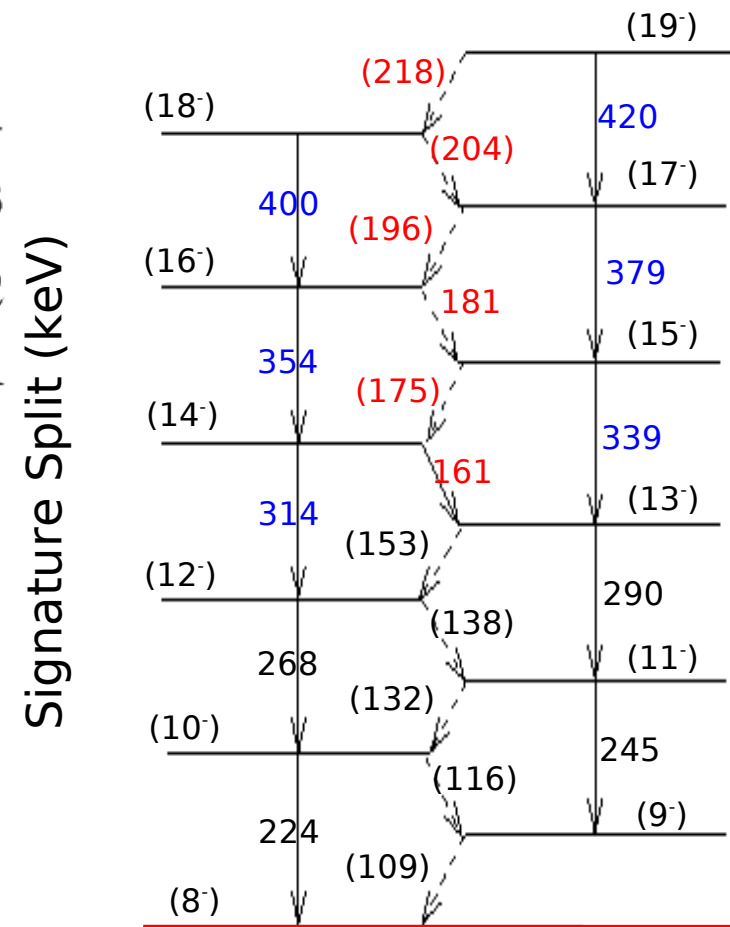
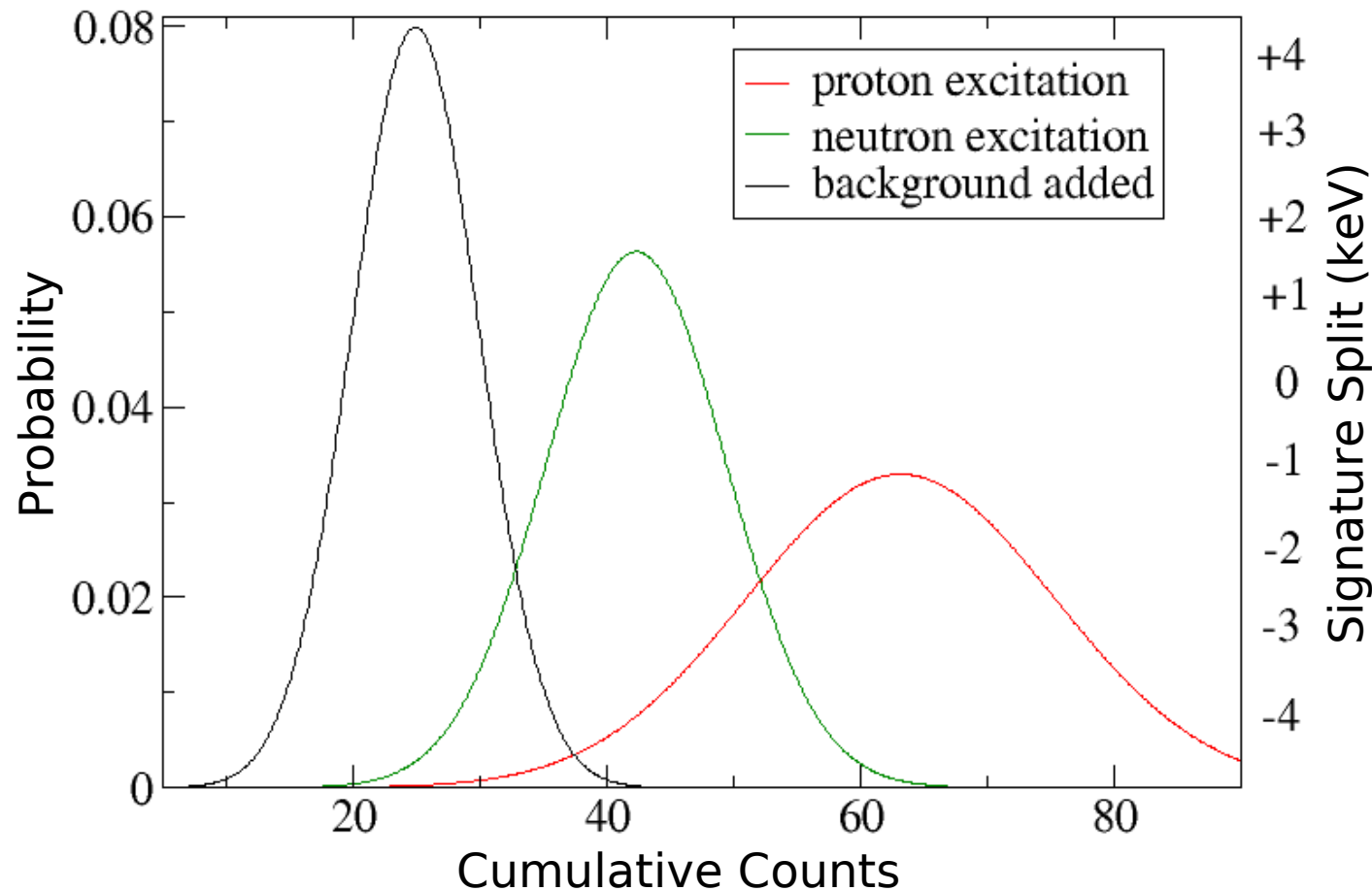
Applied to ^{252}No 8⁻ K-Isomer

- Take intensities of 6 E2 peaks
- Find expected number of counts across associated 6 M1 peaks assuming 2 possible structures



