

The GAMMASPHERE+FATIMA proposal for ^{252}Cf fission fragment spectroscopy

S. Lalkovski



19 March 2015

Topics

Introduction
ANL proposal

UK in FAIR - the UKNUSTAR Project

Institutions



UNIVERSITY OF
BIRMINGHAM



University of Brighton



Science & Technology
Facilities Council



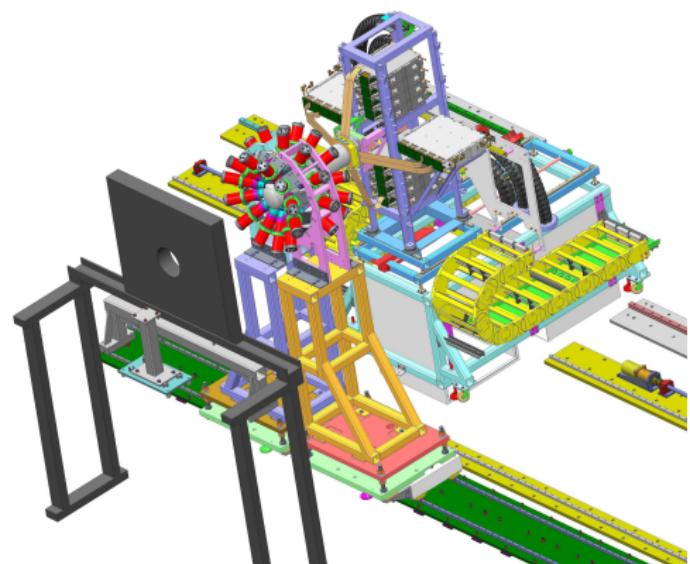
THE UNIVERSITY
of EDINBURGH



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of LIVERPOOL



THE UNIVERSITY
of York



Work Packages

- ▶ **R³B:** Si tracker
- ▶ **HISPEC:** LYCCA Large Stop detector
- ▶ **DESEPC:** FATIMA

UKDESPEC Status

Equipment

- ▶ **Detectors:** 36x 1.5in x 2in LaBr₃:Ce+ H10570
- ▶ **EDAQ:** VME-based:
Analogue timing: CFD (V812), TDC (V1290A)
digital energy: digitizers + DPP-PSD (V1751C),
VME-PSI optical bridge
- ▶ **Mechanical frame:** built in Daresbury; 378 kg;
detectors arranged in three rings - one ring at 4° and two at ±44°
- ▶ **Use:** RIKEN, Grenoble, NIPNE, Birmingham



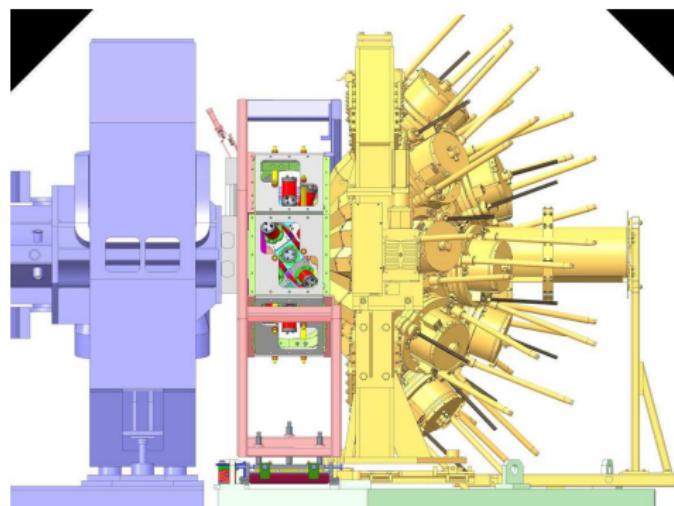
Planning

Remaining activities

- ▶ TDR (L.M.Fraile's talk)
- ▶ Commissioning

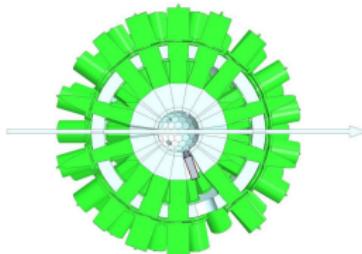
Possible sites

- ▶ JYFL (D.Cullen's talk)
- ▶ GANIL (P.John's experiment)
- ▶ Argonne



STFC Daresbury

ANL proposal



STFC Daresbury

Undertaken steps

- ▶ Discussions with ANL locals - ANL strategic plan
- ▶ Lol'14 - approved with highest priority
- ▶ Proposal - approved by the PAC 8-9 March
- ▶ ... further discussions on mechanical and EDAQ integration initiated