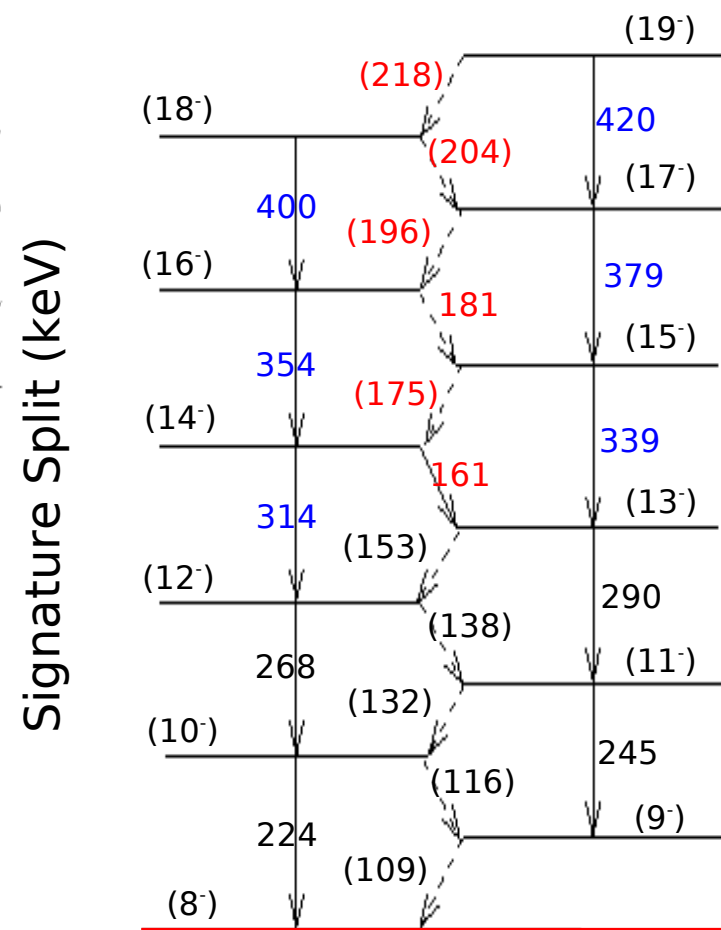
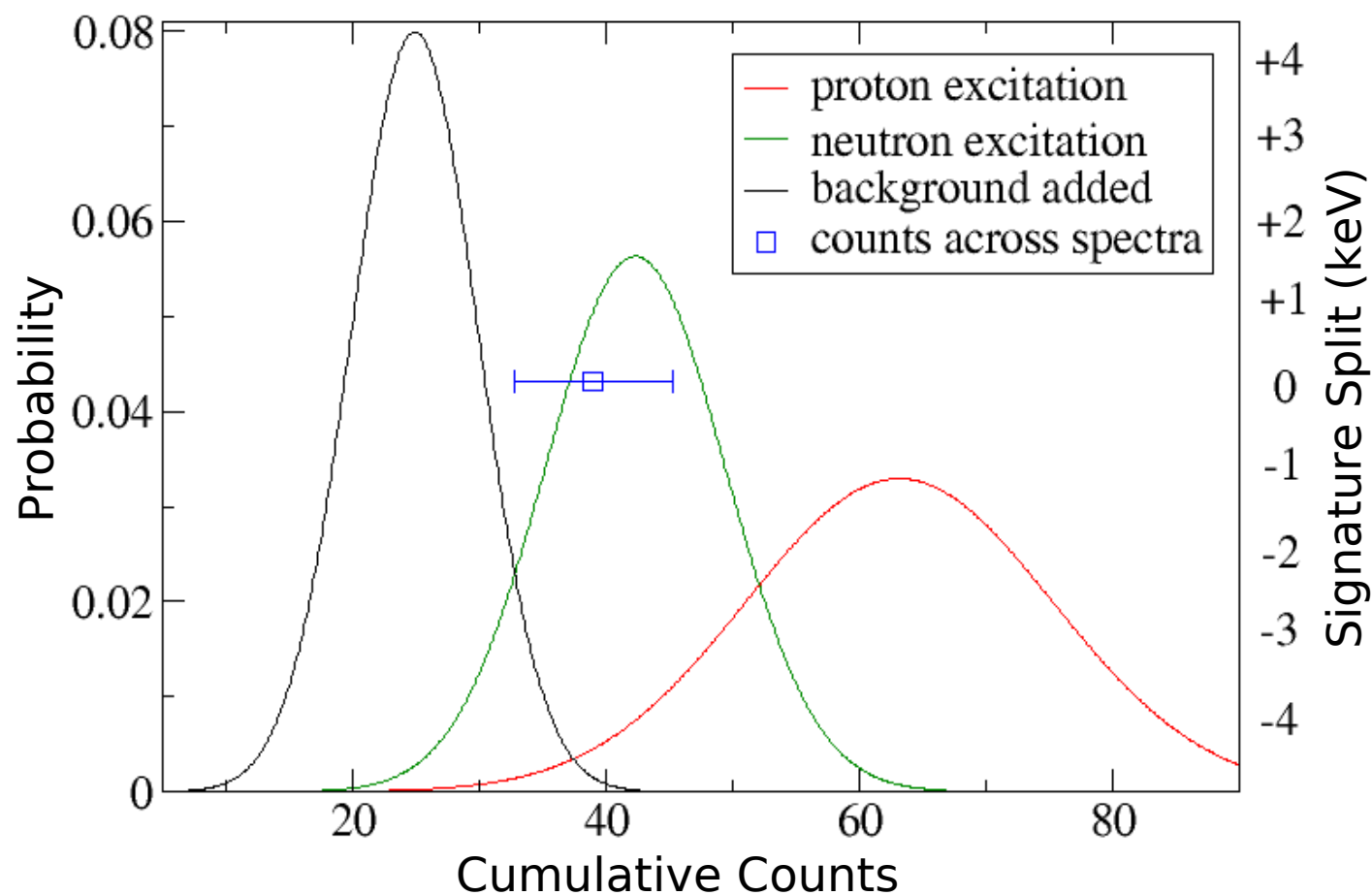
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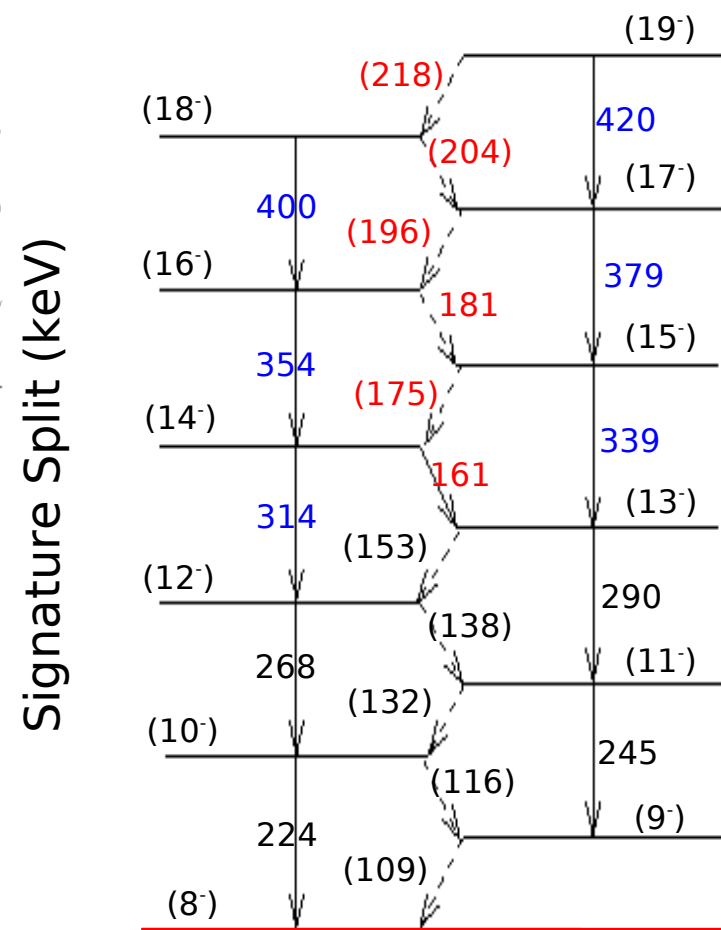
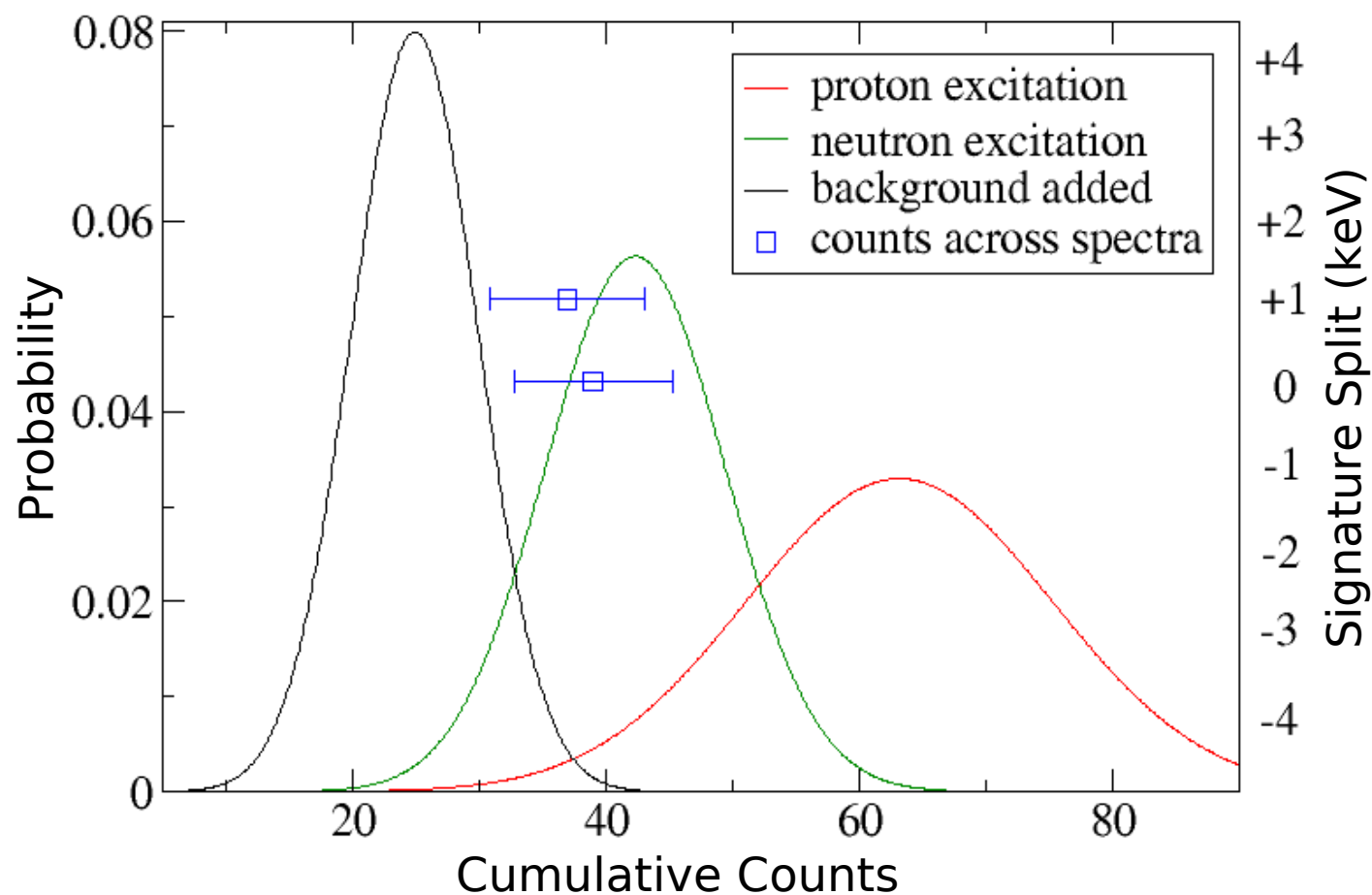
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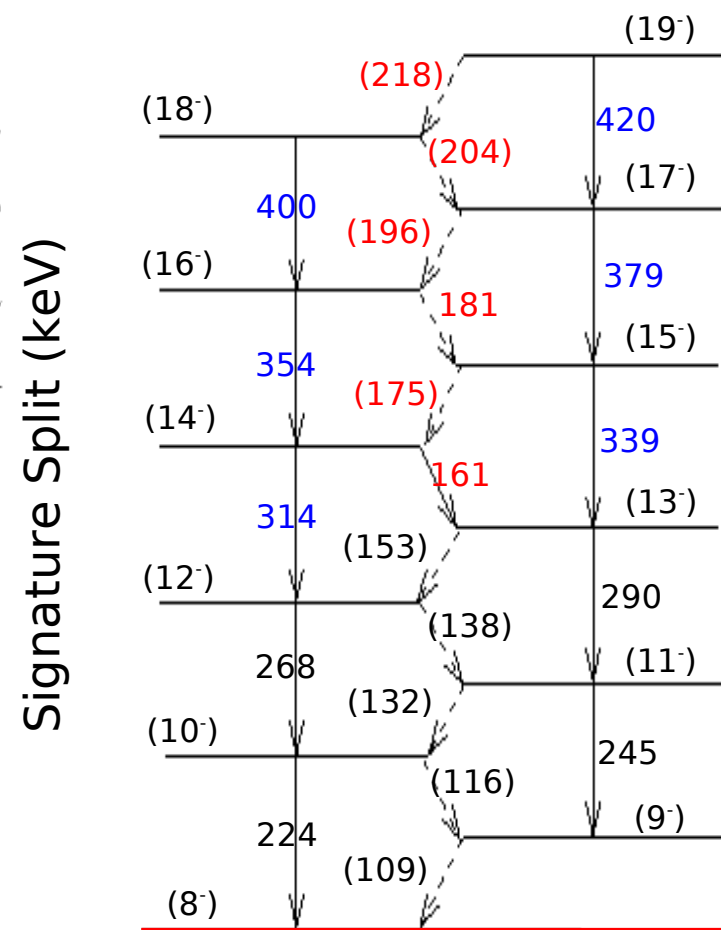
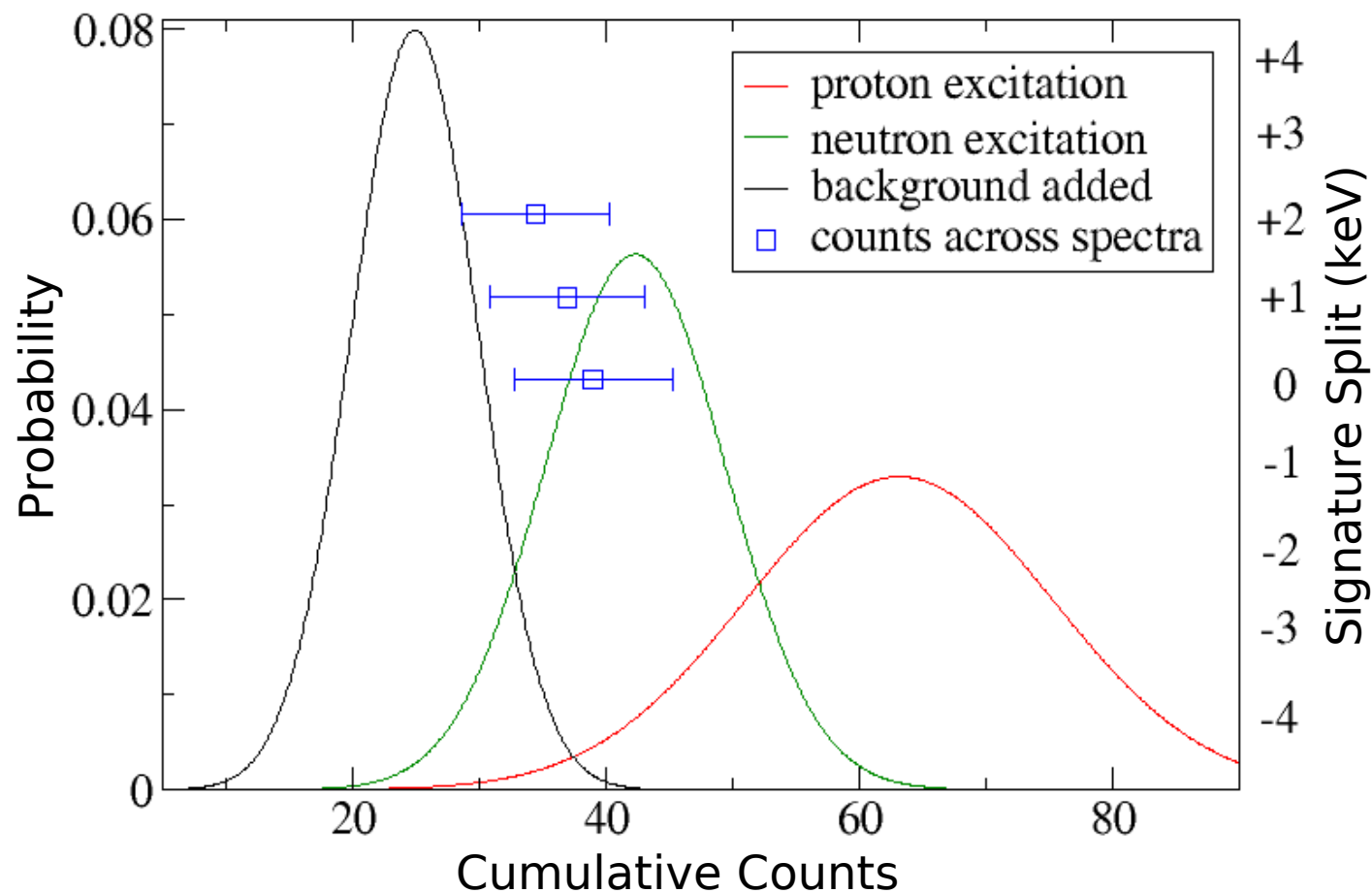
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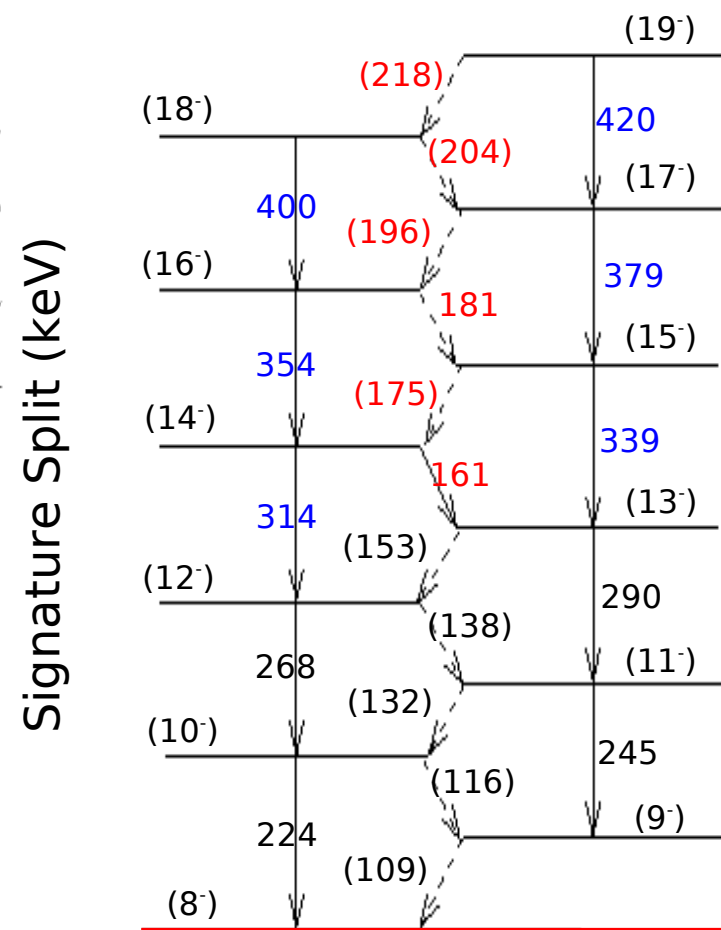
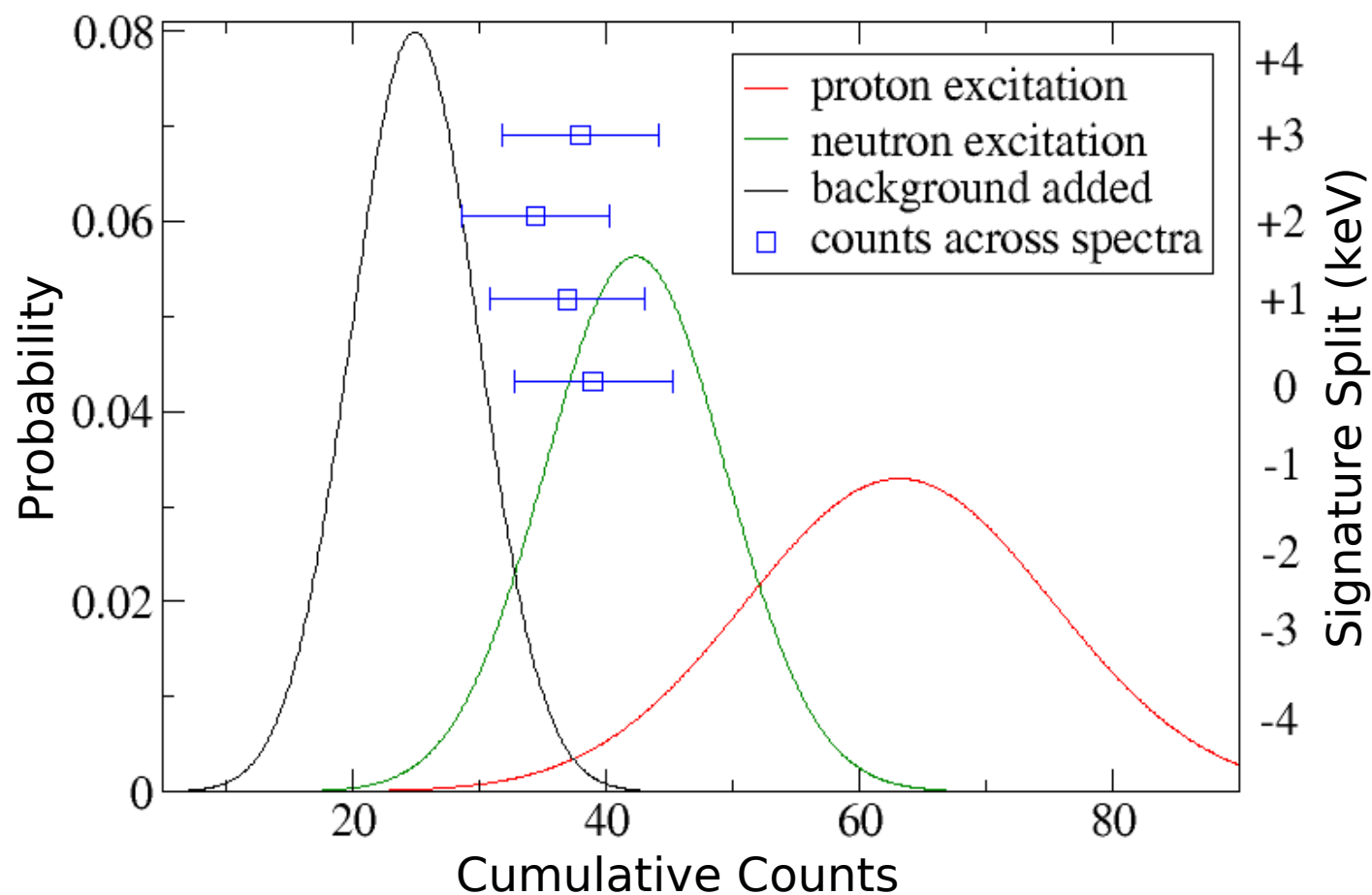
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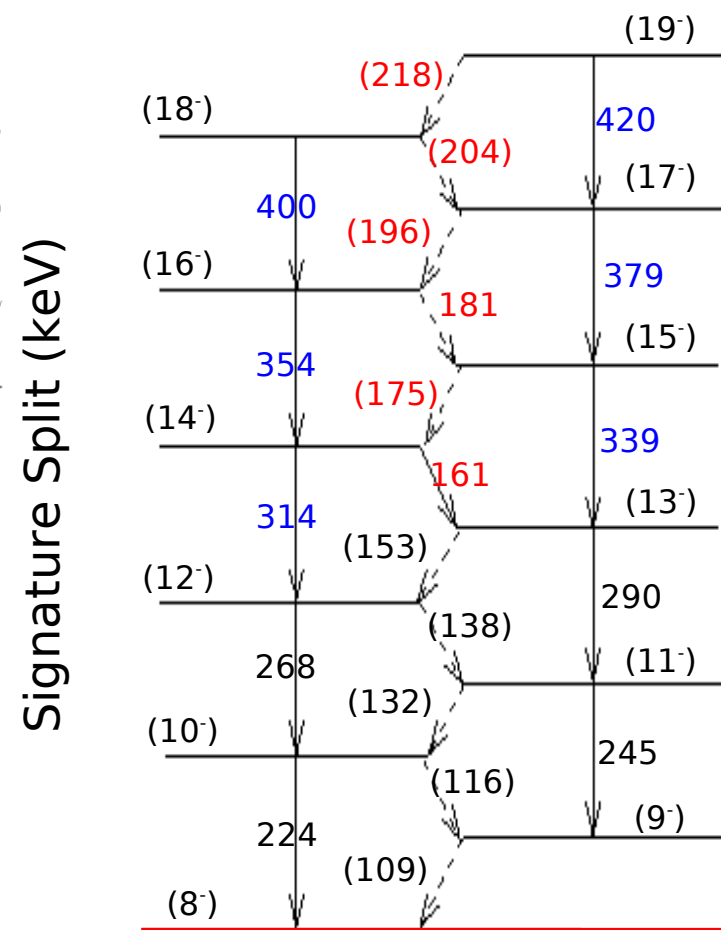
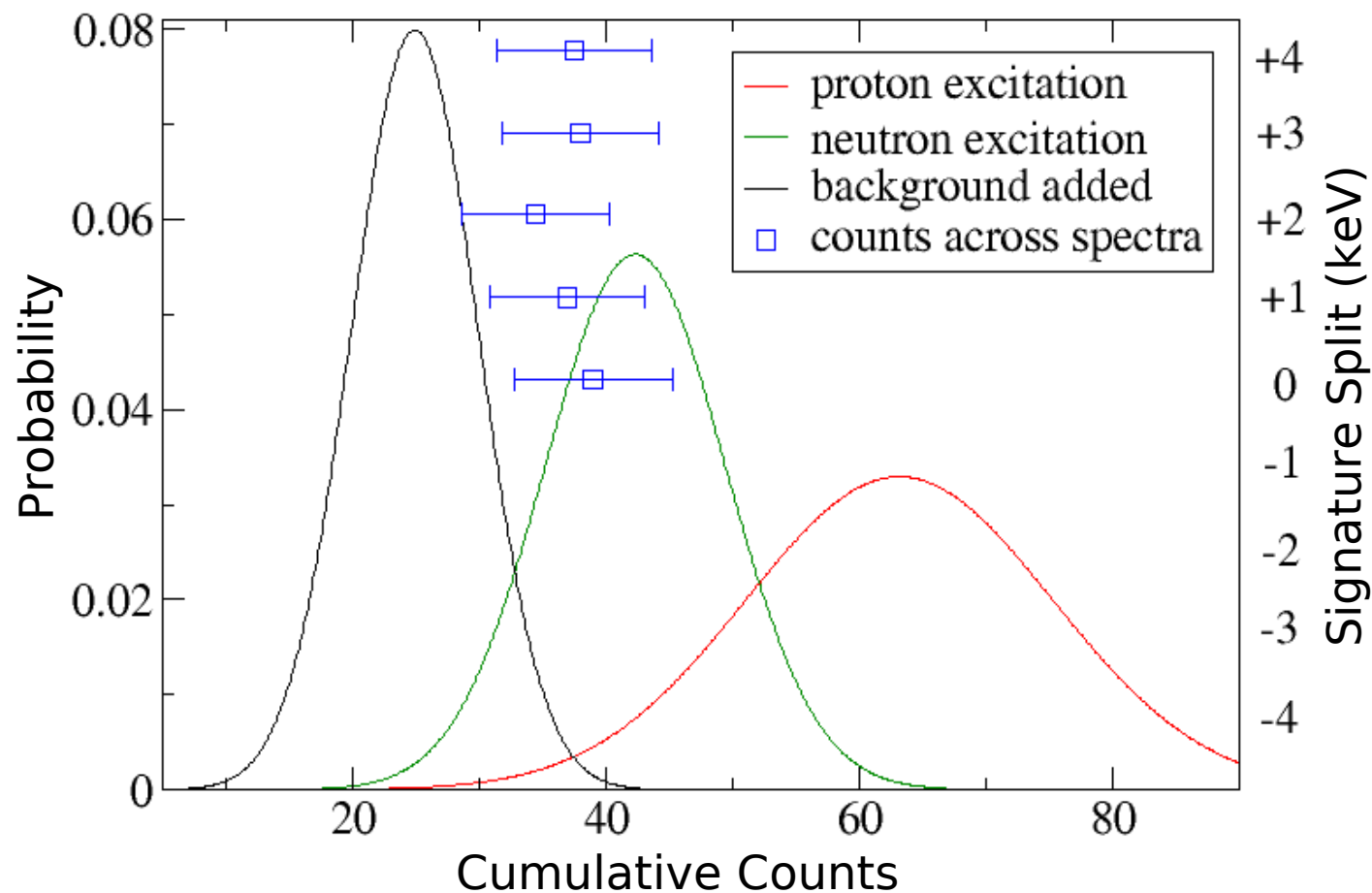
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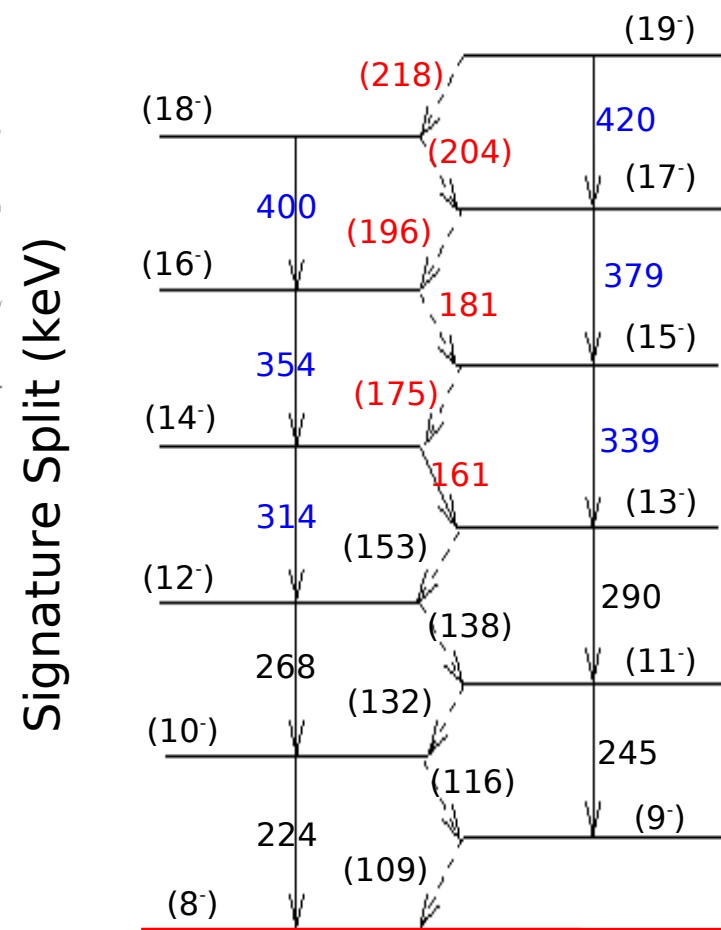
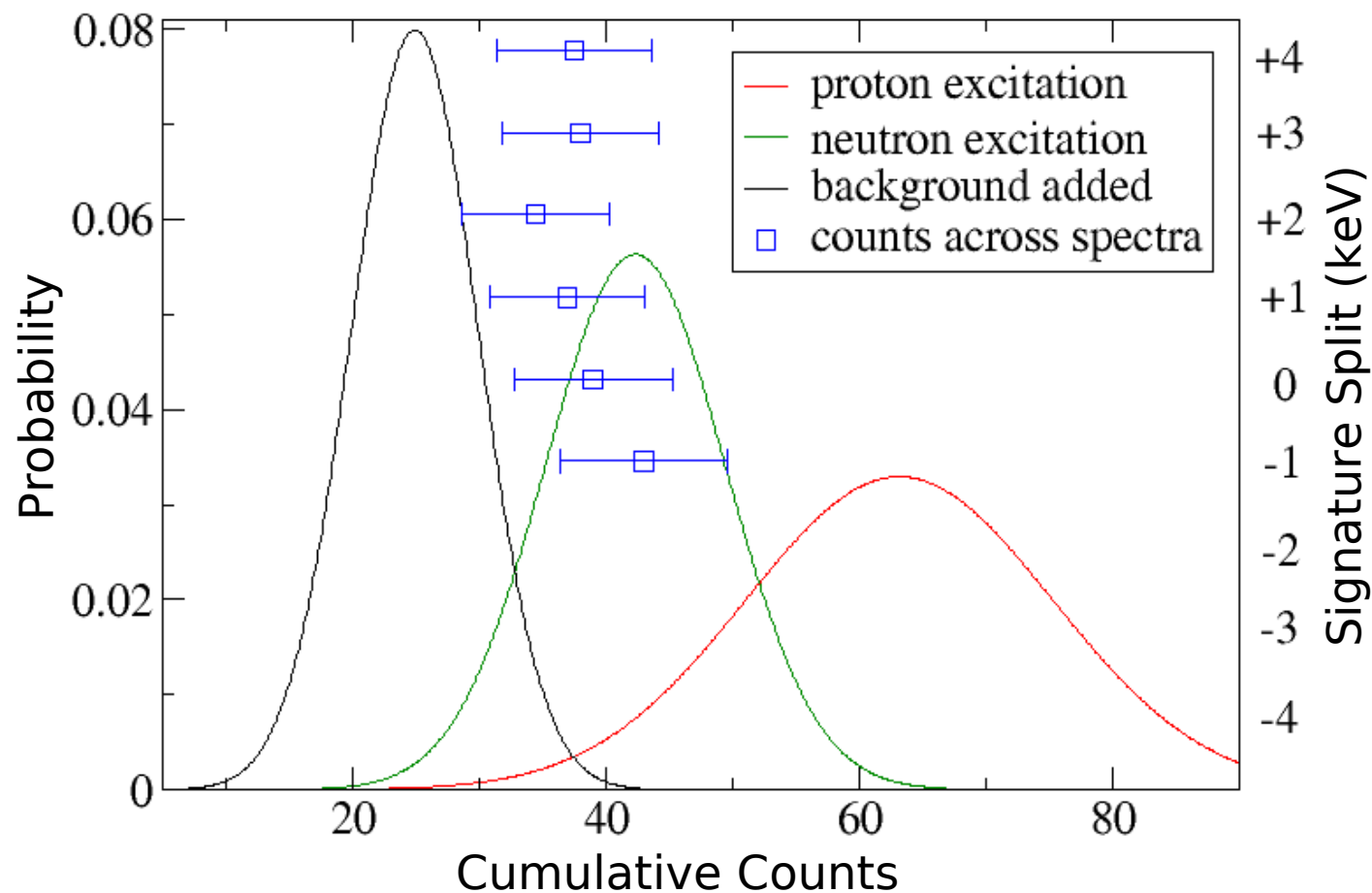
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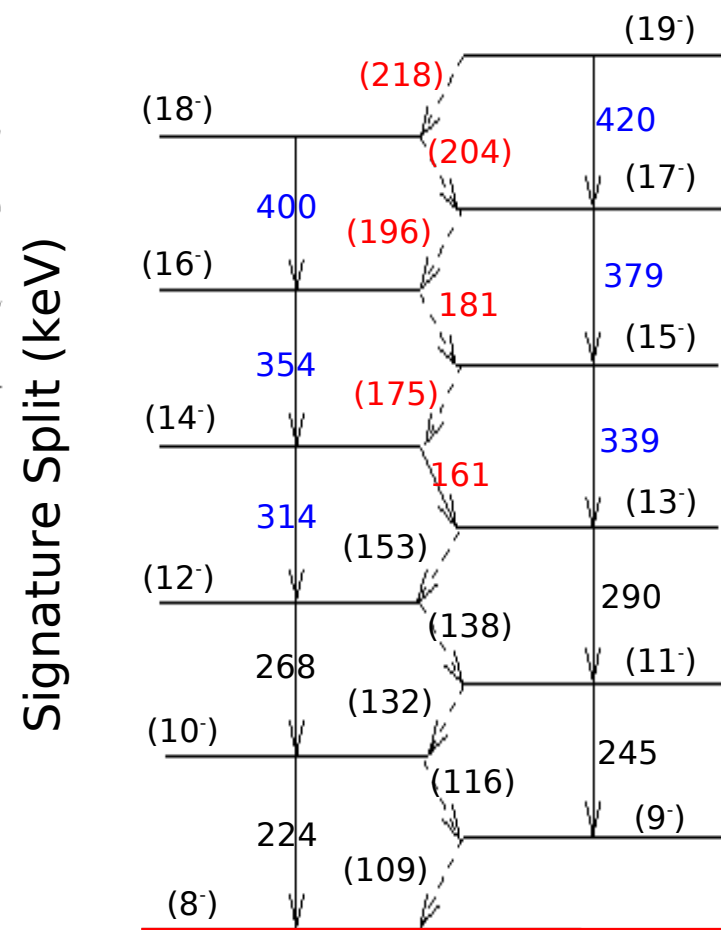
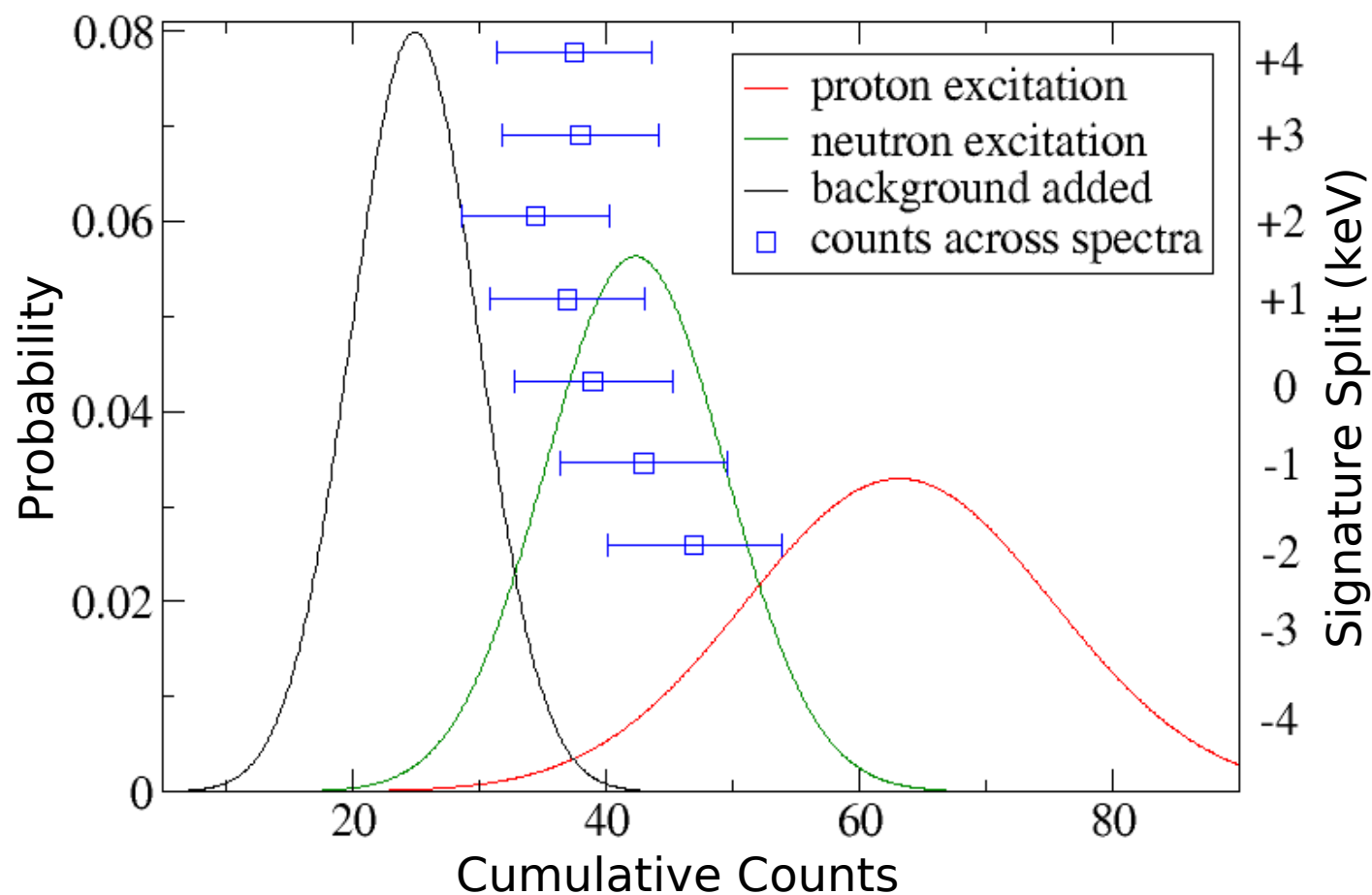
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- Find expected number of counts across associated 6 M1 peaks assuming 2 possible structures



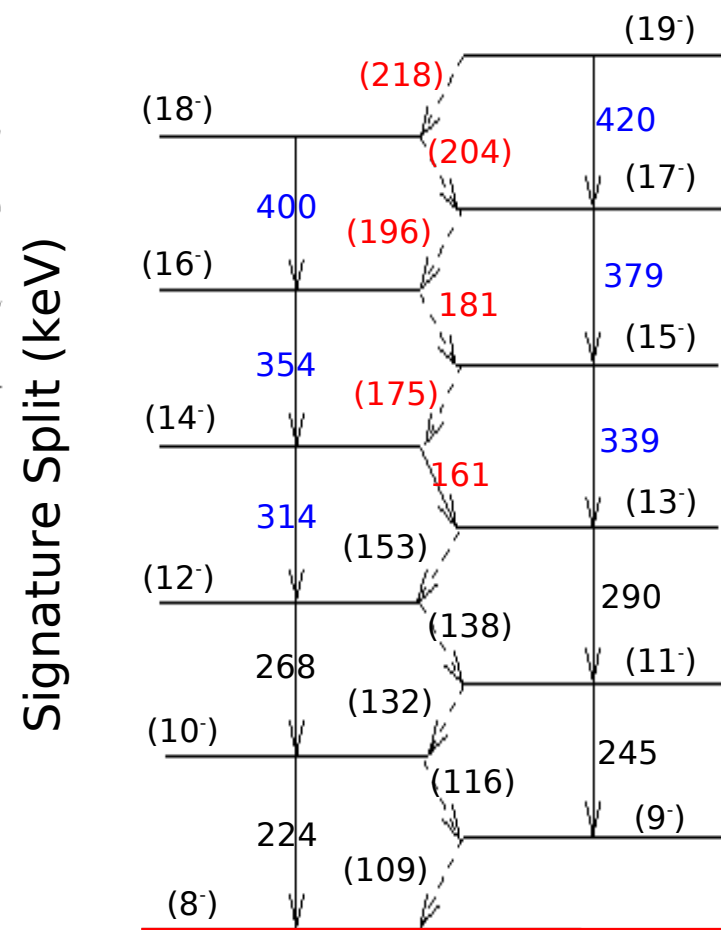
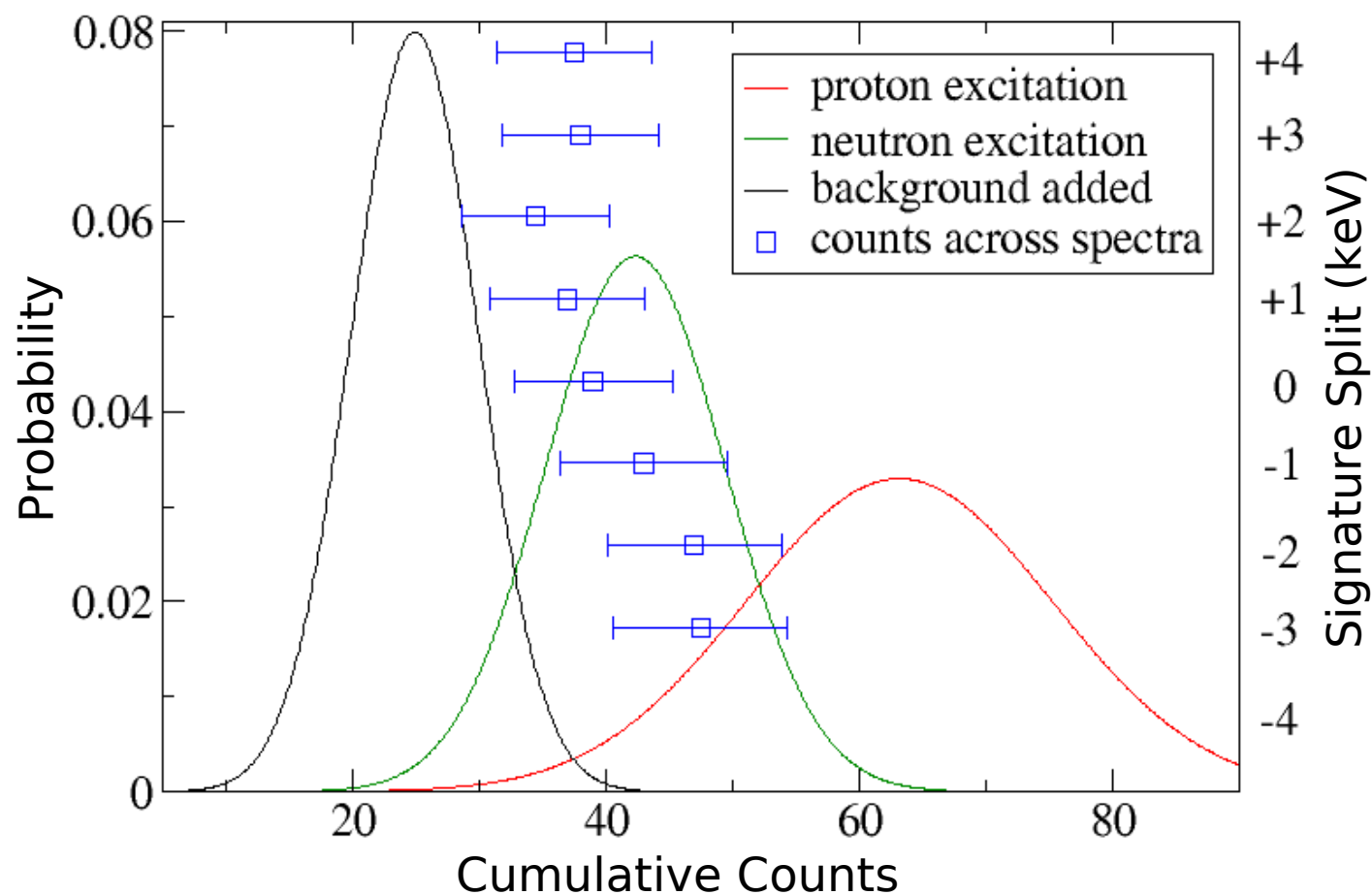
Applied to ^{252}No 8⁻ K-Isomer