The proposal

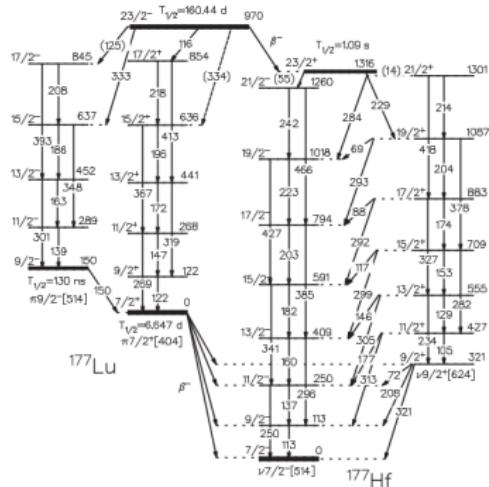
- ▶ **Aim:** To measure short half-lives in ^{252}Cf fission fragments
- ▶ **Equipment:** 74 GAMMASPHERE HPGe detectors
+ 36 LaBr₃:Ce detectors
- ▶ **Source:** $\approx 100 \mu\text{Ci}^{252}\text{Cf}$
- ▶ **Efficiency:** assumed 7%
O.Roberts et al., NIM**A748** (2014) 91
- ▶ **Statistics:** 1 month run
- ▶ **EDAQ:** analogue timing + digital energy
- ▶ **'Beam-time':** December'15 - January'16
- ▶ **Competitiveness:** complementary to CARIBU
complementary to the EXILL+FATIMA in the mass regions 105-115 and 145-160

GS source experiment



BRIEF REPORTS

PHYSICAL REVIEW C 85, 027304 (2012)



F.Kondev et al., PRC85 (2012) 027304



γ -ray coincidence and fast-timing measurements using LaBr₃(Ce) detectors and gammasphere^a

S.Zhu^{a,b}, F.G.Kondev^a, M.P.Carpenter^b, J.Ahmad^b, C.J.Ciura^{a,b}, J.P.Grense^a, G.Gordal^b, R.V.F.Janssens^c, S.Lalkovski^d, T.Lautzen^d, D.Serevetska^d

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S.Zhu et al., NIMA652 (2011) 231

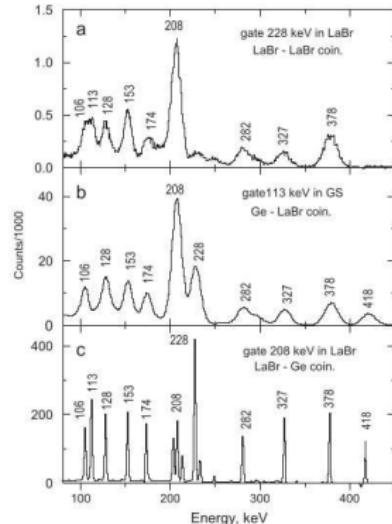
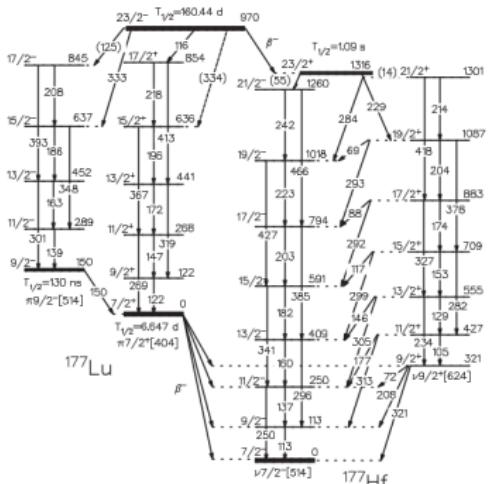


Fig. 3. γ -ray spectra measured for the LaBr and Ge detectors after requiring a coincidence with one of the transitions in the ^{177}Hf γ -ray cascade populated

GS source experiment



BRIEF REPORTS



F.Kondev *et al.*, PRC85 (2012) 027304



γ -ray coincidence and fast-timing measurements using LaBr₃(Ce) detectors and gammasphere¹⁰

S. Zhu^{a,*}, F.G. Kondev^a, M.P. Carpenter^a, I. Ahmad^a, C.J. Chiara^{a,b}, J.P. Greene^a, G. Gurdal^a,
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S.Zhu et al., NIMA652 (2011) 231

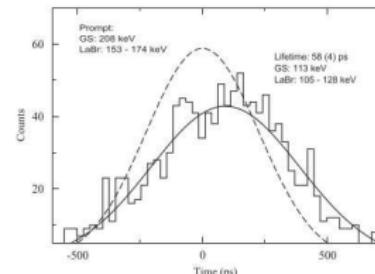
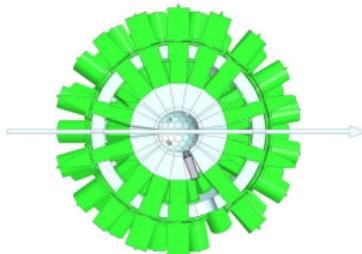


Fig. 5. Lifetime extracted from the TAC spectra using centroid shift method. The dotted line represents the prompt time distribution, while the solid line is a fit of the data points, see text for details.