- Take intensities of 6 E2 peaks
- Find expected number of counts across associated 6 M1 peaks assuming 2 possible structures



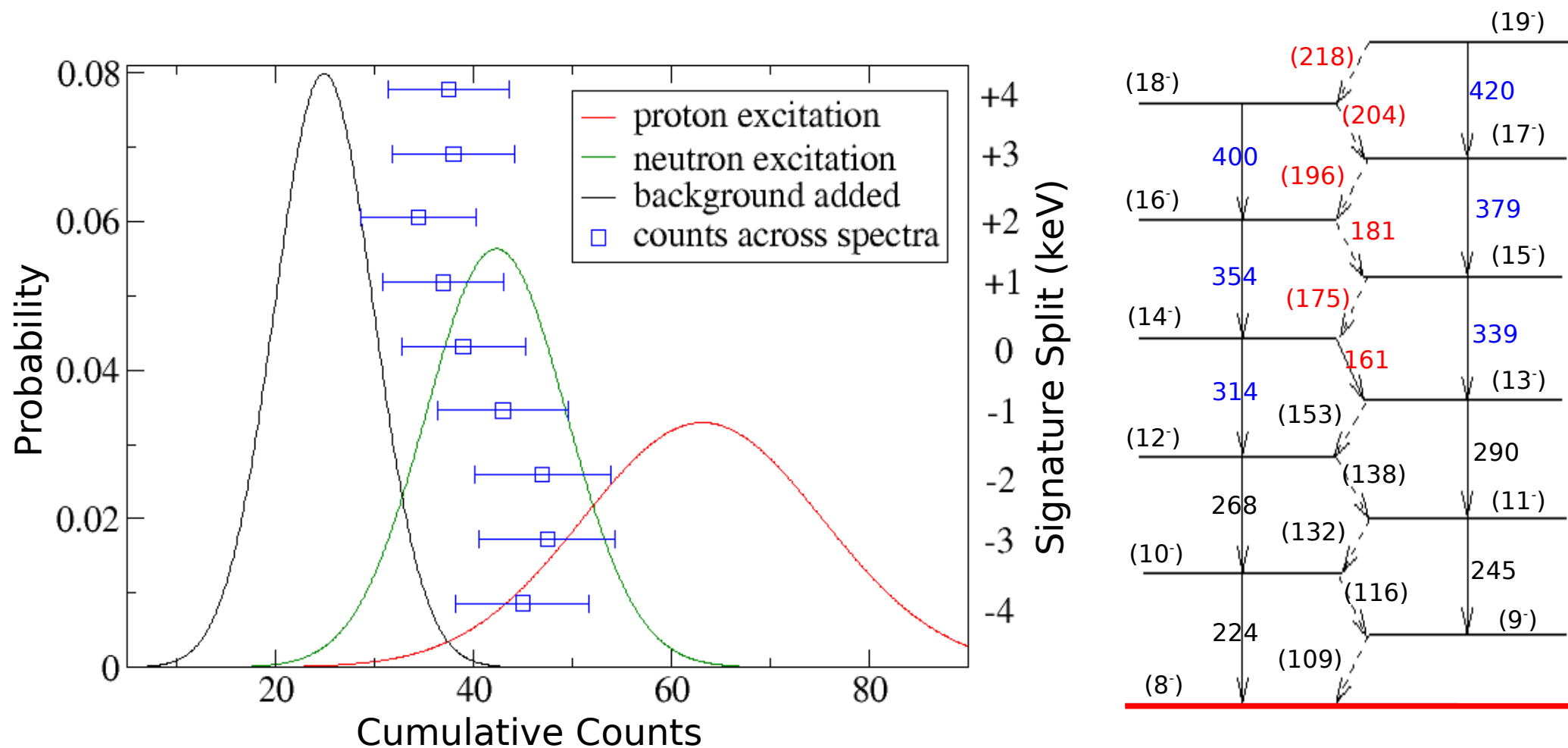
Applied to ^{252}No 8⁻ K-Isomer

- Take intensities of 6 E2 peaks
- Find expected number of counts across associated 6 M1 peaks assuming 2 possible structures



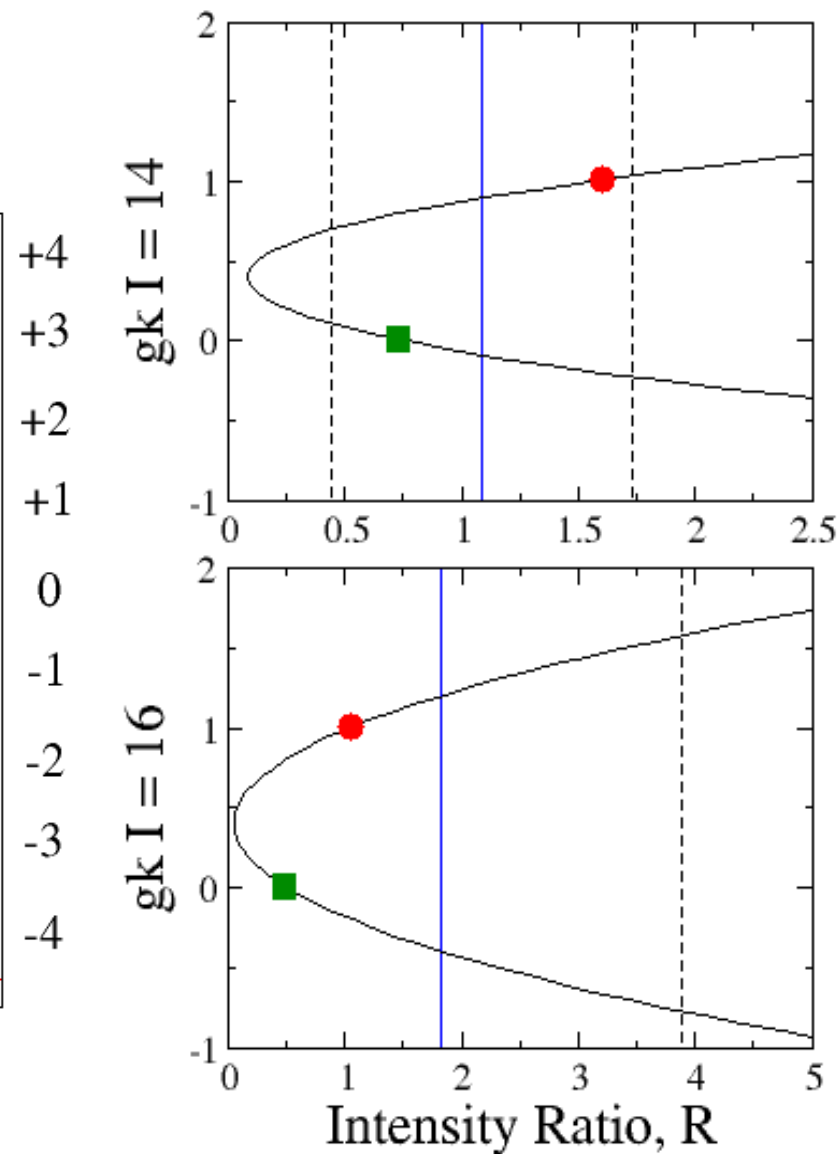
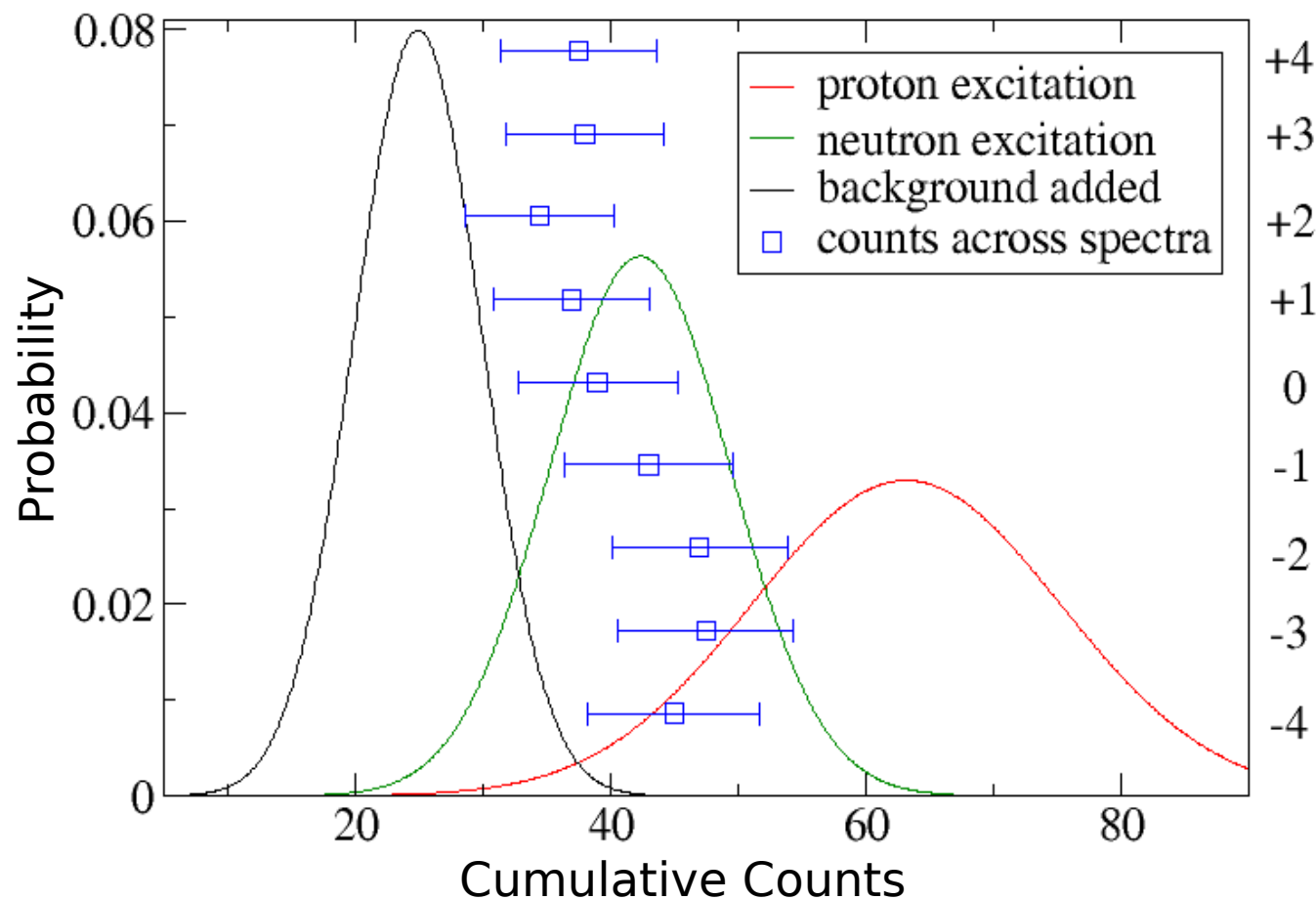
Applied to ^{252}No 8⁻ K-Isomer

- Some agreement with predicted neutron state



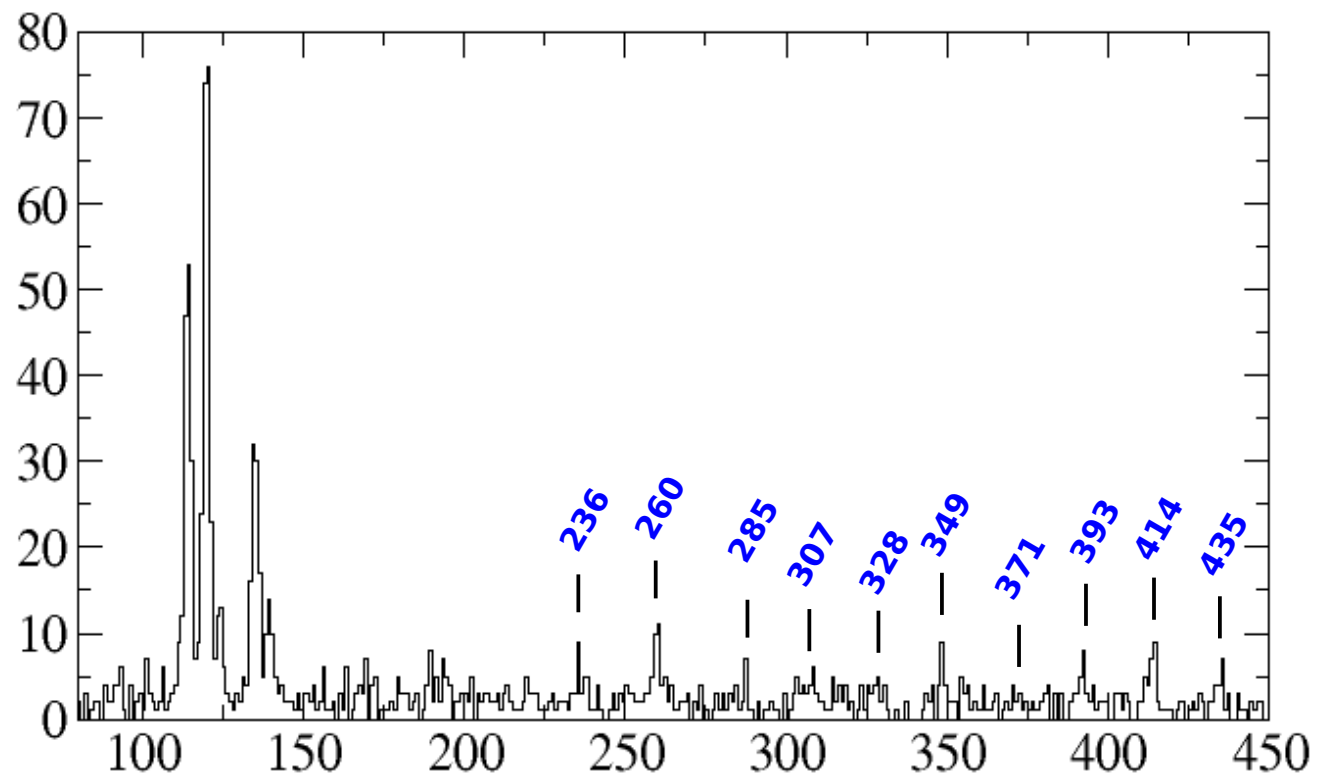
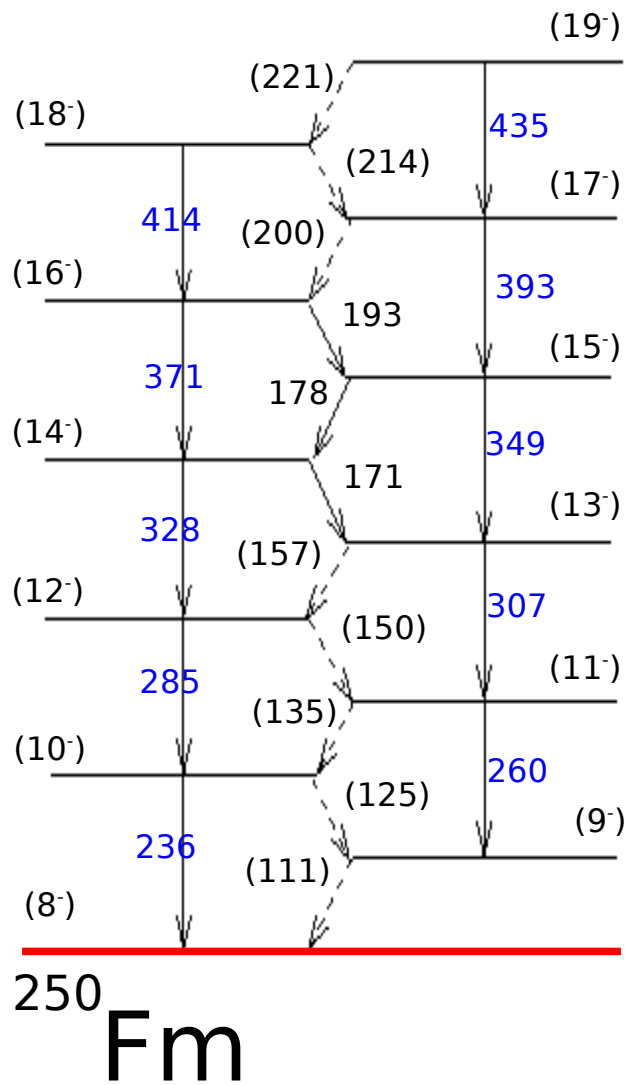
Applied to ^{252}No 8⁻ K-Isomer

- Some agreement with predicted neutron state
- Compare with individual g_k method



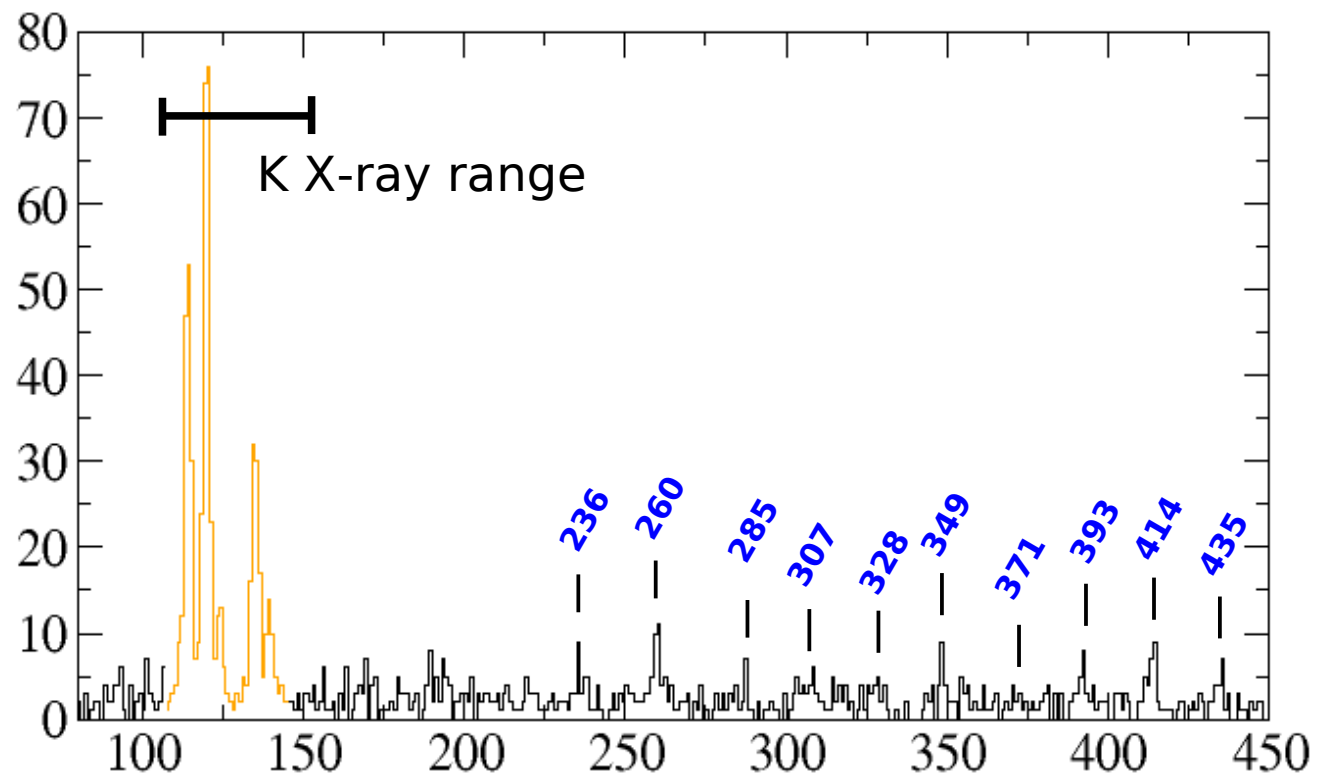
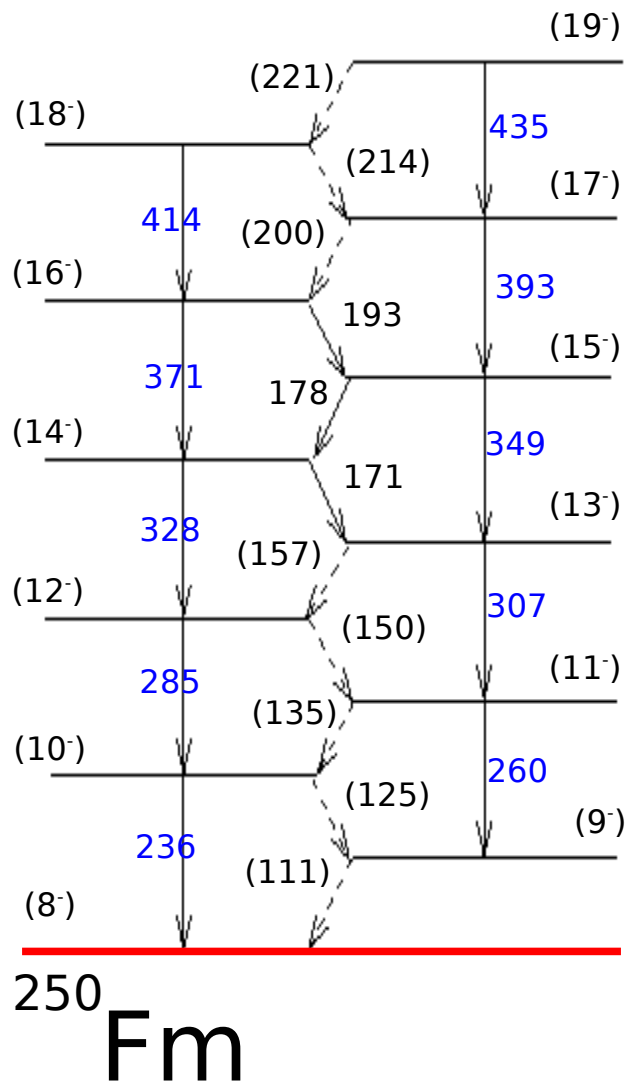
Expected X-ray Counts

- Consider all E2 transitions in rotational band



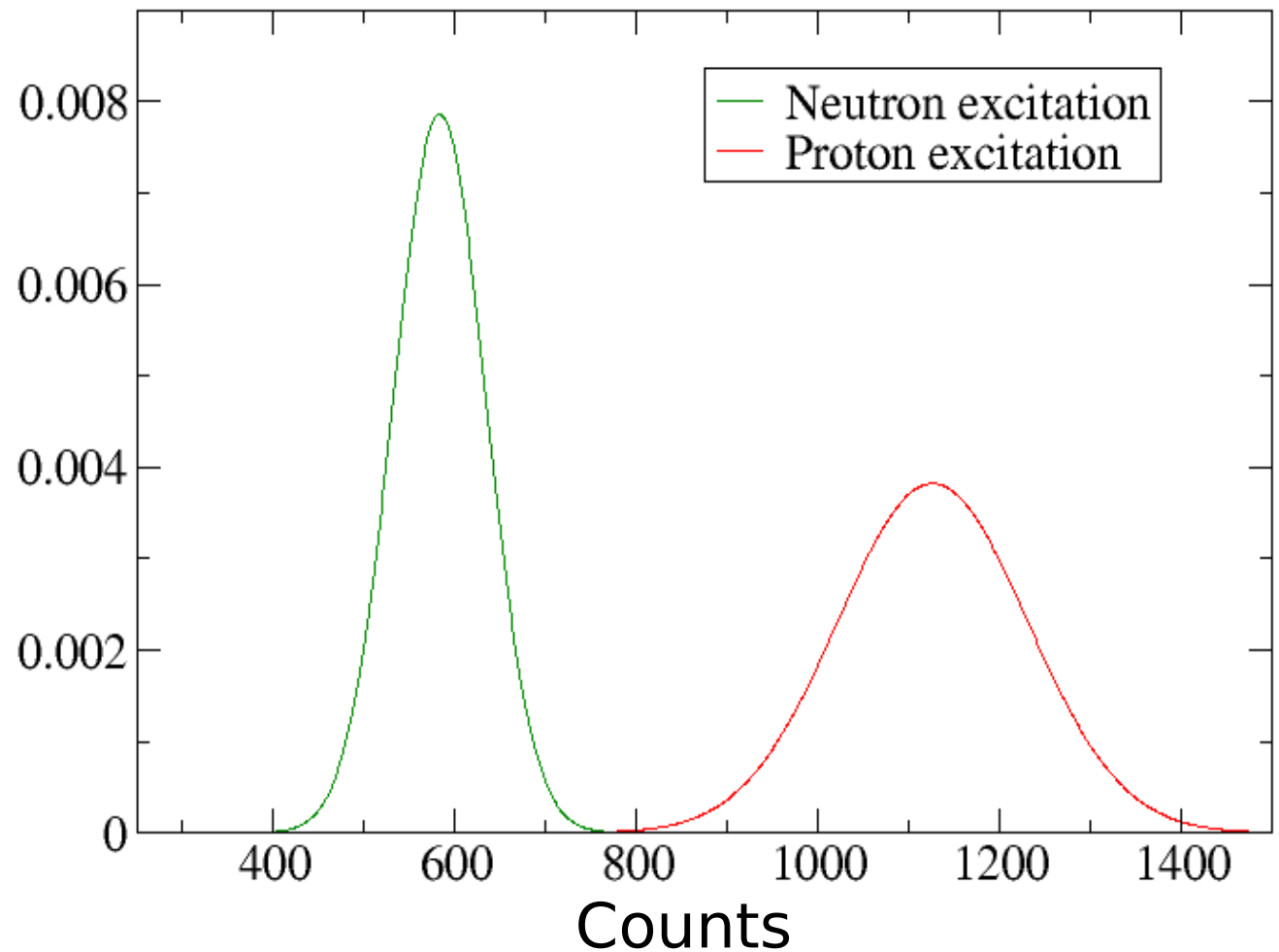
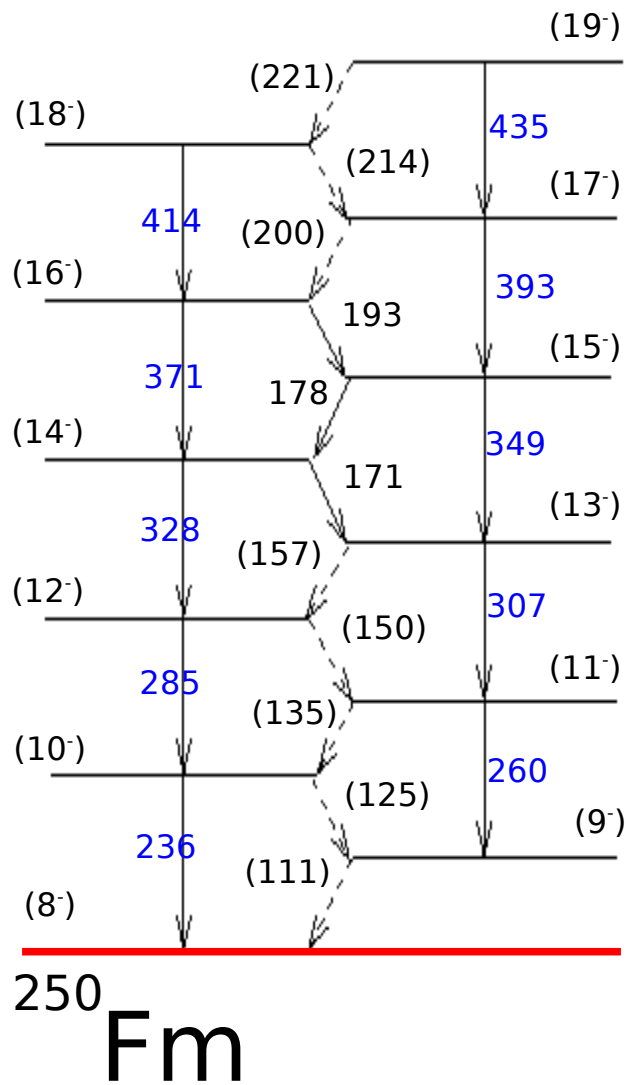
Expected X-ray Counts