ANL proposal



STFC Daresbury

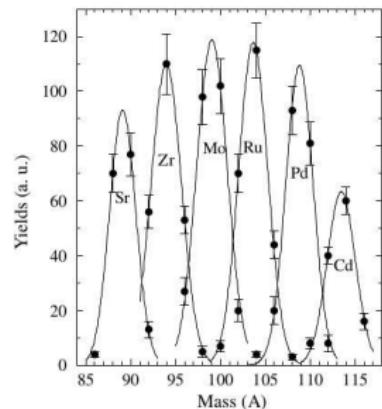
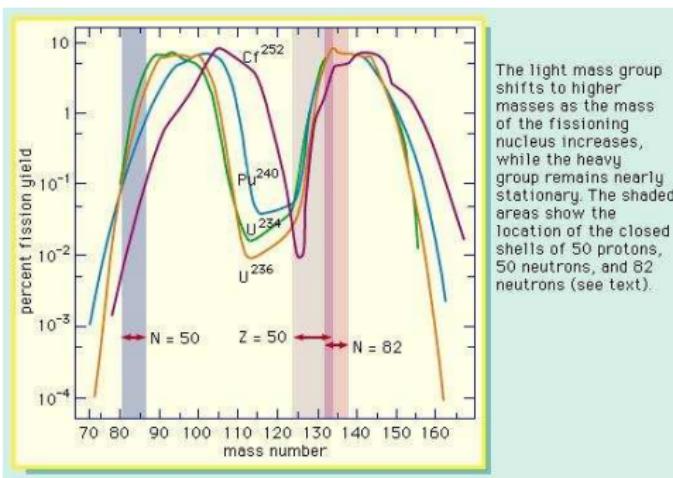
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Mass distribution

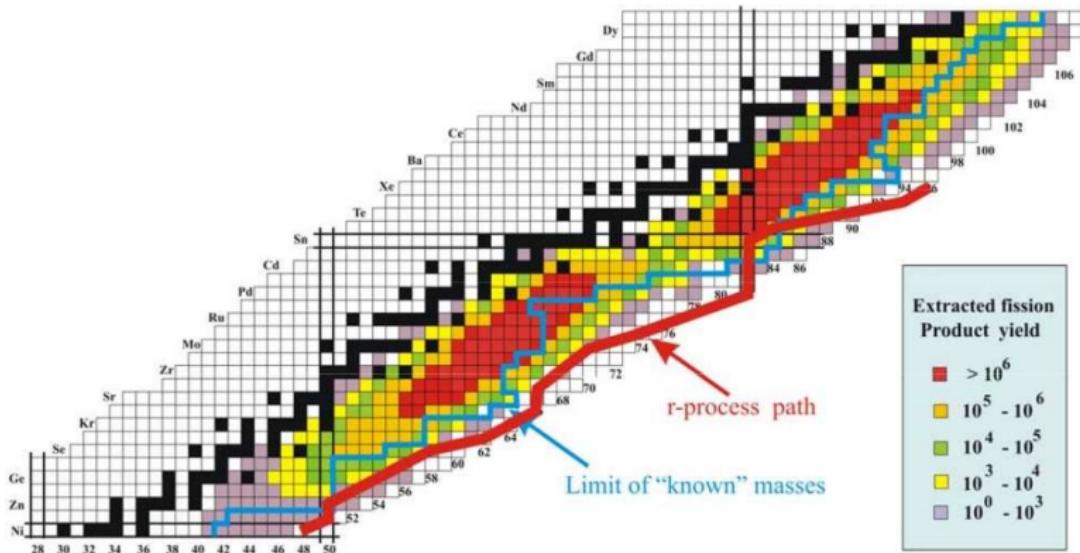


- ▶ The light mass peak of ^{252}Cf is shifted with respect to the ^{240}Pu and ^{236}U mass peaks
- ▶ The heavier peak yield is enhanced in 145-160 when comparing to the U and Pu n-induced fission