- Consider all E2 transitions in rotational band
- Number of counts expected in range of K X-rays predicted for proton and neutron excitation



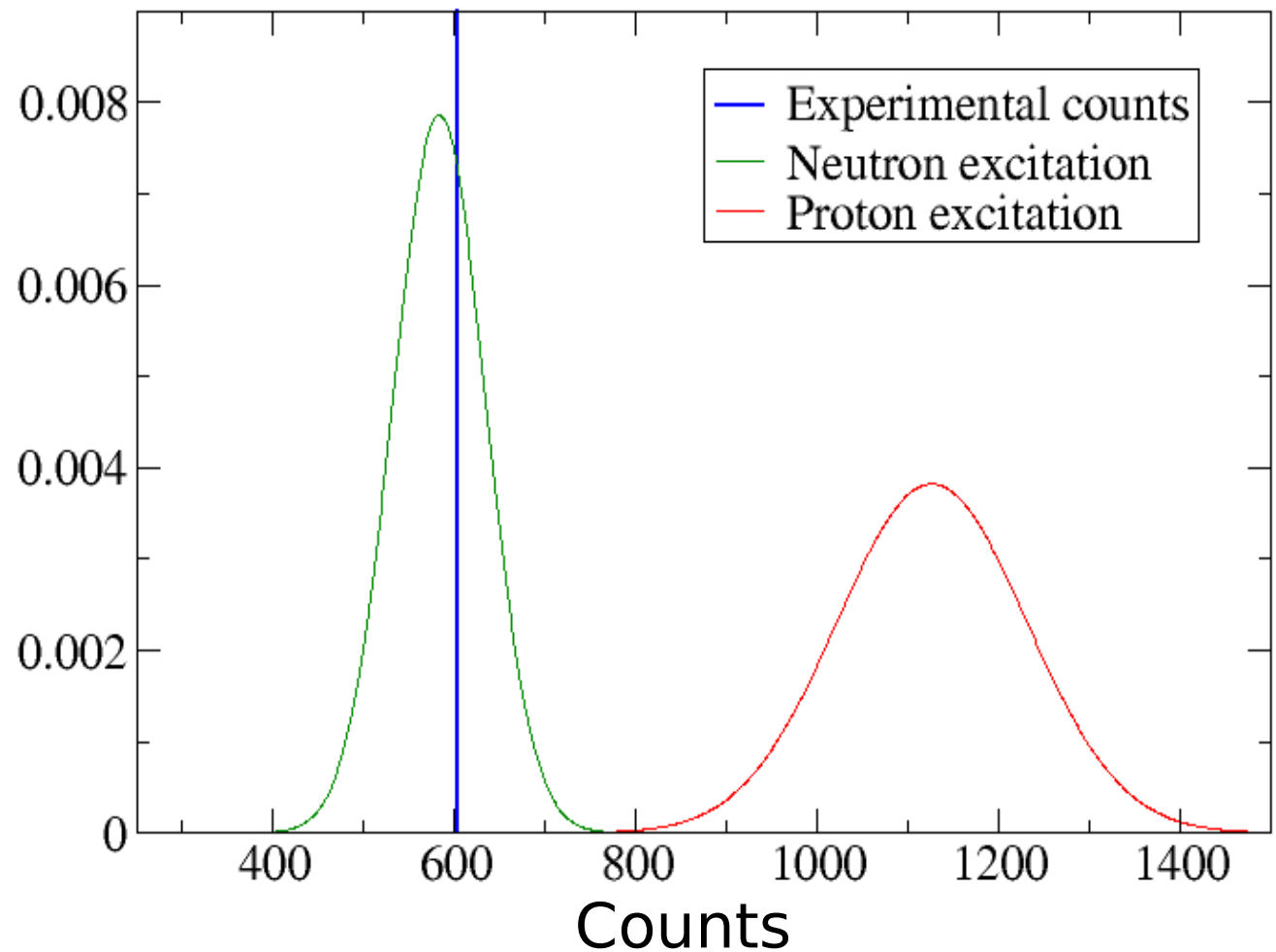
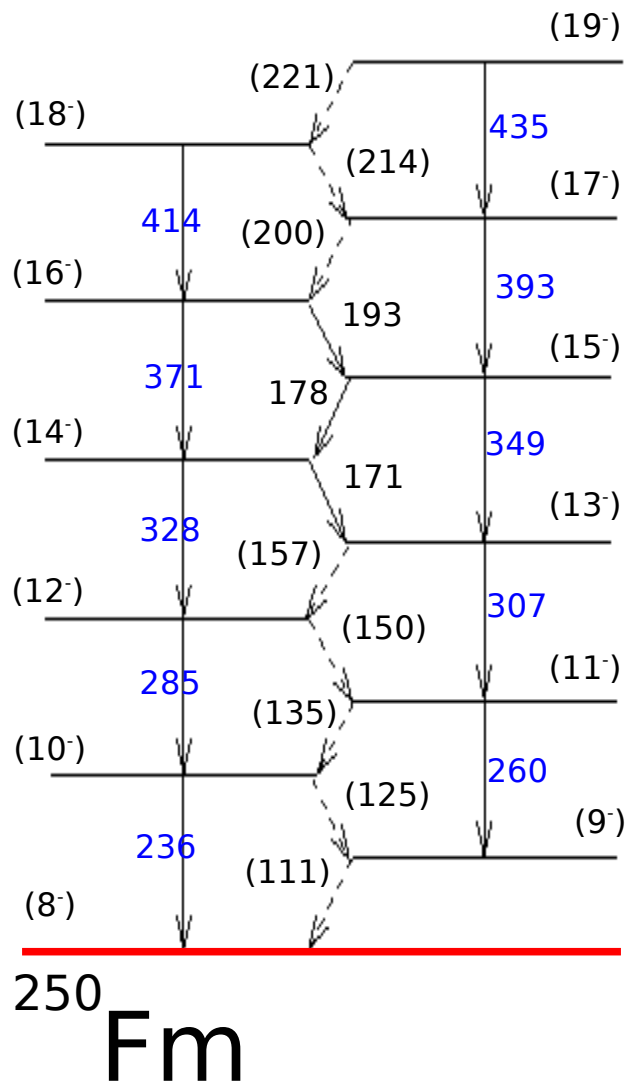
Expected X-ray Counts

- Consider all E2 transitions in rotational band
- Number of counts expected in range of K X-rays predicted for proton and neutron excitation



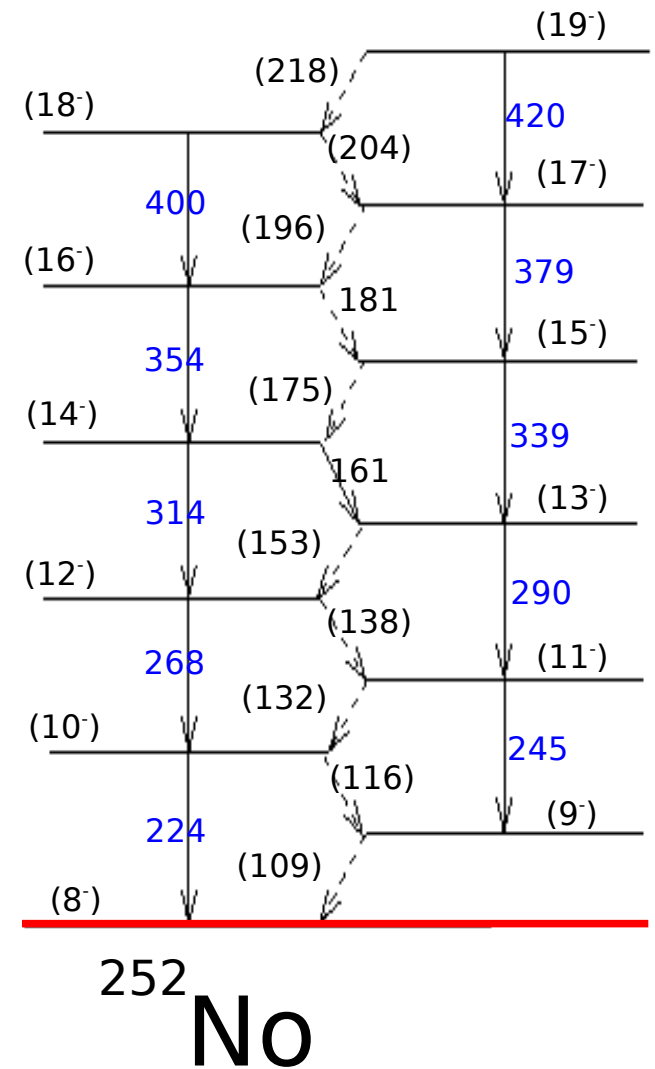
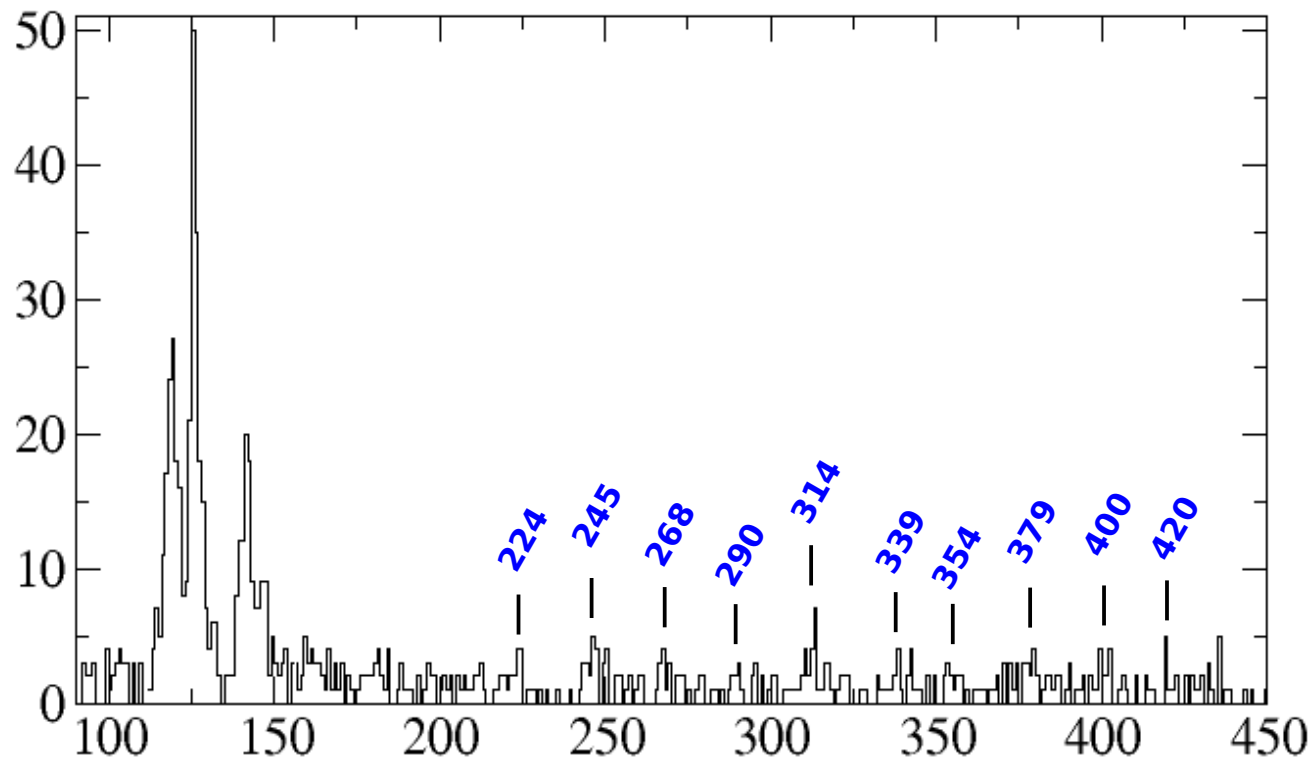
Expected X-ray Counts

- Experimental counts gives upper limit for X-rays from rotational band, neutron state assignment seen



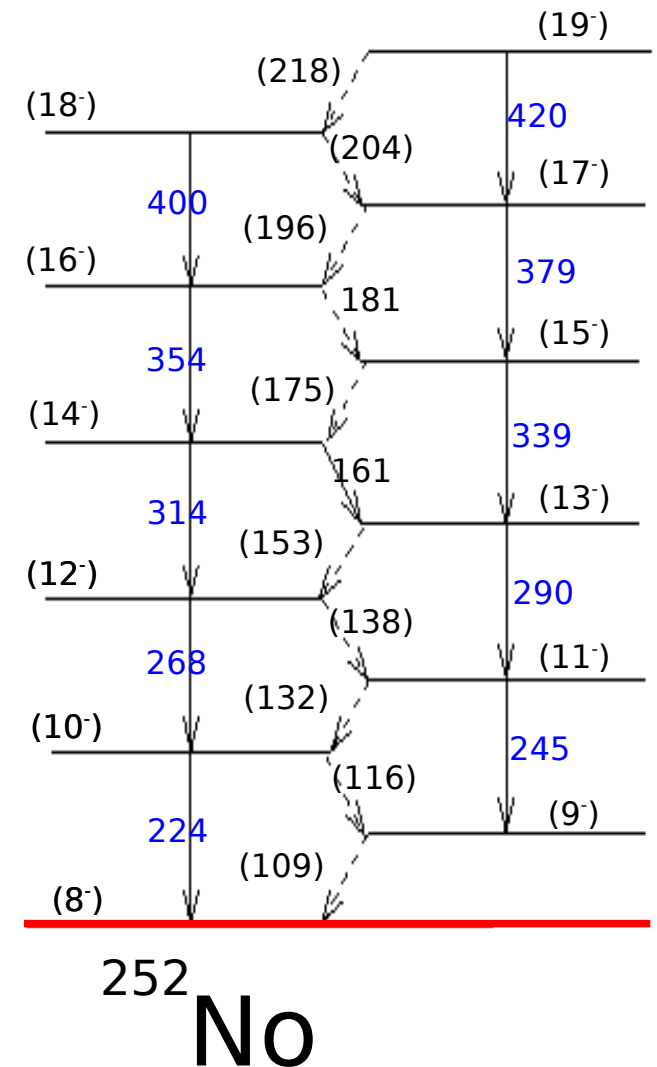
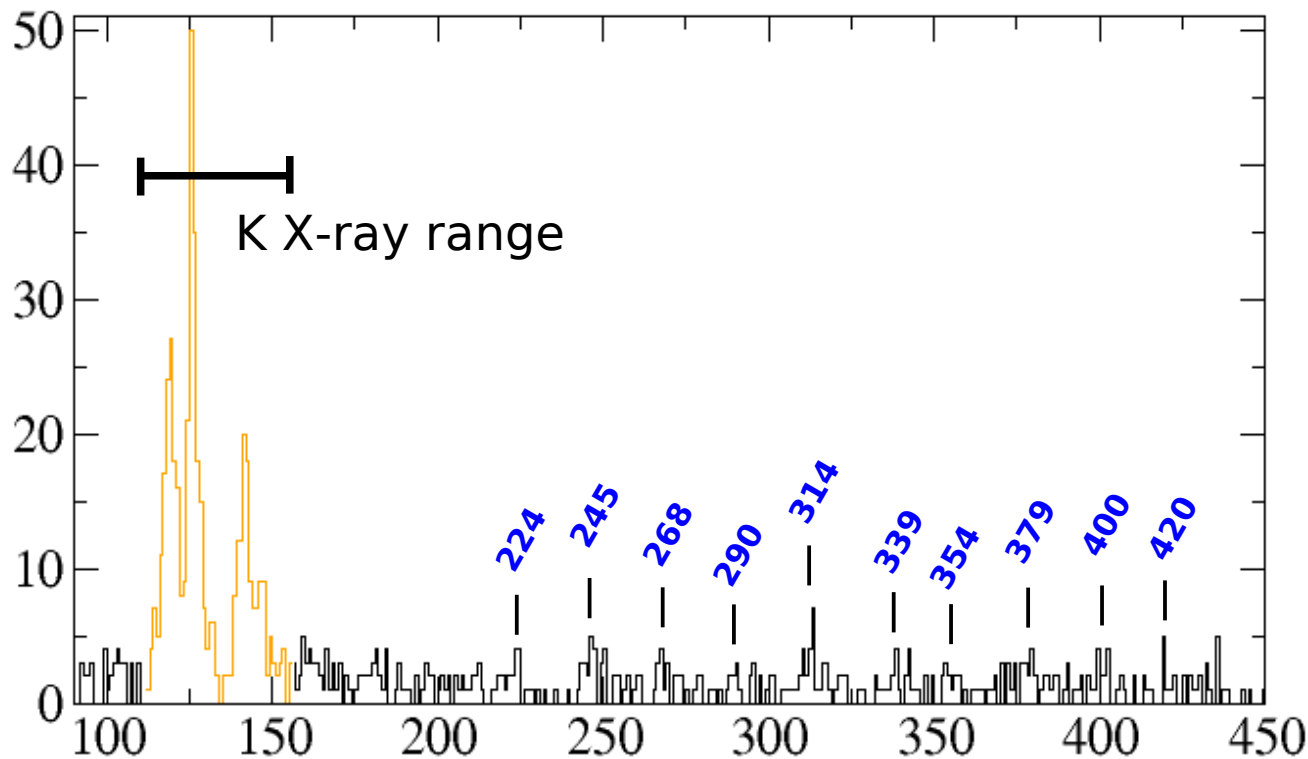
Expected X-ray Counts

- Apply to ^{252}No No cumulating statistics for all E2 transitions



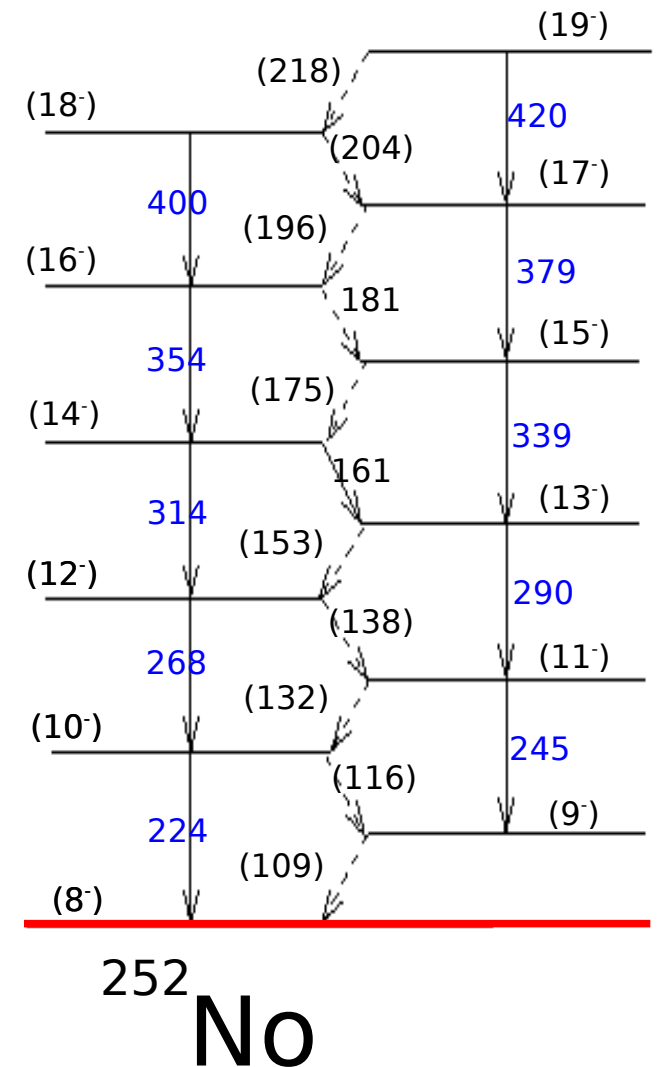
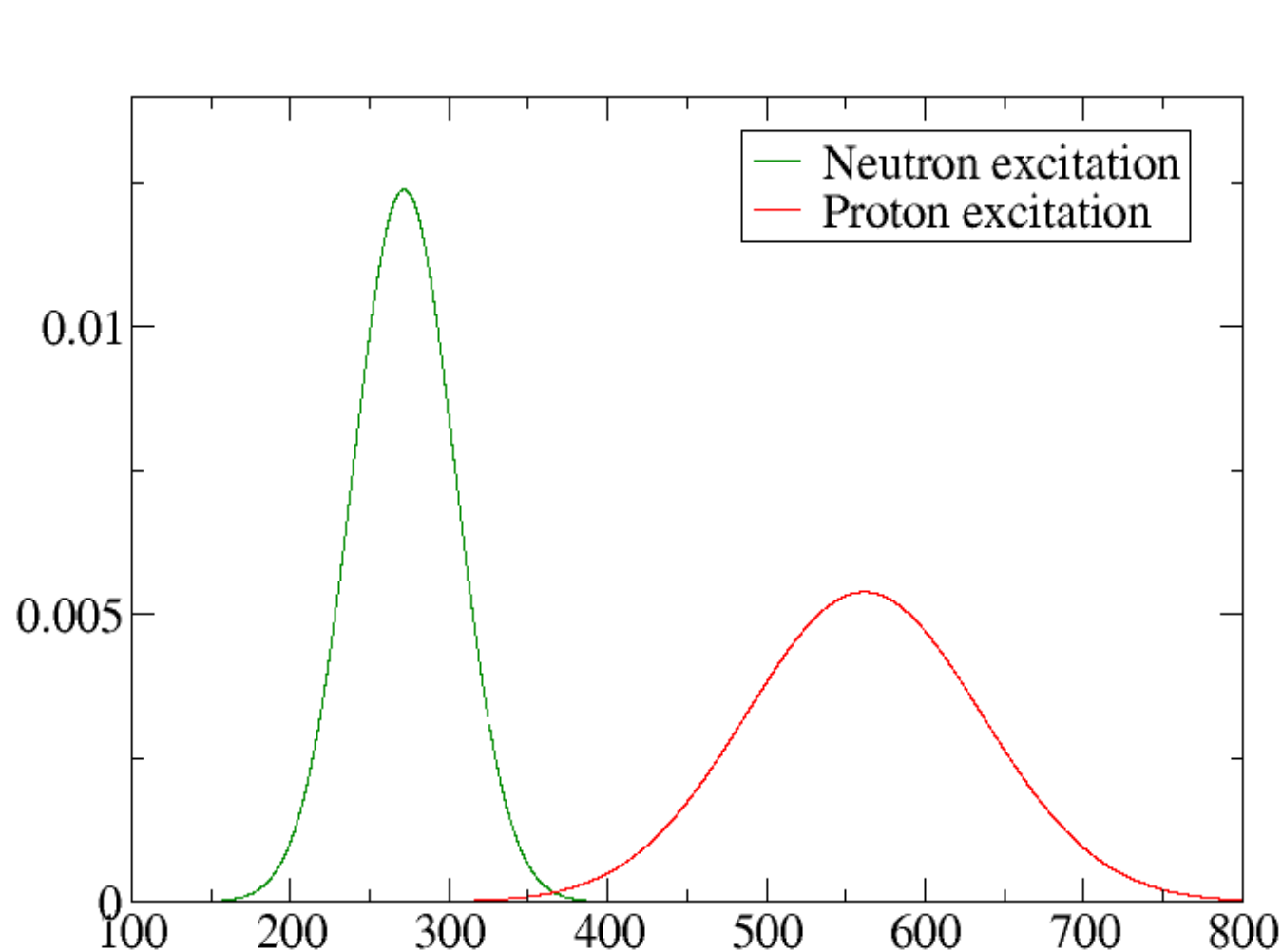
Expected X-ray Counts

- Apply to ^{252}No No cumulating statistics for all E2 transitions
- Expected counts found for proton and neutron states



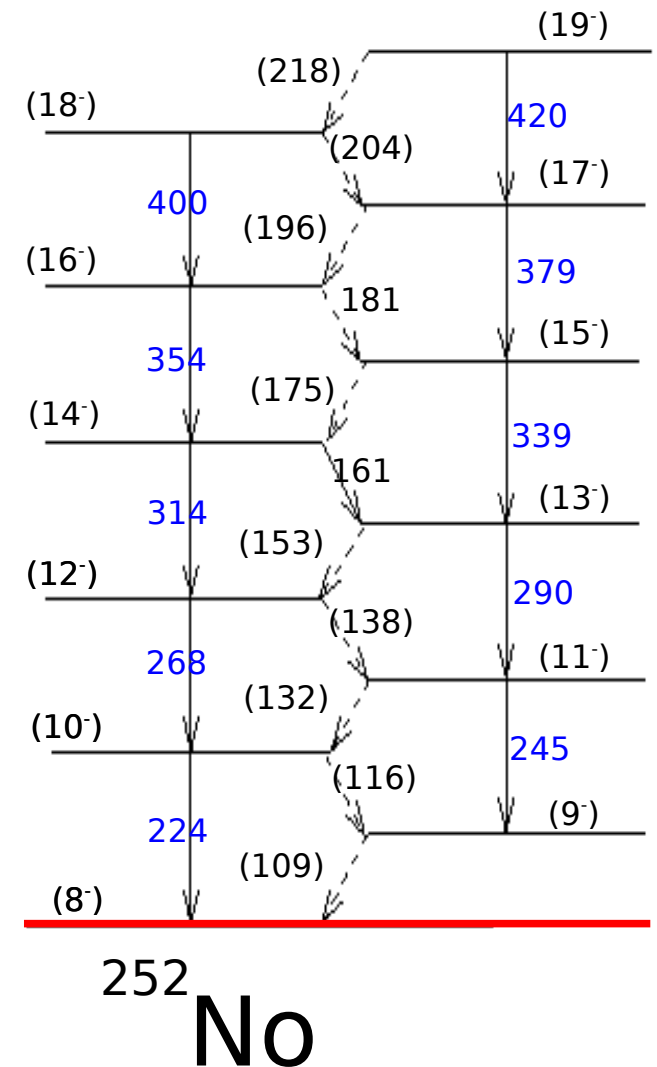
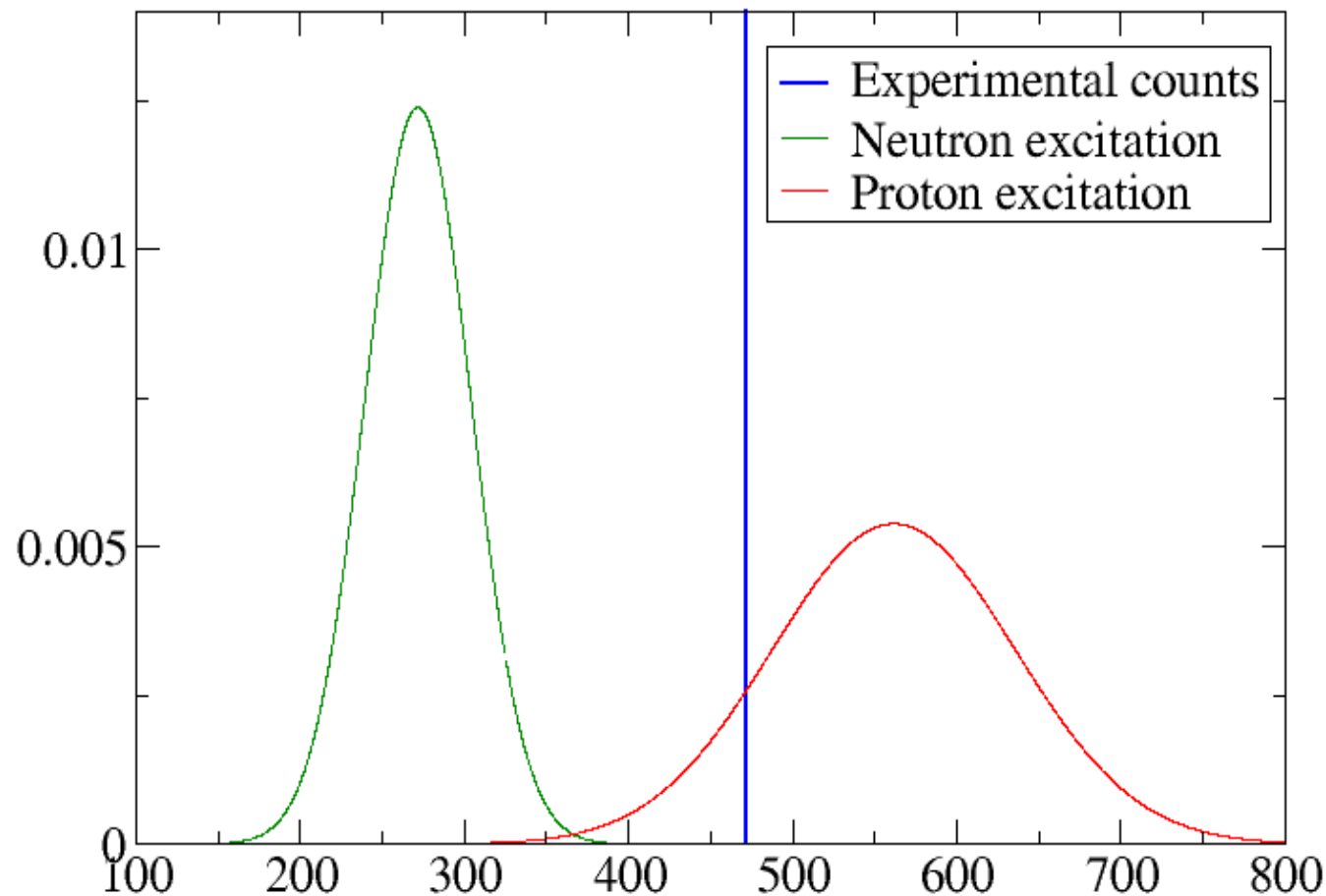
Expected X-ray Counts

- Apply to ^{252}No No cumulating statistics for all E2 transitions
- Expected counts found for proton and neutron states