EPJA8 (2000) 177

Reaction: $^{28}\text{Si} + ^{176}\text{Yb} \rightarrow _{84}^{204}\text{Po}^* \rightarrow ^{104}\text{Ru} + ^{93,94}\text{Zr}$
Beam energy: 145 MeV

Mass distribution



Most exotic fragments

- ▶ Light peak: $^{104,106}\text{Zr}$, $^{108,110}\text{Mo}$, $^{112,114}\text{Ru}$, $^{116,118}\text{Pd}$
- ▶ Heavy peak: $^{156,158,160}\text{Sm}$, $^{162,164}\text{Gd}$ (Matthias' talk)

Yields

Table 1: Yield of selected exotic nuclei produced from the ^{252}Cf SF Decay and estimated statistics for timing measurements. The Yields are from [ER]. Details on the estimates for the quadrupole coincidences are given in the text. The level energy, spin/parity and half-life data is from NNDC [ndc]. The colour scheme is the same as in Fig.2. All half-lives, denoted as unknown are expected to be in the range 10 ps to 2 ns.

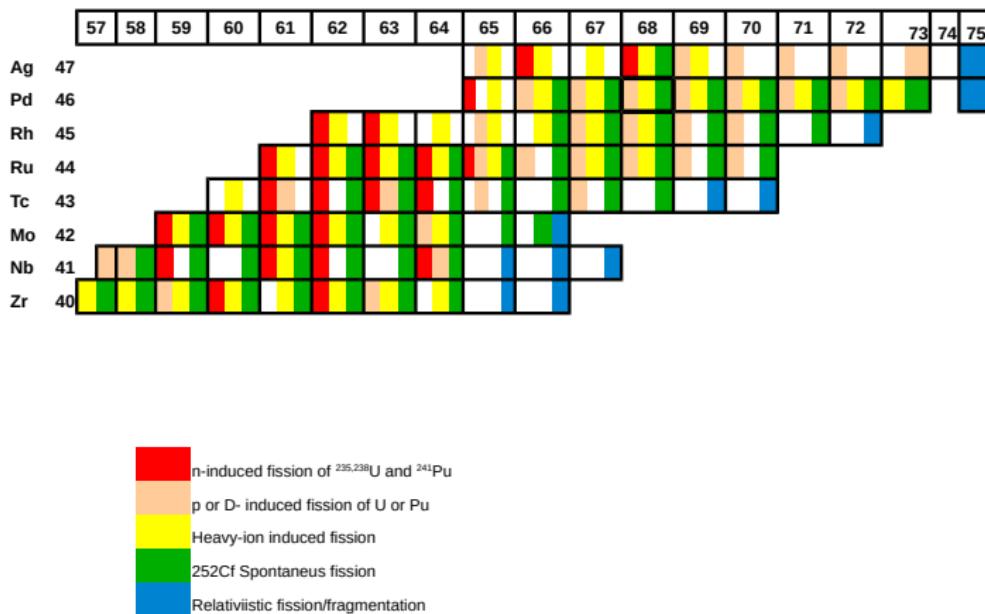
Nucleus	Yield (nuclei/sec) per 100 SF decays	Quad. Coinc/ Month	Level spin	Level energy (keV)	Half-life (ns)
^{104}Zr	0.226	25,745	2_1^+	139	2.0(3)
^{106}Zr	0.006	684	2_1^+	152	unknown
^{108}Mo	0.677	77,122	2_1^+	193	0.5(3)
^{110}Mo	0.0231	2,631	2_1^+	213	unknown
^{112}Ru	0.962	109,588	2_1^+	236	0.32(3)
^{114}Ru	0.0192	2,187	2_1^+ 2_2^+	265 563	unknown unknown
^{116}Pd	0.841	95,804	2_1^+ 2_2^+	340 738	0.11(3) unknown
^{118}Pd	0.127	14,467	2_1^+ 2_2^+	379 812	unknown unknown
^{156}Sm	0.667	75,983	2_1^+	76	>2
^{158}Sm	0.316	35,998	2_1^+	78	unknown
^{160}Sm	0.0907	10,332	2_1^+	71	unknown
^{162}Gd	0.120	13,670	2_1^+	73	unknown
^{164}Gd	0.0294	3,349	2_1^+	73	unknown

Physics cases

- ▶ deformation in Zr
... but also in Sm and Gd
- ▶ shape phase transition in Mo
- ▶ triaxiality in Ru
- ▶ γ -instability in Pd

Segre chart - fission yields

Sheet1



Sub-nanosecond lifetime measurement with ^{252}Cf source and a hybrid Gammasphere

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