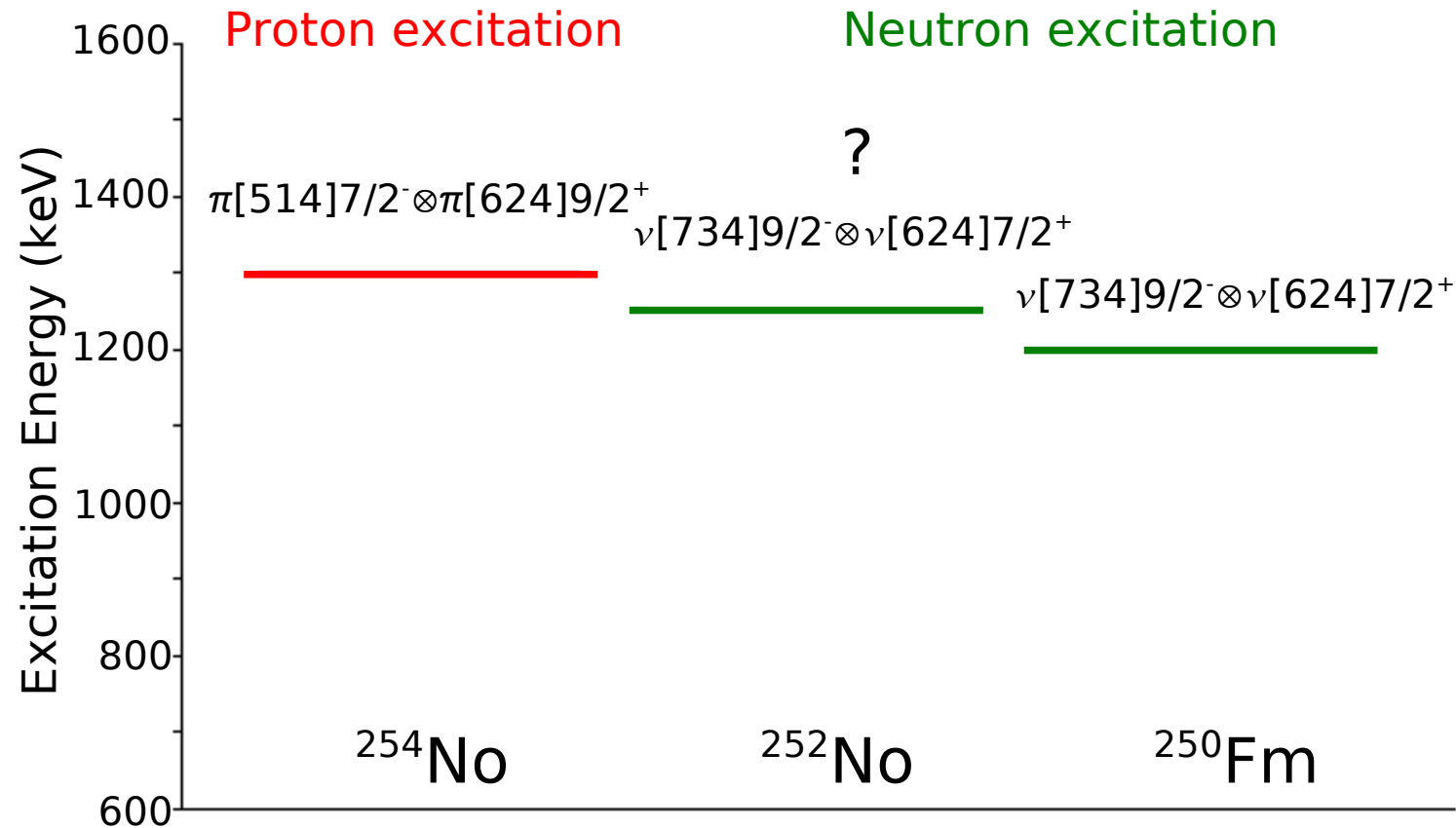


Expected X-ray Counts

- Upper limit this time inconclusive
- Indication of side band with highly converted transitions



K-Isomer particle states



- Indications for confirmation of predicted K isomer structures
- Possible evidence for more excited states in ^{252}No

Collaborators

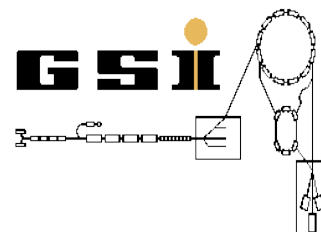
P.T. Greenlees, M. Leino, U. Jakobsson, P. Jones, R. Julin, S. Juutinen, S. Ketelhut, H. Kettunen, M. Nyman, P. Rahkila, J. Saren, C. Scholey, J. Sorri and J. Uusitalo
Department of Physics, University of Jyväskylä, Finland

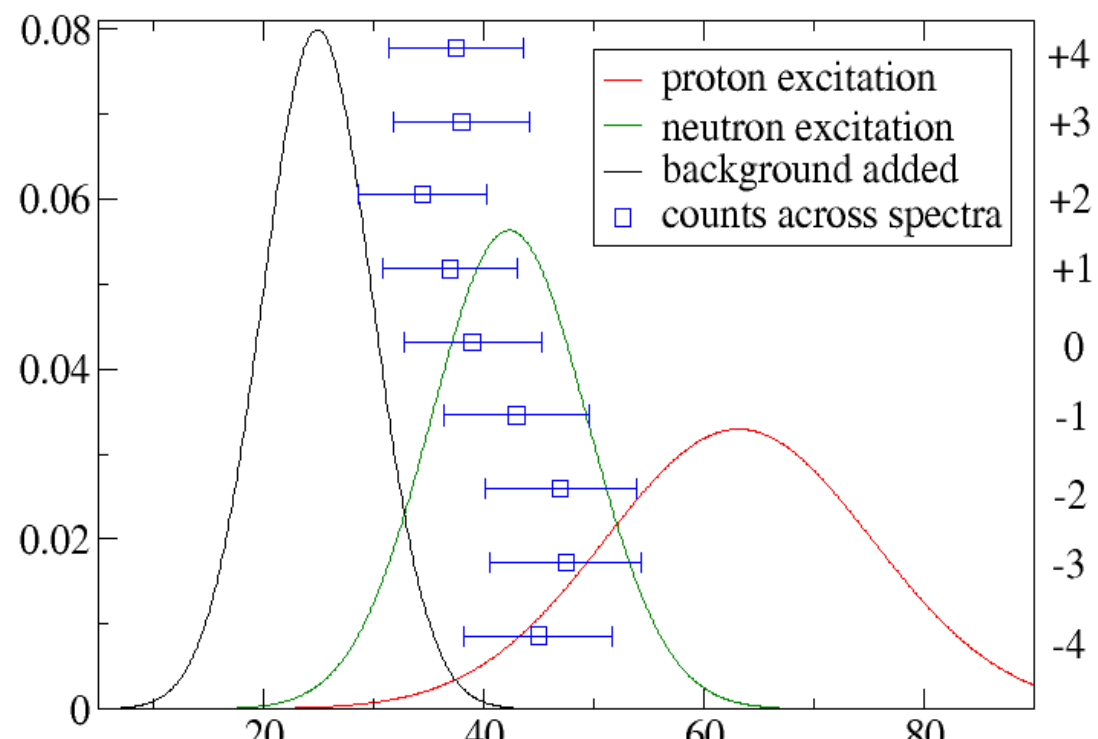
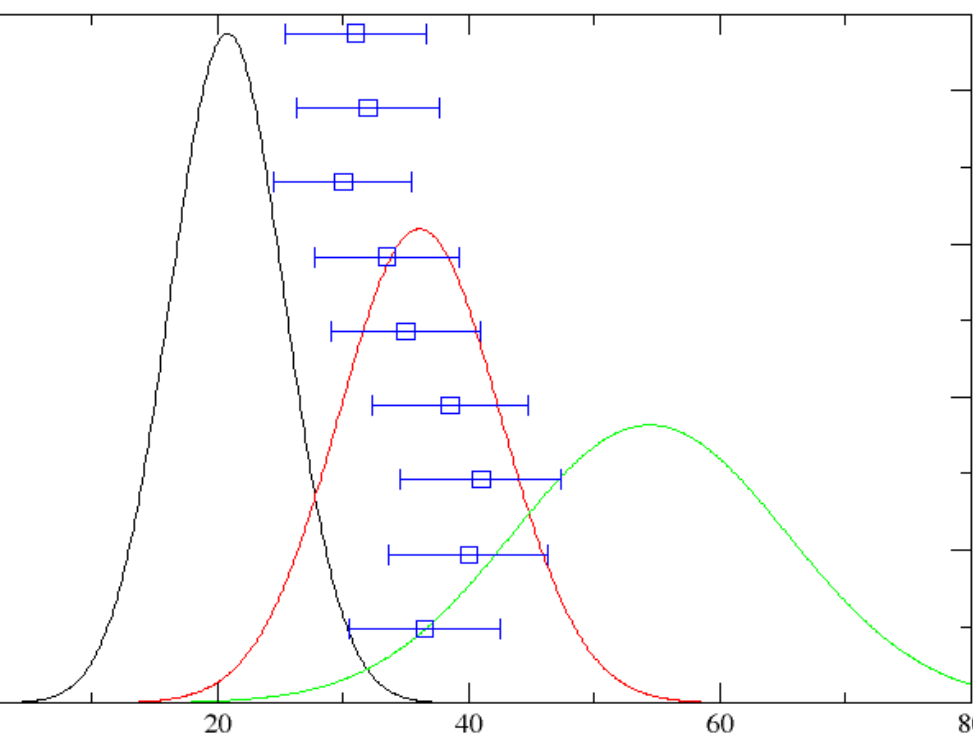
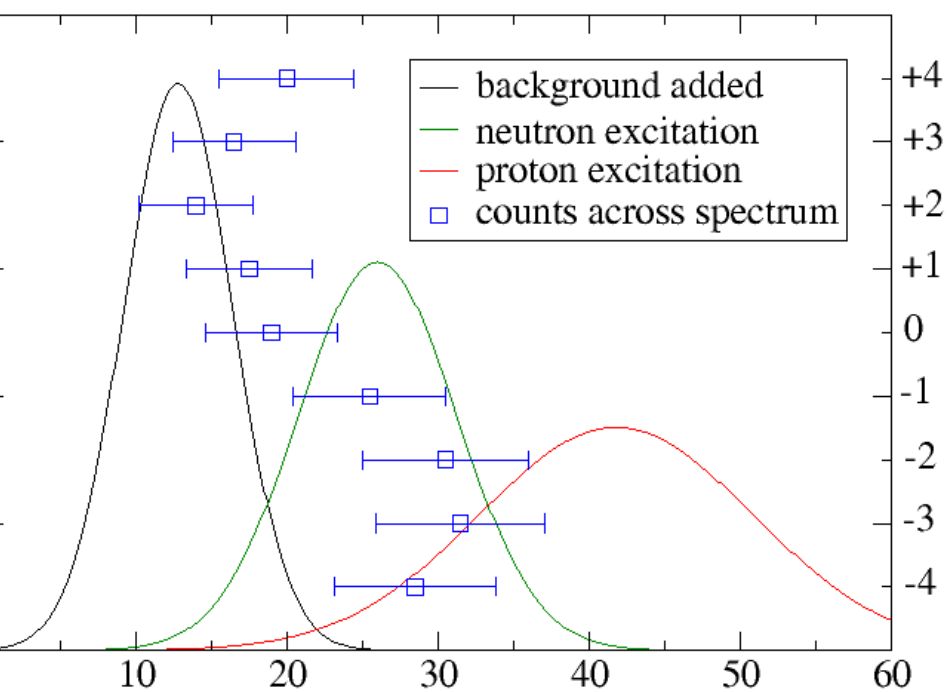
R.-D. Herzberg, P.A. Butler, J. Pakarinen, D. Rostron, P. Papadakis, E. Parr, L.-L. Andersson
Department of Physics, University of Liverpool

B. Sulignano, Ch. Theisen, A. Drouart, A. Görgen, W. Korten, J. Ljungvall, A. Obertelli and M. Zielińska
DAPNIA/SPhN CEA-Saclay, France

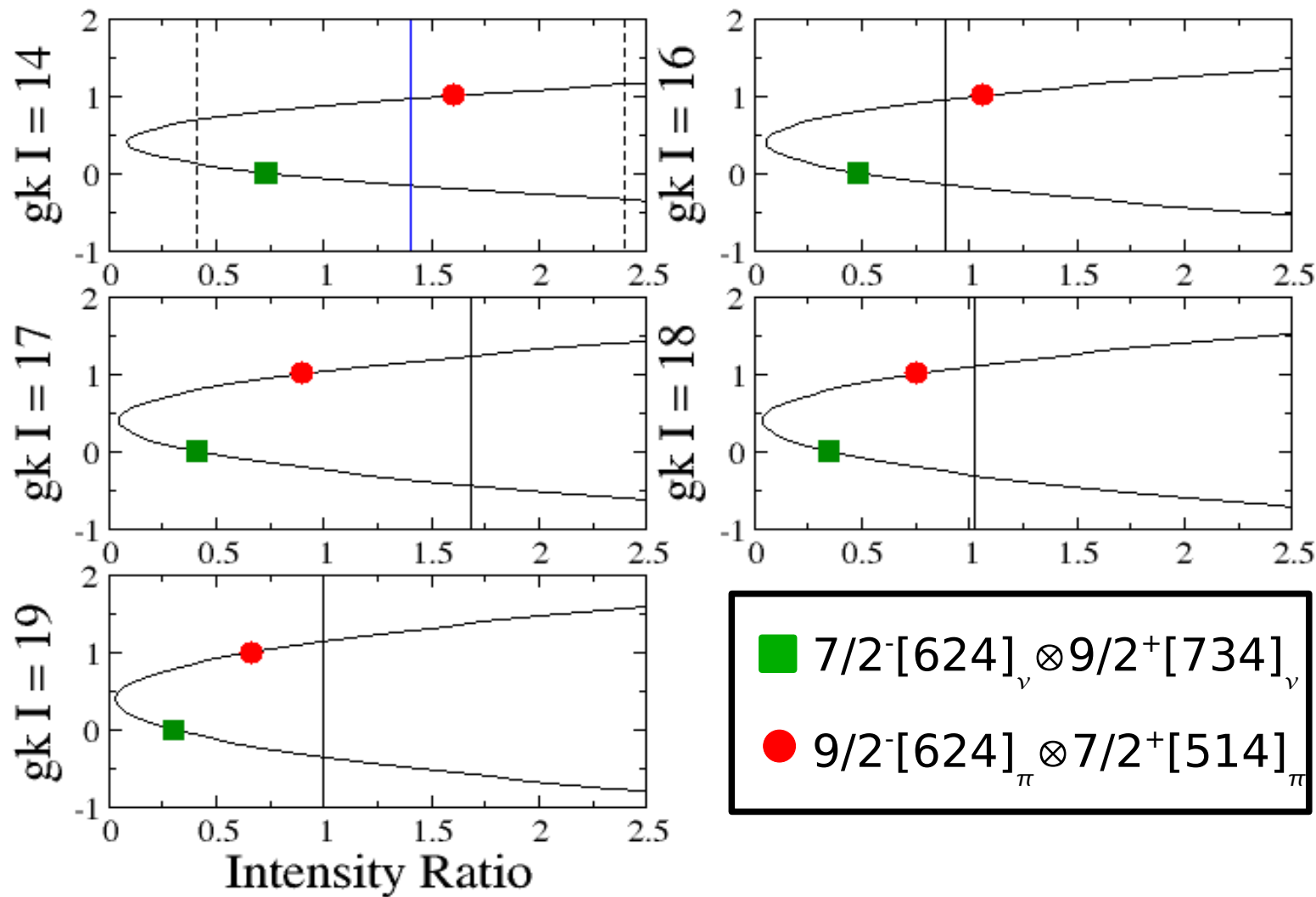
S. Hofmann, D. Ackermann, F.P. Heßberger, S. Heinz and J. Khuyagbataar
GSI, Darmstadt, Germany

M. Venhart, S. Antalic
Department of Nuclear Physics and Biophysics, Comenius University, Bratislava, Slovakia





Applied to ^{252}No 8⁻ K-Isomer



- Ratios are inconclusive for structure assignment